PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

OF THE

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

FOR THE

Fiscal Year Ended March 31

1997

VOLUME 2 - AGENCIES AND FUNDS

PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE LEGISLATURE



HALIFAX, N.S. 1997

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AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Governors and Members of the Art Gallery of Nova Scotia

We have audited the financial statements of the Art Gallery of Nova Scotia consisting of the following:

Art Gallery of Nova Scotia - Combined Balance Sheet as at March 31, 1997

Gallery and Gallery Shop - Balance Sheet as at March 31, 1997

Gallery - Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Surplus for the year ended

March 31, 1997

Gallery Shop - Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Surplus for the year ended

March 31, 1997

Endowment Fund - Balance Sheet as at March 31, 1997

- Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Surplus for the year ended

March 31, 1997

Acquisition Fund - Balance Sheet as at March 31, 1997

- Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Deficit for the year ended

March 31, 1997

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Gallery's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In common with many charitable organizations, the Art Gallery of Nova Scotia derives revenues from donation receipts, special events, corporate campaigns, admissions and other income, the completeness of which is not susceptible of conclusive audit verification. Accordingly, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments for unrecorded revenues might be necessary to revenue, excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures for the year or surplus (deficit).

In our opinion, except for the effect of any adjustments which might have been required had we been able to satisfy ourselves with respect to the revenue described in the preceding paragraph, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Art Gallery of Nova Scotia as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

ERNST & YOUNG
Chartered Accountants

ART GALLERY OF NOVA SCOTIA

Combined Balance Sheet

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS		1997	1996
Current			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	285,929 \$	28,922
Accounts receivable		154,438	31,667
Inventory		107,369	33,072
Prepaid expenses	_		1,168
		547,736	94,829
Investments (Market value - \$2,189,784; 1996 - \$2,125,625)		1,694,969	1,827,655
	\$	2,242,705 \$	1,922,484

LIABILITIES AND SURPLUS

Current

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 155,728 \$	70,644
Deferred revenue	18,000	24,306
	173,728	94,950
Surplus - Gallery	5,861	5,359
Surplus - Gallery Shop	49,543	4,989
Surplus - Endowment Fund	2,019,280	1,861,401
Deficit - Acquisition Fund	(5,707)	(44,215)
	2,068,977	1,827,534
	\$ <u>2,242,705</u> \$	1,922,484

ART GALLERY OF NOVA SCOTIA

Gallery and Gallery Shop

Balance Sheet

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS		1997	1996
Current			
Cash	\$	\$	5,370
Accounts receivable		124,438	31,667
Due from Endowment and Acquisition Funds		40,623	45,623
Inventory		92,592	17,349
	\$_	257,653	100,009

LIABILITIES AND SURPLUS

Current

our one		
Bank indebtedness	32,306 \$	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	151,943	65,355
Deferred revenue	18,000	24,306
	202,249	89,661
Surplus - Gallery	5,861	5,359
Surplus - Gallery Shop	49,543	4,989
	55,404	10,348
\$	257,653 \$	100,009

ART GALLERY OF NOVA SCOTIA

Gallery

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Surplus

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenue		
Province of Nova Scotia (Note 2)		
- Operating	1,204,000 \$	1,204,000
Sponsorships	222,991	112,660
Special grants (Note 2)	111,309	60,759
Donations		
- Arts appeal	39,252	39,380
- Other	52,012	600
Contribution from Endowment Fund	75,000	
Special events	66,818	50,757
Other income	35,238	42,728
Membership	27,922	31,535
Corporate campaign	24,241	21,141
Admission	24,000	19,576
Public Education Programs	21,717	19,110
Interest	11,444	23,405
Building fund	6,000	7,500
	1,921,944	1,633,151
Expenditures (Schedule)		
Salaries and benefits	659,437	638,319
Program development	516,395	297,013
Building operations	495,087	512,489
Administration	145,809	130,389
Technology/capital purchases	75,951	17,100
Printing and publications	18,799	28,731
Miscellaneous	9,964	8,208
	1,921,442	1,632,249
Excess of revenue over expenditures for the year	502	902
Surplus, beginning of year	5,359	4,457
Surplus, end of year\$_	5,861	5,359

ART GALLERY OF NOVA SCOTIA

Gallery

Schedule of Expenditures

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Salaries and Benefits		
Salaries and employee benefits	659,437 \$	638,319
Program Development		
Programs	292,554	185,895
Maud Lewis event	133,047	35,329
Development/Public relations	75,168	59,651
Workshop supplies	7,899	8,346
Vehicle	4,594	4,170
Collections management and gallery services	2,151	1,306
Conservation lab	982	2,316
_	516,395	297,013
Building Operations		
Utilities	181,606	192,632
Security	125,959	118,341
Climate control	93,048	92,298
Building maintenance and cleaning	38,407	45,793
Insurance	34,795	34,817
Building repairs	16,960	20,482
Elevator maintenance.	4,312	8,126
	495,087	512,489
Administration		
Stationery and postage	46,203	42,967
Telephone	26,368	26,661
Travel	25,070	26,061
Yarmouth Branch Gallery	17,207	20,001
Equipment rental	7,900	5,700
Professional fees	7,260	9,450
Receptions.	4,349	6,870
Memberships	4,162	4,709
Administration promotional	3,256	2,064
Delivery administration	2,048	1,491
Equipment maintenance	1,986	4,386
Staff development		30
	145,809	130,389
_	173,007	130,307

ART GALLERY OF NOVA SCOTIA

Gallery

Schedule of Expenditures (Cont'd)

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Technology/Capital Purchases		
Technology/capital purchases	75,951	17,100
Printing and Publication		
Printing and publication	17,128	27,831
Photography	1,671	900
	18,799	28,731
Miscellaneous		
Miscellaneous	6.873	4,946
Bank charges	3.091	3,262
Zum changes	9.964	8,208
Total Expenditures		

ART GALLERY OF NOVA SCOTIA

Gallery Shop

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Surplus

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997		1996
Revenue			
Art and craft sales	142,241	\$ 3	34,859
Art and craft sales on consignment	62,916	4	16,364
Books, notes and posters	 19,352	1	17,225
	224,509	Ç	98,448
Cost of sales	102,231	4	6,747
Gross profit	122,278		11,701
Expenditures Salaries and employee benefits. Office and administration. Members' discount.	54,588 8,765 4,371 67,724	1	86,793 12,426 4,221 53,440
Excess (deficiency) of gross profit over expenditures			
for the year	54,554	(1	11,739)
Surplus, beginning of year	4,989	1	6,728
Contribution to Acquisition Fund (Maud Lewis House)	 (10,000)		
Surplus, end of year	 49,543	\$	4,989

ART GALLERY OF NOVA SCOTIA

Endowment Fund

Balance Sheet

as at March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents\$	309,175 \$	19,121
Prepaid expenses		1,168
Due from acquisition fund	16,200	16,200
	325,375	36,489
Investment (market value - \$2,189,784; 1996- \$2,125,625)	1,694,969	1,827,655
\$	\$	1,864,144

LIABILITIES AND SURPLUS

Current	Cı	ırr	eı	nt
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Accounts payable	\$	1,064 5	\$ 2,743
Due to Gallery	_		
		1,064	2,743
Restricted surplus, Phase II expansion		300,222	
Unrestricted surplus	_	1,719,058	1,861,401
		2,019,280	1,861,401
	\$	2,020,344	\$ 1,864,144

ART GALLERY OF NOVA SCOTIA

Endowment Fund

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Surplus

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenue		
Phase II expansion	305,000	\$
Investment income	45,191	20,206
Life memberships	12,000	30,000
Gallery endowments	3,811	125,000
Marguerite Zwicker bequest		9,939
Other donations		3,125
	366,002	188,270
Expenditures		
Salaries	38,000	38,000
Rent	12,000	11,278
Life membership servicing	11,341	10,054
Administration	6,107	19,877
Phase II expansion	4,778	
Receptions	3,459	3,528
Promotion and public relations	2,567	2,763
Trustee fees	2,336	17,316
Gallery Endowment expenses	1,325	14,988
Printing and postage	643	867
Miscellaneous	567	19
Loss on sale of securities		6,817
	83,123	125,507
Excess of revenue over expenditures for the year	282,879	62,763
Surplus, beginning of year	1,861,401	1,868,638
	2,144,280	1,931,401
Contribution to Gallery	(75,000)	
Contribution to Acquisition Fund.	(50,000)	(70,000)
Restricted surplus, Phase II expansion	(300,222)	
Unrestricted surplus, end of year\$	1,719,058	\$1,861,401

ART GALLERY OF NOVA SCOTIA

Acquisition Fund

Balance Sheet

as at March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash	\$ 9,060 \$	4,431
Accounts receivable	30,000	
Inventory	14,777	15,723
Due from Gallery Shop	 10,000	
	\$ 63,837 \$	20,154

LIABILITIES AND DEFICIT

Current		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,721 \$	2,546
Due to Gallery and Endowment Funds	 66,823	61,823
	69,544	64,369
Deficit	(5.707)	(44.215)

\$ 63,837 \$ 20,154

ART GALLERY OF NOVA SCOTIA

Acquisition Fund

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Deficit

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenue		
Donations:		
Art Sales and Rental Society \$	14,000 \$	6,700
Bequest	10,000	
Volunteer committee	8,000	20,000
Other	22,801	17,041
Contribution from Endowment fund	50,000	70,000
Maud Lewis House	34,389	
Sculpture project grant	30,000	40,000
Evan Petley-Jones Fund	13,005	
Contribution from Gallery Shop	10,000	
Arts Appeal	2,930	1,350
John Poad Drake project	1,454	68,900
NSCAD archive project	1,000	
Interest	649	962
Miscellaneous income		1,964
	198,228	226,917
Expenditures		
Acquisitions	111,917	120,733
Maud Lewis House	25,607	36
Appraisal and professional fees	8,978	4,001
Insurance	5,000	5,000
Promotion	3,054	5,672
Shipping	2,327	1,994
Administration	1,128	12,970
Ceramics Gallery	786	752
Miscellaneous	410	1,898
John Poad Drake expense	336	6,783
Bank charges	107	306
Sculpture competition	70	86,771
	159,720	246,916
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures for the year	38,508	(19,999)
Deficit, beginning of year	(44,215)	(24,216)
Deficit, end of year	(5,707) \$	(44,215)

ART GALLERY OF NOVA SCOTIA

Gallery, Gallery Shop, Endowment Fund, Acquisition Fund

Notes to Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 1997

1. Significant Accounting Policies

These financial management with statements have been prepared by in accordance accepted accounting principles within reasonable limits materiality of and within the framework of the accounting policies summarized below:

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost, determined on a first-in, first-out basis, and net realized value.

Investments

Investments are recorded at cost. Income is recognized on the settlement date.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from donations is recognized when received. All other revenue, with the exception of investment income, is recognized on the accrual basis of accounting.

Acquisitions

Acquisitions of works of art, including donated works, become the property of the Province of Nova Scotia. Accordingly, acquisitions paid for by the Art Gallery of Nova Scotia are expensed in the year acquired. Acquisitions expensed in the current year amounted to \$111,917 (1996 - \$120,733).

2. Government Assistance

During the year the Art Gallery of Nova Scotia recognized revenue from provincial government grants from the Nova Scotia Department of Education and Culture in the amount of \$1,204,000 (1996 - \$1,204,000) and federal government and other grants as follows:

	1997	1996
Federal Department of Canadian Heritage	70,509	\$ 44,459
Halifax Regional Municipality	25,000	
The Canada Council	15,000	16,300
Nova Scotia College of Art & Design	800	
\$	111,309	\$ 60,759

3. Endowment Fund

Endowment Fund donations and bequests are allocated to the Endowment Fund together with investment income thereon. The income of the fund, or a portion thereof as determined by the Board of Governors, after a balance of \$500,000 has been accumulated shall be available for the purpose of:

- a) the acquisition of artworks for the permanent collection;
- b) the expansion of exhibition and art education programs; and
- c) other special projects.

The funds which will be placed in the Endowment Fund will be:

- a) donations designated as such by the donor;
- b) special types of donations which are stipulated to go to the Fund, such as Life Member's fees; and
- c) any funds specifically designated by the Board of Governors.

Expenses relating to the activities of the Endowment Fund will be charged to the Endowment Fund.

4. Income Tax

The Art Gallery of Nova Scotia is an incorporated agency of the Province of Nova Scotia and accordingly is exempt from income tax.

5. Comparative Amounts

Certain of the comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the presentation adopted in the current year.

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholder of Check Inns Limited

We have audited the balance sheet of Check Inns Limited as at March 31, 1997, and the statements of loss and retained earnings and changes in financial position for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used An and significant estimates made evaluating the overall by management, as well as financial statement presentation.

In our opinion these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at March 31, 1997, and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

DOANE RAYMOND
Chartered Accountants

Halifax, Canada September 8, 1997

CHECK INNS LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997	1996
Current		
Cash	\$ 1,937	\$ 4,720
Economic Renewal Agency		118,076
	1,937	122,796
Computer equipment (Note 3)	. 221,040	138,320
	\$ 222,977	\$ 261,116
LIABILITIES		
Current		
Payables and accruals		
Trade	\$ 3,125	\$ 2,625
Economic Renewal Agency		
, i	89,879	2,625
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	,	
Capital Stock Authorized:		
5,000 common shares with par value of \$1 each Issued:		
3 common shares	. 3	3
Retained earnings	133,095	258,488
	133,098	258,491
	\$ 222,977	\$ 261,116

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

CHECK INNS LIMITED

Statement of Loss and Retained Earnings

year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenue Interest income	\$	2,980
Expenses		
Computer services		2,325
Interest	11,590	,
Office and miscellaneous expenses	1,171	1,120
Professional fees	2,112	2,500
Provision for bad debts		2,209
	14,873	8,154
Loss before depreciation	(14,873) 110,520	(5,174) 46,107
Net loss	(125,393) \$	(51,281)
Retained earnings, beginning of year	258,488 \$	309,769
Net loss	(125,393)	(51,281)
Retained earnings, end of year	133,095 \$	258,488

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

CHECK INNS LIMITED

Statement of Changes in Financial Position

year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Cash derived from (applied to)		
Operating		
Net loss	(125,393)\$	(51,281)
Depreciation	110,520	46,107
	(14,873)	(5,174)
Change in non-cash operating working capital		
Receivables	118,076	(98,554)
Prepaids		2,325
Payables and accruals	87,254	(2,070)
	190,457	(103,473)
Investing		
Purchase of computer equipment	(193,240)	
Cash used	(2,783)	(103,473)
Cash		
Beginning of year	4,720	108,193
End of year	1,937 \$	4,720

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

CHECK INNS LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements

year ended March 31, 1997

1. General

The Company was incorporated under the Province of Nova Scotia's Company's Act March 31, 1978. The fundamental purpose of the Company is to develop and a reservation and information system hotel, motel and other maintain for accommodations throughout the Province of Nova Scotia. 1, 1994, the On May Province of Nova Scotia entered into a contract with Corporatel, a partnership Corporate Research Associates Corporate Communications Inc. and Corporatel to operate the "Check Inns" Information and Reservation System for the period May 1, 1994 to April 30, 1999. Under the terms of the Province of Nova agreement, the Scotia through Check Inns Limited the rights to the software being used and Corporatel is to bill the Province on the basis of prescribed rates for incoming and outgoing calls made through their facilities.

2. Accounting Policies

Depreciation

Depreciation of software is calculated over the five year period 1995 and 1999 on the straight line basis.

Depreciation of hardware is calculated over the three year period 1997 to 1999 on the straight line basis.

Furniture, office equipment and leasehold improvements are expensed in the year acquired.

3. Computer Software

	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	1997 Net Book Value	1996 Net Book Value
Computer software \$	230,534 \$	138,321 \$	92,213 \$	138,320
Computer hardware	193,240	64,413	128,827	100,020
	423,774 \$	202,734 \$		138,320

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Chair and Members of the Nova Scotia Round Table on Environment and Economy

I have audited the balance sheet of the Environmental Trust Fund as at March 31, 1997 and the statement of revenues, expenses and fund equity for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at March 31, 1997, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies stated in Note 2 to the financial statements.

E.R. SALMON, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia June 17, 1997

ENVIRONMENTAL TRUST FUND

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997	1996
Cash	\$ 76	\$
Investments (Schedule 1)	4,988	4,762
Interest receivable	 11	 104
	\$ 5,075	\$ 4,866
FUND EQUITY		
Fund equity	\$ 5,075	\$ 4,866

ENVIRONMENTAL TRUST FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Fund Equity

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenues Interest\$	209	\$241_
Expenses Environmental grants and assistance		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	209	241
Fund equity, beginning of year	4,866	4,625
Fund equity, end of year\$	5,075	\$ 4,866

ENVIRONMENTAL TRUST FUND

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

Effective January 1, 1995 the authority for Environmental Trust Fund operations is the Environment Act. The purpose of the Trust is to fund programs for environmental research and management and conservation of the environment.

2. Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared accordance with generally in modified administrative accepted accounting principles by the treatment of expenses. Administrative expenses incurred on behalf of the Fund are included in the expenditures of the Nova Scotia Department of the Environment. These amounts are not reflected in the financial statements.

Schedule 1

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

ENVIRONMENTAL TRUST FUND

Schedule of Investments

March 31, 1997

Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date		Cost
Bank of Nova Scotia, Banker's				
Acceptance	3.03%	April 4, 1997	\$	4,988

The investments of the Environmental Trust Fund are recorded at cost, which approximates their market value.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Fisheries and Aquaculture; and To the Chairperson and Members of the Nova Scotia Fisheries and Aquaculture Loan Board

I have audited the balance sheet of the Fisheries and Aquaculture Development Fund as at March 31, 1997 and the statement of continuity of fund for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Loan Board's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based upon my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting amounts and disclosures in the the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, well as evaluating the overall as financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fisheries and Aquaculture Development Fund as at March 31, 1997 and the continuity of the fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies stated in Note 2 to the financial statements.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia May 2, 1997

FISHERIES AND AQUACULTURE DEVELOPMENT FUND

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

		1997	•	1996
Loans Receivable - net of allowance				
for doubtful accounts (Schedule 1)	\$	37,844,837	\$	43,098,136
Due from Consolidated Fund				
Loans authorized but unadvanced		2,225,550		2,272,399
Aquaculture loan guarantees (Note 4)		573,000		
Free balance		97,332,950		92,651,835
Applicants' funds on deposit		155,435		178,155
		100,286,935		95,102,389
	\$	138,131,772	\$	138,200,525
LIABILITIES AND FUND BA	LAN	CE		
Liabilities				
Applicants' funds on deposit	\$	155,435	\$	178,155
Fisheries and Aquaculture Development Fund		137,976,337		138,022,370
	\$	138,131,772	\$	138,200,525

Guarantees (Note 4)

FISHERIES AND AQUACULTURE DEVELOPMENT FUND

STATEMENT OF CONTINUITY OF FUND

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Balance, beginning of year \$	138,022,370 \$	138,067,619
Deduct: Increase in allowance for doubtful		
accounts	(4,872)	(1,421)
Accounts written off	(41,161)	(43,828)
Balance, end of year	137,976,337 \$	138,022,370
Comprising:		
Loans receivable	37,844,837 \$	43,098,136
Loans authorized but unadvanced	2,225,550	2,272,399
Aquaculture loan guarantees	573,000	
Free balance	97,332,950	92,651,835
\$	137,976,337 \$	138,022,370

FISHERIES AND AQUACULTURE DEVELOPMENT FUND

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

The Fisheries and Aquaculture Development Fund was established pursuant to Section 24 of the Fisheries and Coastal Resources Act. The purpose of the Fund is to finance the loans and guarantees of the Fisheries and Aquaculture Loan Board. Prior to the proclaiming of this statue on February 28, 1997, the Fund was known as the Fisheries Development Fund and the Board was called the Fisheries Loan Board.

The object and purpose of the Board is to make loans and guarantees of loans to fishers, aquaculturists, companies, cooperatives, associations or other persons in order to encourage, sustain, improve and develop the fishing industry in the Province.

2. Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles modified by the following policies.

Administrative Expenses, Interest Revenue and Expense

Administrative expenses of the Board. and the differential between capital advance interest charges from the Department of Finance and interest revenues earned on loans are included in the expenditures of the Department of **Fisheries** and Aquaculture. These amounts are not reflected in the attached financial statements, nor is accrued loan interest receivable.

3. Deferment Program

Orders-in-Council 93-968, 96-211 and 97-173 dated December 21, 1993, 26, 1996, and March 4, 1997 respectively, approved an assistance program for borrowers affected by quota cuts and groundfish fishery closure, in cases where Borrowers can apply to have economic hardship resulted. the principal portion of their loan payment deferred until March 31, 1998. As of March 31, 1997, 43 (1996 - 49) have loans outstanding under the program, representing loans receivable of \$3,860,510 (1996 - \$4,517,510).

4. Guarantees

On August 30, 1995 the government's Priorities and Planning Committee directed that, as of April 1, 1996, the Aquaculture Loan Guarantee program be transferred from the Economic Renewal Agency the Department of Fisheries to Aquaculture. The and Aquaculture Loan will administer Fisheries Board guarantees on behalf of the Department. During the year, the Loan Board granted guarantees totalling \$573,000.

Subsequent to March 31, 1997 \$1,000,000 of existing loan guarantees were transferred from the Economic Renewal Agency to the Board.

Schedule 1

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

FISHERIES AND AQUACULTURE DEVELOPMENT FUND

Continuity of Loans Receivable

for the year ended March 31, 1997

		1997	1996
Loans Ro	eceivable		
Balance,	beginning of year \$	44,021,737 \$	44,810,249
Add:	Advances during the year	8,717,168	8,991,419
		52,738,905	53,801,668
Deduct:	Repayments during the year	13,924,434	9,736,103
	Accounts written off	41,161	43,828
		13,965,595	9,779,931
Balance,	end of year	38,773,310	44,021,737
Allowand	e for Doubtful Accounts	928,473	923,601
Loans Re	eceivable - net of allowance for doubtful		
accour	nts	37,844,837 \$	43,098,136

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Agriculture and Marketing

I have audited the balance sheet of the Gross Revenue Insurance Plan - Revenue Protection Component as at March 31, 1997, and the statement of income and fund balance for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Department of Agriculture and Marketing. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Gross Revenue Insurance Plan - Revenue Protection Component as at March 31, 1997, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

E.R. SALMON, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia June 24, 1997

GROSS REVENUE INSURANCE PLAN -

REVENUE PROTECTION COMPONENT

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997	1996
Current Assets		
Premiums receivable		
Producers	\$	12,148
Provincial Government		11
Federal Government		62
Accrued interest receivable		8,518
Due from GRIP (Crop Insurance)		9
Due from Province of Nova Scotia		480,017
Other receivable		3,431
\$	<u></u> \$	504,196

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

Current Liabilities

Provision for payment of unsettled indemnities	 86,129
Fund Balance	
Surplus	 418,067
\$	 \$504,196

GROSS REVENUE INSURANCE PLAN -

REVENUE PROTECTION COMPONENT

Statement of Income and Fund Balance

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenues		
Premiums contributions		
Producers		\$ 253,939
Provincial Government		190,474
Federal Government		317,481
Interest earned on fund balance	18,640	23,083
Interest earned on overdue producers' accounts	47	1,766
-	18,687	786,743
Expenses		
Bad debt expense	3,553	
Interest on advances		2,331
Indemnity claims		124,680
-	3,553	127,011
Net income	15,134	659,732
Fund balance, beginning of year	418,067	(241,665)
-	433,201	418,067
Distribution of surplus (Note 3)		
Producers	144,386	
Provincial Government	108,300	
Federal Government	180,515	
_	433,201	
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 418,067

GROSS REVENUE INSURANCE PLAN -

REVENUE PROTECTION COMPONENT

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

Effective April 1, 1991, insurance on grains and oilseeds has been offered under a Tripartite Gross Revenue Insurance Plan (GRIP). The National Agreement Establishing a Tripartite Gross Revenue Insurance Plan for Crops was signed by the Minister of Agriculture and Marketing under the authority of the Natural Products Act. Under this program, producers purchase both crop insurance and revenue protection insurance.

These statements include only the Revenue Protection Component of GRIP, Agriculture required by Canada. The Revenue Protection Component administered by the Nova Scotia Crop and Livestock Insurance Commission staff on behalf of the Minister of Agriculture and Marketing.

The Crop Insurance Component of GRIP is included on the financial statements of the Nova Scotia Crop and Livestock Insurance Commission as required by Agriculture Canada.

2. Accounting Policies

These financial accordance statements have been prepared in with generally expenses associated accepted accounting principles. ΑII administrative with program are reflected on the financial statements of the Nova Scotia Crop and Livestock Insurance Commission and have not been included on these statements.

3. Gross Revenue Insurance Plan Termination

accordance with Section 20.2(a) of the National Tripartite Gross that it will terminate Plan Agreement, the Province gave notice In accordance with Section 20.5 of participation in the plan on March 31, 1998. the surplus has been distributed to the federal government. provincial government and producers based upon the respective premiums by each party.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Director of Highway 104 Western Alignment Corporation

We have audited the balance sheet of Highway 104 Western Alignment Corporation as at March 31, 1997, and the statement of changes in financial position for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, evaluating the overall as well as financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at March 31, 1997, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

DOANE RAYMOND
Chartered Accountants

Halifax, Nova Scotia April 29, 1997

HIGHWAY 104 WESTERN ALIGNMENT CORPORATION

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997
Cash and short term investments, in trust (Note 3)	8,102,788 196,962
Loan receivable (Note 4)	3,507,612
Facility under construction (Note 2)	84,761,733
Deferred costs (Note 5)	
LIABILITIES	
Payable and accruals	1,096,616
Long term debt (Note 6)	67,373,456
Deferred contributions (Note 2)	
CHAREHOLDERS FOULTY	97,470,072
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Capital stock, one no par value share issued and	
outstanding in favour of the Province of Nova Scotia	97,470,073

Commitments and contractual obligations (Note 8)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

HIGHWAY 104 WESTERN ALIGNMENT CORPORATION

Statement of Changes in Financial Position

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997
Cash derived from (applied to)	
Operating	
Change in non-cash operating working	
Capital (Note 7)	(2,607,958)
Financing Issue of common share	1 67,373,456 29,000,000 96,373,457
Investing	
Facility under construction	(84,761,733)
Deferred costs - financing fees	(760,368)
Deferred costs - start up	(140,610)
_	(85,662,711)
Net increase in cash and investments,	
in trust, end of year	8,102,788

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

HIGHWAY 104 WESTERN ALIGNMENT CORPORATION

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Nature of operations

The Corporation has been established for the purpose of financing, design, construction, operation and maintenance of the Facility consisting mainly of a 45 km stretch of highway (referred to as the Highway 104 Western Alignment) between Masstown and Thomson Station in the Counties of Colchester and Cumberland, Nova Scotia.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Pre-operating period

The pre-operating period is the twenty month construction period commencing April 1, 1996 to the date of acceptance estimated to be November 1997.

Facility under construction

Facility under construction includes certified progress payments for the Facility to the contractor, independent engineer fees, professional fees and interest costs incurred during the pre-operating period. To March 31, 1997, \$4,681,498 in interest costs have been capitalized to Facility under construction.

Deferred costs - start up

Administrative expenses incurred during the pre-operating period have been deferred as start-up costs and will be amortized to operations, on a pro-rata basis, over a five year period commencing in the first year of operations.

Deferred costs - financing fee

Financing, commitment and bondholder representative fees related to the establishment and placement of the senior and junior toll revenue bonds have been deferred and will be amortized to operations over the term of the related bond debt.

Deferred contribution

Government assistance provided by the Province of Nova Scotia has been recorded as a deferred contribution and will be amortized to operations over thirty years commencing in the first year of operations.

3. Cash and short term investments, in trust

(i)		Construction Trust Account	Senior Debt Reserve Account	Total
	Cash \$	13,588\$	4,488	\$ 18,076
	Investments, at cost	7,588,910	495,802	8,084,712
	\$ __	<u>7,602,498</u> \$	500,290	\$8,102,788

Investments are recorded at costs, have a weighted average term of 2.14 months to maturity and a weighted average interest rate of 4.15%.

- (ii) construction trust account includes funds held in trust, in accordance The with the Construction Trust Agreement, for the benefit of the Corporation and are eligible for withdrawal based on approved payment directives and certified progress payment requests. At the date of acceptance, any residual funds will be transferred to a project account.
- (iii) The senior debt reserve fund has been established to provide a reserve of funds to be available for payments as they come due the senior toll revenue bonds.

4. Loan receivable

Mobilization loan advanced to Atlantic Highway Corporation, non-interest bearing and repayable at a rate of 10% of certified progress payments.

5. **Deferred costs**

Start up	140,610
Financing fees	760,368
\$	900,978

6. Long-term debt

1997

1997

Senior toll revenue bonds bearing interest at 10.13%, maturing March 31, 2026, repayable in partial interest payments from June 30, 1998 until March 31, 2006 and then 80 equal blended quarterly payments of interest and principal of \$44,141. Interest from the date of issue has been capitalized as part of the principal and will continue to be capitalized until June 30, 1998. As security, the Corporation has provided an assignment of all the present and future property and assets, including rights to operate the Facility, a security interest in the Debt Service

Reserve Account and the Major Maintenance Reserve Fund \$ 56,364,537 11,008,919

\$____67,373,456

7. Change in non-cash operating working capital

1997

Interest receivable	(196,962)
Loan receivable	(3,507,612)
Payables and accruals	1,096,616
\$_	(2,607,958)

8. Commitments and contractual obligations

(i) Commitments

The Corporation has Design Build Agreement with Atlantic entered into а Corporation in the amount of \$112,921,455 to construct the Highway 104 Alignment. As of March 31, 1997, \$78,869,288 in progress payments have been paid from the Construction Trust Account.

The Agreement also provides for a \$4,250,000 contingency fund which will be made available by the Province to the Corporation to finance change orders certified under specified events as outlined in the Omnibus Agreement. At March 31, 1997, no change orders have been approved that would result in claims on this contingency fund.

(ii) Contractual obligations

The Corporation has entered in the following agreements to finance, design, construct, operate and maintain the Highway 104 Western Alignment:

· Omnibus Agreement

Agreement dated April 1, 1996. between the Corporation, the Contractor. the Operator and the Province of Nova Scotia to design, finance, construct, operate and maintain the Highway 104 Western Alignment. This agreement acknowledges the Corporation into Design Build that has entered а Agreement and an Operating Agreement to fulfil its obligations the Province.

Under this agreement, the Province of Nova Scotia retains ownership of the Facility, however, the Corporation is granted the right to operate and collect tolls for a thirty year period, at which time this right will revert back to the Province.

The Province will contribute \$55,000,000 payable follows: the first as \$29,000,000 available April 1, 1996 released progress was for payment of payments; and, the second \$26,000,000 will be available after April 15, 1998 and will be paid to the Corporation only for purposes of repaying the Credit Facility detailed in Note 9 or for paying costs of construction.

Design Build Contract

Corporation fixed with Atlantic has entered into price contract а Highways Corporation Contractor) complete the design (the to and 1997, construction of the Facility by November 30, projected the completion date. Pursuant to this the Contractor is entitled to agreement, monthly progress payments provided the work has been certified by the Independent Engineer.

· Operating Agreement

Agreement dated May 22, 1996. between the Corporation Atlantic and Management Corporation Operator) the Operator Highways (the whereby is required to operate the Facility which includes the toll collection toll plaza and the administration building.

Operator compensation is based on the annual operating budget plus a variable fee, subject to adjustment under certain conditions, equal to 10% of the total annual budget.

• Major Maintenance Reserve Fund Agreement

Trustee Agreement between the Corporation, the and the Bondholders' Representative to provide for the major maintenance work required operating period of the Facility. The Agreement required Corporation, on an annual basis, to engage an independent engineer to report on all major maintenance work to be completed in the upcoming year, as well as a major maintenance budget to determine the required annual amount to be deposited in the Major Maintenance Trust Account.

• Annual Roadway Maintenance Agreement

Corporation Five vear agreement between the and the Department Transportation and Public Works of the Province of Nova Scotia to provide roadway maintenance services for an annual fee commencing April 1, 1998 and subsequently adjusted thereafter for inflation.

9. Credit Facility

The Corporation has established a \$26,000,000 line of credit with the Province of Nova Scotia to be repaid on or before April 15, 1998, secured by an assignment of the Provincial contribution receivable on that date. The line of credit will be interest bearing and as of March 31, 1997, no funds were advanced on this line of credit.

10. Fair values of financial instruments

Financial assets

The fair values of cash, short term investments and receivables approximate their carrying amounts because of their short term to maturity.

Financial liabilities

The fair values of payables an accruals approximate their carrying amounts because of their short term to maturity. The fair value of long term debt has been estimated to be \$69,923,722 based on discounted future cash flows at a rate currently offered for bonds of similar credit quality and period to maturity. The carrying value of long term debt has not been adjusted as the Corporation intends to settle the debt on maturity.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Housing and Municipal Affairs

I have audited the balance sheet of the Nova Scotia Housing Development Corporation as at March 31, 1997, and the statements of revenues and expenditures and changes in fund balance for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Nova Scotia Housing Development Corporation as at March 31, 1997, and the results of its operations and the changes in the fund balance for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies stated in Note 2 to the financial statements.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia June 10, 1997

NOVA SCOTIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997	•	1996
Current Assets			
Accounts receivable and accrued interest	\$ 209,415	\$	230,722
Current portion of mortgages receivable	646,290		890,289
	855,705		1,121,011
Mortgages receivable (Note 6)	26,460,242		34,338,669
Fixed assets (Note 7)	88,348,736		89,479,938
	\$ 115,664,683	\$	124,939,618
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 3,500	\$	
Housing Development Corporation Fund (Note 5)	7,635,624		5,146,106
Current portion of long-term liabilities	6,419,473		5,743,599
	14,058,597		10,889,705
Long-term liabilities			
Notes payable (Note 8)	14,285,790		25,395,847
Mortgages payable (Note 9)	 86,999,207		88,332,977
	101,284,997		113,728,824
Reserve for interest fluctuation			
(Note 10)	321,089	_	321,089
	\$ 115,664,683	\$	124,939,618

Contingency (Note 11)

NOVA SCOTIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenues		
Interest revenue	2,934,093 \$	4,405,987
Recoveries from provincial government departments	8,563,678	9,174,240
	11,497,771	13,580,227
Expenditures		
Interest on long-term debt	10,244,588	12,549,510
Amortization	1,134,131	992,473
Administration fee (Note 4)	115,552	34,744
Miscellaneous	3,500	3,500
	11,497,771	13,580,227
Excess of revenues over expenditures		
(Note 4)	\$	

NOVA SCOTIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Statement of Changes in Fund Balance

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Funds provided by (used for):		
Operations		
Excess of revenues over expenses \$	\$	
Add: Expenses not requiring cash		
Amortization	1,134,131	992,473
Transfer to provision for concessionary		
assistance & doubtful recoveries	2,443,648	
Change in accounts receivable and accrued		
interest and accounts payable	24,807	86,660
	3,602,586	1,079,133
Investing activities		
Mortgages receivable	5,678,778	5,968,219
Investment in fixed assets	(2,929)	(3,141,930)
	5,675,849	2,826,289
Financing activities		
Net proceeds from issue of long-term debt	4,661	2,696,986
Repayment of long-term debt	(11,772,614)	(16,455,016)
	(11,767,953)	(13,758,030)
Decrease in fund balance during the year	(2,489,518)	(9,852,608)
Fund balance, beginning of year	(5,146,106)	4,706,502
Fund balance, end of year	(7,635,624) \$	(5,146,106)

NOVA SCOTIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

Scotia June 1986 Corporation On 17. the Nova Housing Development Act established the Nova Scotia Housing Development Corporation. The purpose of through outside provide long-term Corporation is to mortgage financing lenders for the Public Non-Profit Housing Program, and the home ownership and Municipal of the Department of Housing Affairs, and guarantees for housing purposes.

2. Accounting Policies

Mortgages Receivable

Mortgages receivable are carried at cost less provisions for concessionary assistance and doubtful recoveries. The provision for concessionary assistance is recorded at the net present value of the concessionary assistance.

Provision for Concessionary Assistance

Concessionary assistance subsidies consists of provided by the Department Housing and Municipal Affairs to low income borrowers to assist them meeting their monthly mortgage payments. The amount of concessionary assistance is calculated as the difference between the net present value of anticipated future repayments to be received by the Corporation and the amount of the loans advanced. The mortgages are recorded at cost and reduced by Provision Concessionary Assistance. adjustments Any to. or recovery value of this reflected net present assistance is in the Provision Concessionary Assistance in the year in which the related recovery or occurs. The net change in the Provision for Concessionary Assistance is funded Department of Housing and Municipal **Affairs** legislative the vote. Loan provisions for concessionary assistance and doubtful recoveries and net book value are disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Provision for Doubtful Recoveries

Department Housing Municipal Affairs maintains 1st and 2nd and Insurance Funds. The Funds consist of mortgages insurance fees charged to borrowers which are used to finance the write-off of bad debts from mortgage receivable portfolios of the Housing Development Fund the Housing Development Corporation.

A Provision for Doubtful Recoveries is established to the extent that anticipated losses on bad debts exceeds the funding available in the 1st and 2nd Mortgage Insurance Funds.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are carried at cost which includes the cost of site investigation, land, construction, administration and interest during construction.

Amortization

The capital cost of fixed assets is reduced each year by the amount of the principal repaid on mortgage financing the related the project. Mortgages 20 35 years. The principal portion of mortgage obtained for periods of to repayments increases as the mortgages approach maturity.

The capital cost of fixed assets and the related mortgages payable were reduced during the year ended March 31, 1997 by \$1,134,131 (1996 - \$992,473).

3. Change in Accounting Policies

Mortgages Receivable

During the year, the Corporation changed its accounting policy for Mortgages Receivable. The change in accounting policy was made to account for mortgages receivable with concessionary assistance in accordance with the recommendations of the Public Sector Accounting and Auditing Board. The change in accounting and the policy results in a reduction in the valuation of Mortgages Receivable Development Corporation Fund of \$2.43 million for total mortgage advances which were made in current and prior years. Although the change in accounting policy has been applied retroactively, the entire impact was recorded in the current year. The opening Fund balance and prior year comparative figures have not been restated because the necessary financial data is not reasonably determinable.

4. Administration and Management

administration Scotia The and management of the Nova Housing Development Corporation are Department carried out by the staff of the of Housing Municipal Affairs. The Corporation will pay an administration fee Department to the extent that the interest revenues earned by the Corporation exceed expenditures.

5. Housing Development Corporation Fund

То provide working capital for the Nova Scotia Housing Development Corporation, the Housing Development Corporation Fund was established Order-In-Council. The Fund is set up as a revolving account which expenditures and allows the Corporation to borrow up If the fund reflects a receivable from the Province of Nova Scotia, interest is paid to the Corporation at the provincial borrowing rate. Conversely, the Corporation is required to pay interest to the Province, at the provincial borrowing rate, if the Fund is in a liability position.

6. Mortgages Receivable

Mortgages receivable have amortization periods of 25 years and five or ten-year renewal terms. Aggregate monthly payments are approximately \$310,000, including interest. Interest rates vary from 7.65% to 13.00% with renewal dates ranging from May 1, 1997 to January 1, 2013.

The mortgages are secured by registered first mortgages on the related properties. The Corporation has assigned the mortgages receivable as security for notes payable.

The mortgages receivable, by program, are as follows:

		1997	1996
Self-Help Housing	. \$	3,806,880	\$ 5,522,188
Family Benefits Housing		7,781,544	8,466,342
Shell Housing		1,134,256	1,749,474
Family Modest Housing		17,083,852	19,747,306
		29,806,532	35,485,310
Less: Current portion due within one year		646,290	890,289
and Doubtful Recoveries		2,700,000	256,352
		3,346,290	1,146,641
	\$	26,460,242	\$ 34,338,669

Estimated principal receivable for the next four years are as follows:

1998-1999	\$ 715,265
1999-2000	\$ 791,291
2000-2001	\$ 875,414
2001-2002	\$ 968.502

7. Fixed Assets

Fixed assets, by program, are as follows:

	1997	1996
Public Non-Profit Housing		
Senior Citizens Units	\$ 50,470,242	\$ 50,844,313
Family Units	24,857,425	25,067,635
	75,327,667	75,911,948
Halifax-Dartmouth Metro Area Demonstration		
Program Projects	1,209,735	1,217,698
Family Benefits Rental Units	775,620	792,912
Vimy Non-Profit Project	1,107,670	1,125,239
Nova Scotia Youth Centre, Waterville	9,928,044	10,432,141
:	\$ 88,348,736	\$ 89,479,938

8. Notes Payable

Notes payable consist of 21 individual series payable to Hongkong Bank Trust Company with amortization periods of 25 years and or ten year renewal five terms. Monthly payments are \$573,000, including interest. Interest rates vary from 7.30% to 12.125% with renewal dates ranging from March 1, 1998 to February 1, 2000.

The notes payable are secured by an assignment of mortgages receivable. However, portions of the outstanding balances may be unsecured due to mortgages receivable payouts or foreclosures.

Notes payable, by program, are as follows:

	1997	1996
Self-Help Housing	.\$ 2,844,999	\$ 4,866,831
Family Benefits Housing		7,819,016
Shell Housing		1,722,630
Family Modest Housing	9,292,040	15,584,676
	19,355,734	29,993,153
Less: Current portion due within one year	5,069,944	4,597,306
	\$ 14,285,790	\$ 25,395,847

Estimated principal repayments for the next four years are as follows:

1998-1999	\$ 5,658,704
1999-2000	\$ 4,646,016
2000-2001	\$ 1,372,604
2001-2002	\$ 507,150

9. Mortgages Payable

Mortgages payable are comprised of individual mortgages from various lenders for Public Non Profit Housing projects and Metro Area Demonstration projects. These mortgages have amortization periods of 35 years with either five or ten year renewal terms.

The Family Benefits Rental Units mortgage has a 25 year amortization period and a renewal term of 10 years. The mortgage payable for the Nova Scotia Youth Centre in Waterville has a 20 year amortization period and a renewal term of 5 years. The Vimy Non-Profit Project mortgage has a 23 year amortization period and a renewal term of 5 years.

Mortgages payable are secured by assignment of real property and are payable in monthly instalments of interest and principal totalling \$710,000. Interest rates vary from 5.43% to 12.254% with renewal dates ranging from April 1, 1997 to March 1, 2002.

Mortgages payable by program are as follows:

	1997	1996
Public Non-Profit Housing		
Senior Citizens Units \$	50,470,242 \$	50,844,313
Family Units	24,857,425	25,066,967
	75,327,667	75,911,280
Halifax-Dartmouth Metro Area		
Demonstration Projects	1,209,735	1,217,698
Family Benefits Rental Units	775,620	792,912
Vimy Non-Profit Project	1,107,670	1,125,239
Nova Scotia Youth Centre, Waterville	9,928,044	10,432,141
	88,348,736	89,479,270
Less: Current portion due within one year	1,349,529	1,146,293
\$	86,999,207 \$	88,332,977

Estimated principal repayments for the next four years are as follows:

1998-1999	\$ 1,449,697
1999-2000	\$ 1,557,722
2000-2001	\$ 1,674,261
2001-2002	\$ 1.800.026

In 1986 the Province entered into a new Federal/Provincial Operating Agreement on Social Housing. Under the new Operating Agreement, Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation agrees to insure loans received by the Nova Scotia Housing Development Corporation from approved lenders for capital financing of Public Non-Profit Housing projects.

10. Reserve for Interest Fluctuation

The Corporation borrows from a private lender to finance first mortgages.

Interest rates committed on mortgages are determined well in advance of the borrowing date. There is considerable risk that the interest rate obtained on borrowing will exceed that committed on mortgage advances resulting in a loss to the Corporation. Similarly, interest rates obtained on renewal of the private lender loans at their five and ten year anniversaries could be higher than the rate on the first mortgage advances.

The Corporation has therefore established a reserve from interest fluctuation to offset possible future interest losses. The reserve is funded by an excess of revenues over expenses caused by favourable borrowing and lending activity.

11. Contingent Liability

The Corporation provides mortgage guarantees of interest and principal to lenders financing certain housing projects. As at March 31, 1997 a total of 29 (1996 - 28) mortgage guarantees were in effect, and the outstanding balance of mortgages guaranteed was \$24,136,327 (1996 - \$22,818,144).

12. Comparative Figures

Prior year comparative figures have been reclassified, where necessary, to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted for the current year.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Housing and Municipal Affairs

I have audited the balance sheet of the Housing Development Fund as at March 31, 1997, and the statement of continuity of net advances for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Housing Development Fund as at March 31, 1997, and the continuity of the net advances for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies stated in Note 2 to the financial statements.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia June 10, 1997

HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

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	1997	1996
Accounts receivable and advances	\$ 9,321	\$ 9,231
Development Corporation	7,988,611	6,762,759
Mortgages receivable (Note 4)	18,374,796	23,208,445
projects (Note 5)	107,246,862	105,939,986
	\$ 133,619,590	\$ 135,920,421
Liabilities Accounts payable and contractors' holdback	475,000	
	38,640,082	40,586,780
Fund Balance Advances from Consolidated Fund		
(Authorized \$154,000,000)	100,127,097	98,473,641
& doubtful recoveries	(5,147,589)	(3,140,000)
Net advances	94,979,508	95,333,641

\$ 133,619,590 \$ 135,920,421

HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND

STATEMENT OF CONTINUITY OF NET ADVANCES

for the year ended March 31, 1997

		1997	1996
Balance, be	ginning of the year	95,333,641 \$	94,453,297
In	dvances for lending, public housing and land development programs	9,216,408	14,075,223
	policy (Note 3)	5,154,936	
		14,371,344	14,075,223
	ecoveries from lending and land		
	development programs	12,717,888	13,130,302
	Doubtful Recoveries	(292,411)	64,577
	Assistance (Note 3)	2,300,000	
		14,725,477	13,194,879
Balance, en	d of the year	94,979,508 \$	95,333,641

HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

The Provincial share of capital housing programs is financed through the Housing Development Fund as established by Section 20(1) of the Housing Act. These programs include the construction of lease purchase housing units, low interest loans for home construction and rehabilitation, the assembly and servicing of land, and the construction of public housing.

2. Accounting Policies

Mortgages Receivable

Mortgages receivable are carried at cost less provisions for concessionary assistance and doubtful recoveries.

Provision for Concessionary Assistance

Concessionary assistance of subsidies provided Department consists by the to Housing and Municipal Affairs income borrowers assist them to low The meeting their monthly mortgage payments. amount of concessionary assistance is calculated as the difference between the net present value of anticipated future repayments to be received by the Fund and the amount of the The loans and mortgages are recorded at cost and reduced by the loans advanced. Provision Concessionary Assistance. Any adjustments to. or recoverv present value this reflected net of assistance is in the Provision Concessionary Assistance in the year in which the related recovery or adjustment The net change in the Provision for Concessionary Assistance is funded occurs. Department of Housing and Municipal Affairs legislative The bv the vote. Provision for Concessionary Assistance for the year ended March 31, 1997 is \$2.3 million.

Provision for Doubtful Recoveries

The Department of Housing and Municipal Affairs maintains 1st and 2nd Insurance Funds. The Funds consist of mortgage insurance fees charged to borrowers which are used to finance the write-off of bad debts from the mortgage receivable portfolios of the Housing Development Fund and the Housing Development Corporation.

A Provision for Doubtful Recoveries is established to the extent that anticipated losses on bad debts exceeds the funding available in the 1st and 2nd Mortgage Insurance Funds.

Public Housing

Public housing projects are carried at cost which includes the cost of site investigation, land, construction, administration and interest during construction.

Section 40 projects are jointly owned by Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation and the Department of Housing and Municipal Affairs. Therefore, only the Department's 25% share of costs are reflected in these financial statements. Section 43 projects are owned by the Department, and are reflected at their full costs.

Amortization of Public Housing

The capital cost of public housing projects is reduced over periods of 35 to 50 years, with the amount of the annual reduction increasing over the amortization period.

The capital cost of public housing projects was reduced during the year ended March 31, 1997 by \$631,636 (1996 - \$589,534).

Investment in Land and Land Assembly

Land and land assembly projects are carried at cost of acquisition plus servicing costs, capitalized interest charges and administrative costs where applicable. If recovery is doubtful, the net capital cost is reduced to its estimated net realizable value.

Profit or loss on the sale of land is recorded as lots are sold except if revenue or costs cannot be reasonably determined at that time. Costs incurred plus estimated costs to complete are accumulated and allocated to individual units on the basis of relative sales values. Certain common costs, such as main roadways, are allocated to that phase of the project with the applicable spending authority.

Operating Revenues and Expenditures

The Provincial share of operating expenditures related to capital programs is funded by the Department of Housing and Municipal Affairs legislative vote. Operating revenues consist primarily of interest revenue on loan programs and profits and losses on land sales and are credited to the revenues of the Province. Operating expenditures include administrative costs of the Fund, the Province's share operating deficits on public housing projects, the net change in the Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Doubtful Recoveries and grants and assistance associated with capital and other programs. Details of operating revenues and expenditures are reported in the Province's Public Accounts Volume 1.

3. Changes in Accounting Policies

Investment in Land and Land Assembly

In prior years, profit on the sale of land was recognized when the sale of the project was complete. During the year the accounting policy was changed to recognize profits as individual lots are sold except if revenue or costs cannot be reasonably determined at that time. This change in accounting policy was made to conform to generally accepted accounting practices in the industry. The effect of the change in accounting policy has been an increase in Investment in Land and

Housing Projects and the Fund Balance of approximately \$5.2 million. Although the change in accounting policy has been applied retroactively, the opening Fund balance and prior year comparative figures have not been restated because the necessary financial data is not reasonably determinable.

Mortgages Receivable

Fund During the year, the changed its accounting policy Mortgages for Receivable. The change in accounting policy was made to account for mortgages receivable with concessionary assistance in accordance with the recommendations of the Public Sector Accounting and Auditing Board. The change in accounting policy results in a reduction in the valuation of Mortgages Receivable and the Fund Balance of \$2.3 million for total mortgage advances which were made in current and prior years. Although the change in accounting policy has been applied retroactively, the entire impact was recorded in the current year. The opening Fund balance and prior year comparative figures have not been restated because the necessary financial data is not reasonably determinable.

4. Mortgages Receivable

Mortgages receivable have amortization periods of 25 to 35 years and terms ranging from 5 to 35 years. Monthly payments are \$337,000, including interest. Interest rates vary from 5% to 14.75% with renewal dates ranging from April 1, 1997 to May 1, 2021.

The mortgages are secured by a registered first or second mortgage on the related properties or a promissory note.

		1997	1996
Mortga	ages Receivable	20,674,796\$	23,438,445
Less:	Provision for Doubtful Recoveries		230,000
	Provision for Concessionary Assistance	2,300,000	
	\$	18,374,796 \$	23,208,445

Estimated principal repayments for the next five years are as follows:

1997-1998	\$ 2,630,000
1998-1999	\$ 2,444,000
1999-2000	\$ 2,380,000
2000-2001	\$ 2,346,000
2001-2002	\$ 2,327,000

5. Investment in Land and Housing Projects

	199 <i>7</i>	1996
Public Housing - Section 40 \$	52,648,476\$	52,952,490
Public Housing - Section 43	29,317,738	29,645,360
Other Housing Projects	9,242,112	9,743,135
Investment in Housing Projects	91,208,326	92,340,985

Investment in Land Projects	18,312,365	75,865,281
Less: Land sales to date on projects in progress		60,513,800
Unrecovered costs	18,312,365	15,351,481
Department owned foreclosed properties	573,760	1,157,520
	110,094,451	108,849,986
Less: Provision for Doubtful Recoveries	2,847,589	2,910,000
\$	107,246,862\$	105,939,986

6. Notes Payable

Notes payable are comprised of notes from the Canada Mortgage & Housing Corporation (CMHC). The amortization period for the Public Housing notes payable is 50 years and for the Land Assembly projects the period is 20 years.

The notes payable for the Co-Operative Housing and Residential Rehabilitation Assistance programs have various amortization periods.

		1997	1996
Notes Payable to CMHC			
Public Housing - Annual instalments of principal and			
interest are \$2,230,000. The interest rates vary			
from 6.375% to 7.15 %. The interest rates for a			
portion of these notes payable are fixed for their			
remaining amortization periods and the remainder			
have a renewal date of January 1, 1999	. \$ 26,315	5,300 \$ 26,61	8,802
Land Assembly - Annual instalments of principal and			
interest of \$896,000. Interest rates range from			
6.815% to 10.15%	3,763	3,737 4,22	3,211
Co-Operative Housing - The monthly instalment,			
interest rate and amortization period are based on			
individual mortgages issued to various borrowers.			
The monthly instalments payable is 75% of the			
aggregate amount received from the individual			
borrowers	7,021	1,454 8,79	9,083
Residential Rehabilitation Assistance Program - The			
monthly instalment, interest rate and amortization			
period are based on individual mortgages issued to			
various borrowers. The monthly instalments payable)		
is 75% of the aggregate amount received from the			
individual borrowers	681	1,035 56	6,625
	37,781	1,526 40,20	7,721
Notes Payable to ACOA	•	<u></u> <u> </u>	3,022
	\$37,781	1,526 \$ 40,22	0,743

7. Comparative Figures

Prior year comparative figures have been reclassified, where necessary, to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted for the current year.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Economic Development and Tourism

I have audited the balance sheet of the Industrial Expansion Fund as at March 31, 1997, and the statements of continuity of Fund for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Nova Scotia Business Development Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at March 31, 1997 and the continuity of Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies detailed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia May 23, 1997

INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION FUND

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

Clausa and Shares, at cost Clause		199	7 1996
Loans - Industrial Development Act \$ 90,539 \$ 89,812 Loans - Venture Corporations Act (Note 3) 3,316 3,467 Shares (Note 4) 11,556 10,000 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance 105,411 103,279 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance 43,365 49,695 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts 19,089 18,961 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts 19,089 18,961 Cother Assets 846 1,775 Less: Provision for Decline in Value 500 East: Provision for Payment under Guarantees 2,071 3,224 Assistance S(Note 6) 35,979 54,153 Less: Provision for Payment under Guarantees 2,071 3,224 Assistance Authorized but Unadvanced (Note 7) 17,084 1,719 50,992 52,648 59,479 5 88,546 FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND COMMITTED Authorized, Net of Write-offs Industrial Development Act \$ 292,145 \$ 312,193 Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,330 Net Fund Balance 236,342 24			(in thousands)
Loans - Venture Corporations Act (Note 3) 3,316 11,556 10,000 105,411 103,279 105,411 103,279 105,411 103,279 105,411 103,279 105,411 103,279 105,411 103,279 105,411 103,279 105,411 103,279 105,411 103,279 12,200 12,	Loans and Shares, at cost		
Shares (Note 4) 11,556 10,000 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance (Note 5) 43,365 49,695 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts 19,089 18,961 62,454 68,656 42,957 34,623 Other Assets 846 1,775 Less: Provision for Decline in Value 500 846 1,275 Due from Consolidated Fund Guarantees (Note 6) 35,979 54,153 Less: Provision for Payment under Guarantees 2,071 3,224 Assistance Authorized but Unadvanced (Note 7) 17,084 1,719 50,992 52,648 94,795 88,546 FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND COMMITTED Authorized, Net of Write-offs Industrial Development Act \$ 292,145 \$ 312,193 Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380	Loans - Industrial Development Act	. \$ 90,539	9 \$ 89,812
Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance (Note 5)	Loans - Venture Corporations Act (Note 3)	. 3,316	3,467
Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance	Shares (Note 4)	11,556	10,000
Note 5 43,365		105,411	103,279
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts 19,089 18,961 62,454 68,656 42,957 34,623 Other Assets 846 1,775 Less: Provision for Decline in Value	Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance		
Other Assets 846 1,775 Less: Provision for Decline in Value 846 1,775 Less: Provision for Decline in Value 846 1,775 Due from Consolidated Fund 846 1,275 Guarantees (Note 6) 35,979 54,153 Less: Provision for Payment under Guarantees 2,071 3,224 Assistance Authorized but Unadvanced (Note 7) 17,084 1,719 50,992 52,648 94,795 88,546 FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND COMMITTED FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND COMMITTED Authorized, Net of Write-offs Industrial Development Act 292,145 312,193 Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 1,984 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535	(Note 5)	. 43,365	49,695
Other Assets 846 1,775 Less: Provision for Decline in Value	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	. 19,089	18,961
Other Assets 846 1,775 Less: Provision for Decline in Value 500 846 1,275 Due from Consolidated Fund Guarantees (Note 6) 35,979 54,153 Less: Provision for Payment under Guarantees 2,071 3,224 Assistance Authorized but Unadvanced (Note 7) 17,084 1,719 50,992 52,648 94,795 88,546 FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND COMMITTED Authorized, Net of Write-offs Industrial Development Act \$ 292,145 \$ 312,193 Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989		62,454	68,656
Less: Provision for Decline in Value		42,957	34,623
Due from Consolidated Fund Guarantees (Note 6) 35,979 54,153 Less: Provision for Payment under Guarantees 2,071 3,224 Assistance Authorized but Unadvanced (Note 7) 17,084 1,719 50,992 52,648 94,795 \$88,546 FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND COMMITTED FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND COMMITTED Authorized, Net of Write-offs Industrial Development Act \$292,145 \$312,193 Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535	Other Assets	846	3 1,775
Due from Consolidated Fund Guarantees (Note 6) 35,979 54,153 Less: Provision for Payment under Guarantees 2,071 3,224 33,908 50,929 Assistance Authorized but Unadvanced (Note 7) 17,084 1,719 50,992 52,648 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND COMMITTED Authorized, Net of Write-offs Industrial Development Act \$ 292,145 \$ 312,193 Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989	Less: Provision for Decline in Value		- 500
Guarantees (Note 6) 35,979 54,153 Less: Provision for Payment under Guarantees 2,071 3,224 33,908 50,929 Assistance Authorized but Unadvanced (Note 7) 17,084 1,719 50,992 52,648 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND COMMITTED Authorized, Net of Write-offs Industrial Development Act \$ 292,145 \$ 312,193 Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989		846	3 1,275
Less: Provision for Payment under Guarantees 2,071 3,224 33,908 50,929 Assistance Authorized but Unadvanced (Note 7) 17,084 1,719 50,992 52,648 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND COMMITTED Authorized, Net of Write-offs Industrial Development Act October 1,984 312,193 Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989	Due from Consolidated Fund		
Less: Provision for Payment under Guarantees 2,071 3,224 33,908 50,929 Assistance Authorized but Unadvanced (Note 7) 17,084 1,719 50,992 52,648 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND COMMITTED Authorized, Net of Write-offs Industrial Development Act October 1,984 312,193 Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989	Guarantees (Note 6)	35,979	54,153
Assistance Authorized but Unadvanced (Note 7) 17,084 1,719 50,992 52,648 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 \$ 94,795 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 \$ 94,795 \$,		
Assistance Authorized but Unadvanced (Note 7) 17,084 1,719 50,992 52,648 \$ 94,795 \$ 88,546 FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND COMMITTED Authorized, Net of Write-offs Industrial Development Act \$ 292,145 \$ 312,193 Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 1,984 200,867 320,915 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 1236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989	•		
## Summitted Balance of Fund \$50,992 \$52,648 \$94,795 \$88,546 \$94,795 \$88,546 \$94,795 \$88,546 \$88,5	Assistance Authorized but Unadvanced (Note 7)		
## FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND COMMITTED ### Authorized, Net of Write-offs Industrial Development Act \$ 292,145 \$ 312,193 Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 **Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 **Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535 **Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989	,		
Authorized, Net of Write-offs Industrial Development Act \$ 292,145 \$ 312,193 Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989			
Industrial Development Act \$ 292,145 \$ 312,193 Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 300,867 320,915 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989	FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND COMMI	TTED	
Industrial Development Act \$ 292,145 \$ 312,193 Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 300,867 320,915 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989			
Venture Corporations Act 6,738 6,738 Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 300,867 320,915 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989			
Contributed Surplus (Note 8) 1,984 1,984 300,867 320,915 Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9) 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989	•		
Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9). 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989	·		
Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9). 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989	Contributed Surplus (Note 8)		
Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 9). 64,525 72,380 Net Fund Balance. 236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989		300,867	' 320,915
Net Fund Balance 236,342 248,535 Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund 141,547 159,989	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund			
	Net Fund Balance	236,342	248,535
\$94,795 \$88,546	Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund	141,547	159,989
		\$94,795	\$ 88,546

Contingency (Note 10)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION FUND

Statement of Continuity of Fund

Under the Industrial Development Act

for the year ended March 31, 1997

		1997		1996 thousands)
Balance, beginning of year	\$_	312,193	\$_	342,114
Add: Loans and Guarantees authorized	_	255		
Deduct: Loans and guarantees rescinded or expired		16,783 3,520		10,793 487 18,641
Balance, end of year	\$_	20,303 292,145	. –	29,921 312,193
Comprising: Loans, shares and other assets Guarantees in effect and utilized Loans and other investments authorized but unadvanced, and guarantees in effect but not utilized Uncommitted balance		101,027 32,242 20,821 138,055	\$	99,674 33,000 22,686 156,833
	\$	292,145	\$	312,193

See accompanying notes to financial statements

INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION FUND

Statement of Continuity of Fund

Under the Venture Corporations Act

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997		1996
		(in t	housands)
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 6,738	\$	8,261
Deduct: Accounts written-off	 6,738	\$	1,523 6,738
,	,	-	
Comprising:			
Loans advanced	\$ 3,316	\$	3,467
Loans authorized but unadvanced			185
Uncommitted balance	 3,422	_	3,086
	\$ 6,738	\$	6,738

See accompanying notes to financial statements

INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION FUND

Statement of Continuity of Fund

Under the Terms of the Canada-Nova Scotia

Development Fund Agreement

for the year ended March 31, 1997

		1997		1996 thousands)
Balance	\$_	1,984	\$_	1,984
Comprising:			_	
Acquired assets		845	\$	
Loans advanced		1,069		1,069
Uncommitted balance	_	70	_	70
	\$_	1,984	\$	1,984

See accompanying notes to financial statements

INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION FUND

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

The Industrial Expansion Fund was established under the Industrial Development Act. The Fund is used for the purposes of establishing, assisting, developing or expanding industries in the Province.

The Business Development Corporation Act provides that the Industrial may be administered by the Nova Scotia Development Expansion Fund Business ministerial letter Corporation. Α of assignment was issued authorizing Corporation administer the Industrial Fund as it related the to Expansion to the Corporation time The accounts sent for administration from to time. Corporation's activities are administered through а division of the Nova Scotia Department of Economic Development and Tourism (formerly Nova Scotia the Economic Renewal Agency).

2. Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles modified by paragraph (a) below. Paragraph (b) and (c) describe significant accounting policies of the Fund.

(a) Administrative expenses, interest revenue and expense

Administrative expenses of the Fund, and revenues earned on guarantees, are included in the accounts of the Department of Economic Development and Tourism and are not reflected in the financial statements. In addition, accrued loan interest is not recognized as a receivable in the financial statements of the Fund. Interest and other income earned on loans and shares is included in the accounts of the Department of Finance.

(b) Provision for Concessionary Assistance

The Fund provides for the effect of the decrease in the valuation of certain loans and shares due to assistance being provided with concessionary terms.

(c) Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Fund provides for possible losses on guarantees authorized, loans receivable, shares and other assets on an item-by-item basis. In addition, a general reserve is provided on any unreserved assistance outstanding.

3. Venture Corporations Act

The Venture Corporations Act was assented to June 5, 1980 and came into force January 28, 1981. This Act was enacted to provide a means of encouraging investment in small businesses in Nova Scotia.

A company that qualifies as a venture corporation may receive loans under this Act, the proceeds of which must be used to purchase shares or grant unsecured loans to eligible small businesses. Principal repayments and accrual of interest are not required to commence until the tenth anniversary of such loans.

The Act directs that money provided shall be financial assistance within the meaning of the Industrial Development Act, and payments made pursuant to the Act shall be made out of the Industrial Expansion Fund.

During the year one venture corporation repaid a total of \$151,000 (1996 - \$62,084) against the principal balance of its loan.

		1997	1996
			(in thousands)
	Loans made to venture corporations \$	3,316	\$ 3,467
	Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	2,789	2,796
	\$	527	\$671
4.	Shares		
		1997	1996
			(in thousands)
	Preferred shares\$	10,000	\$ 10,000
	Common shares	1,556	
	\$ <u></u>	11,556	\$10,000

5 Provision for Concessionary Assistance

Concessionary assistance is the difference between the net present value at year end of the anticipated future repayments to be received by the Fund and the amount of assistance advanced to an economic entity on the usual established commercial terms of the Fund.

The terms of concessionary assistance through the Fund include low interest extended repayment terms and forgiveness clauses. This assistance recorded at cost and reduced by the Provision for Concessionary Assistance. Any or recovery of the net present value of this subsequent years is reflected in the Provision for Concessionary Assistance.

The assistance outstanding, provision for concessionary assistance and net book value (NBV) related to each of loans and shares is as follows:

		1997			1996
	Assistance	Provision for Concessionary			
	Outstanding	Assistance	usands	NBV	NBV
		(III till)	usanus	P)	
Loans \$	76,199	\$ 40,148	\$	36,051	\$ 28,490
Shares	6,000	3,217		2,783	 4,020
\$	82,199	\$ 43,365	\$	38,834	\$ 32,510

6. Guarantees

Guarantees have been provided for the following purposes:

		1997		1996
			(in tho	usands)
Authorized				
Bank loan guarantees	. \$	10,979	\$	14,153
Performance guarantee		25,000		40,000
	\$	35,979	\$	54,153
In Effect and Utilized Bank loan guarantees		7,242	\$	8,000
Performance guarantee		25,000		25,000
		32,242		33,000
In Effect but not Utilized	·	3,737		21,153
	\$	35,979	\$	54,153

Of the guarantees outstanding at year end, there was one for \$9,000,000 which was authorized under the Provincial Finance Act. A Report and Recommendation is being prepared to amend this and have it authorized under the Industrial Development Act.

7. Assistance Authorized but Unadvanced

	1997	1996
		(in thousands)
Loans	14,750	\$ 619
Shares	2,334	1,100
\$_	17,084	\$1,719

8. Contributed Surplus

Contributed surplus represents the balance of funds provided to the Industrial Expansion Fund for the purpose of providing assistance in accordance with the terms of the Canada-Nova Scotia Development Fund Agreement.

9. Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance

The following is a continuity of the provision:

		1997	1996
		(ir	thousands)
Baland	ee, beginning of year	72,380\$	95,188
Less:	Current year recovery	4,334	2,645
	Accounts written-off	3,521	20,163
	_	7,855	22,808
Balanc	ce, end of year \$_	64,525\$	72,380

10. Contingency

The Fund provide the entered into agreements which for funding has expenditures incurred by third parties in respect of environmental remediation contaminated sites. An estimate of the amount of future costs, if any, these agreements cannot be made with any certainty and are not reflected in the financial statements.

11. Subsequent Event

On August 30, 1995 the government's Priorities and Planning Committee directed that, as of April 1, 1996, the Aquaculture Loan Guarantee Program be transferred Development from the Department of Economic and Tourism the of Fisheries and Aquaculture. Department The Fisheries and Aquaculture Loan Board will administer the guarantees on behalf of the Department of Fisheries and Aquaculture. Subsequent to March 31, 1997 \$1,000,000 of loan guarantees were transferred to the Board.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Health, the Minister of Finance; and To the Chair and Members of the Seniors' Pharmacare Board

I have audited the balance sheet of the Insured Prescription Drug Plan Trust Fund as at March 31, 1997, and the statements of revenues, expenses, and fund balance for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Insured Prescription Drug Plan Trust Fund as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia August 11, 1997

5,003,960 \$ 20,561,993

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

INSURED PRESCRIPTION DRUG PLAN TRUST FUND

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

7.002.10	1997	1996
Cash	2,029,327 \$	286,229
Seniors	254,714	463,065
Province of Nova Scotia	122,519	
Investments (Note 2)	2,597,400	19,812,699
\$	5,003,960 \$	20,561,993
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Payables and accruals	1,580,371 \$	1,486,598
Prepaid 1997-98 premiums	8,585,698	
Payable to Province of Nova Scotia		20,752,822
Payable to Low Income Trust Fund (Note 4)	22,003	(1,677,427)
	10,188,072	20,561,993
Fund Balance (Deficit) (Note 5)	(5,184,112)	

INSURED PRESCRIPTION DRUG PLAN TRUST FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Fund Balance (Deficit)

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenues		
Seniors		
Premiums paid by seniors	10,876,998 \$	9,057,512
Low Income Trust Fund (Note 4)	12,197,795	13,163,474
Co-payments to pharmacies	12,054,370	9,136,455
	35,129,163	31,357,441
Department of Health		
Department's 50% share of expenses	41,609,047	41,147,168
Investment income	1,295,772	104,182
_	78,033,982	72,608,791
Expenses		
Provider claims	83,218,094	82,294,336
Excess of Expenses over Revenues	(5,184,112)	(9,685,545)
Additional contribution from		
Province of Nova Scotia (Note 3)		9,685,545
Excess of Expenses over Revenues		
and Additional Contribution	(5,184,112)	
Fund Balance, beginning of year		
Fund Balance (Deficit), end of year (Note 5)	(5,184,112) \$	

INSURED PRESCRIPTION DRUG PLAN TRUST FUND

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

Seniors' Pharmacare is a voluntary prescription drug insurance plan with costs shared between seniors and the Government of Nova Scotia effective April 1, 1995. The Insured Prescription Drug Plan Trust Fund was established pursuant to Order-In-Council 95-557 on July 25, 1995. Contributions made by seniors and government are placed in the Insured Prescription Drug Plan Trust Fund and are used to pay Seniors' Pharmacare program costs.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Investments

Investments consist of government and corporate bonds, and short-term investments. All investments are carried at cost which approximate market value.

Premium Revenues

Premium revenues are recorded on the accrual basis.

Claim Expenses

Claim expenses are recorded on the accrual basis. Claims, submitted by providers, are subject to audit by the program administrators. Any adjustments to claims as a result of these audits are recorded in the year of settlement.

Administration of Program

Maritime Medical Care Inc. administers Seniors' Pharmacare on behalf the Department of Health, on a cost recovery basis. Administration costs for the 1996-97 fiscal year were paid by the Province of Nova Scotia and are not reported in these financial statements.

3. Transitional Provision

Seniors' Pharmacare is funded by government and seniors. For the 1995-96 fiscal vear, revenues from seniors were not sufficient to meet 50% of The Province of Nova Scotia provided an additional contribution for the 1995-96 fiscal year only.

4. Low Income Trust Fund

The Insured Prescription Plan Low Income Trust Fund was established Drug pursuant to Order-In-Council 95-558 on July 25, 1995. The Province of Nova Scotia's contributions to the Low Income Trust Fund to assist low are used income seniors with Seniors' Pharmacare premiums and co-payments costs. These the premium revenues for which financial statements include the Low Income Trust Fund is responsible but do not include the assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and other expenses of the Low Income Trust Fund.

5 Fund Balance (Deficit)

For the 1996-97 fiscal year, revenues from the Department of Health were sufficient to meet 50% of program expenses. However, revenues from seniors were insufficient to cover the remaining 50% of expenses. This shortfall, in the amount of \$5,184,112 is reflected as a Fund deficit. The funding of the deficit is currently being reviewed by the Board and government.

6 Comparative Figures

Certain prior year's figures have been reclassified to conform with the presentation adopted for the current year.

LAW REFORM COMMISSION

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

Current Assets Petty Cash \$ 74.8 Bank Operating Account 2,847.46 Term Deposits 67,545.12 Total Cash 70,392.5 Total Current Assets 70,467.4	58
Bank Operating Account 2,847.46 Term Deposits 67,545.12 Total Cash 70,392.56	58
Term Deposits 67,545.12 Total Cash 70,392.5	
Total Cash	
Total Current Assets	13
Fixed Assets	
Computer Office Equipment	
Accum Computer Office Equipment	
Net Office Equipment	39
Total Fixed Assets	
Total Assets	
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accrued Salary	00
Vacation Pay Accrual	00
Accounts Payable	30
Accrued Audit	00
Vacation Payable	'9
UIC Payable	
CPP Payable	
Income Tax Payable	
Receiver General Payable	'2
Total Current Liabilities 26,008.8	31
Total Liabilities 26,008.8	31

LAW REFORM COMMISSION

BALANCE SHEET (continued)

as at March 31, 1997

EQUITY

	1997
Surplus	
Surplus Beginning of Year	12,592.09
Surplus Current Year	39,730.42
Accumulated Surplus	52,322.51
Total Equity	52,322.51
Liabilities and Equity	78,331.32

LAW REFORM COMMISSION

STATEMENT OF INCOME

as at March 31, 1997

	1997
Revenue	
Operating & Project Income	
Attorney General Contribution	150,000.00
NS Law Foundation Contribution	125,000.00
Interest Income	1,548.10
Miscellaneous Income	1,509.77
Total Contributions	278,057.87
Total Revenue	278,057.87
Expenses	
Project Expenses	
Project Advisory Group	
Project Meeting Costs	974.92
Project Non Legal Consult	2,978.08
Project Library Cost	42.15
Project Commissioners Fees & Disbursements	10,378.80
Project Legal Consultant	2,518.08
Project Conferences/Workshops	120.00
Project Courier	412.46
Project GST Cost	306.46
Project Photocopy/Printing Cost	13,665.64
Project Distribution	3,036.07
Project Travel & Transportation	576.73
Total Special Project Cost	35,009.39

LAW REFORM COMMISSION

STATEMENT OF INCOME (continued)

as at March 31, 1997

Administrative Expenses 125,338.47 Wages 12981.35 CPP 1,802.61 Group Insurance 283.33 Vacation Payable 40.80 Total Personnel Related 130,446.56 Non Legal Consultants Fees 366.55 Admin Commissioners Fees & Disbursements 7,734.66 Electrical Expense 802.94 Meeting Costs 102.71 Library 1,526.43 Amortization 3,931.94 Write off of Fixed Assets 15,578.74 Audit Fees 3,500.00 Professional Fees 1,780.00 Computer Office Equipment 109.95 Internet 340.00 Admin Travel Costs 605.75 Rent 16,736.32 Office Equipment 403.48 Insurance 513.00 Total Permises Related 17,652.80 Office Supplies 2,432.21 Parking 661.00 Photocopy/Printing 338.00 Petty Cash 34.14 P			1997
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Amortization 3,931.94 Write off of Fixed Assets 15,378.74 Audit Fees 3,500.00 Professional Fees 1,780.00 Computer Office Equipment 109.95 Internet 340.00 Admin Travel Costs. 605.75 Rent 16,736.32 Office Equipment 403.48 Insurance 513.00 Total Premises Related 17,652.80 Office Supplies 2,432.21 Parking 661.00 Photocopy/Printing 338.00 Petty Cash 34.14 Postage & Courier 3,493.07 Telephone - Equipment & Internet 5,002.38 Telephone - Equipment & Reg. Fees 580.00 Office Equipment Maintenance 720.10 Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	_		1.526.43
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Rent 16,736.32 Office Equipment 403.48 Insurance 513.00 Total Premises Related 17,652.80 Office Supplies 2,432.21 Parking 661.00 Photocopy/Printing 338.00 Petty Cash 34.14 Postage & Courier 3,493.07 Telephone - Equipment & Internet 5,002.38 Telephone - Long Distance Charges 464.56 Conference/Workshop 4.00 Staff Development. & Reg. Fees 580.00 Office Equipment Maintenance 720.10 Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45			
Office Equipment 403.48 Insurance 513.00 Total Premises Related 17,652.80 Office Supplies 2,432.21 Parking 661.00 Photocopy/Printing 338.00 Petty Cash 34.14 Postage & Courier 3,493.07 Telephone - Equipment & Internet 5,002.38 Telephone - Long Distance Charges 464.56 Conference/Workshop 4.00 Staff Development. & Reg. Fees 580.00 Office Equipment Maintenance 720.10 Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	Admin Travel Costs		605.75
Insurance 513.00 Total Premises Related 17,652.80 Office Supplies 2,432.21 Parking 661.00 Photocopy/Printing 338.00 Petty Cash 34.14 Postage & Courier 3,493.07 Telephone - Equipment & Internet 5,002.38 Telephone - Long Distance Charges 464.56 Conference/Workshop 4.00 Staff Development. & Reg. Fees 580.00 Office Equipment Maintenance 720.10 Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	Rent	16,736.32	
Total Premises Related 17,652.80 Office Supplies 2,432.21 Parking 661.00 Photocopy/Printing 338.00 Petty Cash 34.14 Postage & Courier 3,493.07 Telephone - Equipment & Internet 5,002.38 Telephone - Long Distance Charges 464.56 Conference/Workshop 4.00 Staff Development. & Reg. Fees 580.00 Office Equipment Maintenance 720.10 Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	Office Equipment	403.48	
Office Supplies 2,432.21 Parking 661.00 Photocopy/Printing 338.00 Petty Cash 34.14 Postage & Courier 3,493.07 Telephone - Equipment & Internet 5,002.38 Telephone - Long Distance Charges 464.56 Conference/Workshop 4.00 Staff Development & Reg. Fees 580.00 Office Equipment Maintenance 720.10 Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	Insurance	513.00	
Office Supplies 2,432.21 Parking 661.00 Photocopy/Printing 338.00 Petty Cash 34.14 Postage & Courier 3,493.07 Telephone - Equipment & Internet 5,002.38 Telephone - Long Distance Charges 464.56 Conference/Workshop 4.00 Staff Development & Reg. Fees 580.00 Office Equipment Maintenance 720.10 Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	Total Premises Related		17,652.80
Parking 661.00 Photocopy/Printing 338.00 Petty Cash 34.14 Postage & Courier 3,493.07 Telephone - Equipment & Internet 5,002.38 Telephone - Long Distance Charges 464.56 Conference/Workshop 4.00 Staff Development & Reg. Fees 580.00 Office Equipment Maintenance 720.10 Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	Office Supplies	2,432.21	
Photocopy/Printing 338.00 Petty Cash 34.14 Postage & Courier 3,493.07 Telephone - Equipment & Internet 5,002.38 Telephone - Long Distance Charges 464.56 Conference/Workshop 4.00 Staff Development. & Reg. Fees 580.00 Office Equipment Maintenance 720.10 Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	• •	661.00	
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Postage & Courier. 3,493.07 Telephone - Equipment & Internet 5,002.38 Telephone - Long Distance Charges 464.56 Conference/Workshop 4.00 Staff Development. & Reg. Fees 580.00 Office Equipment Maintenance 720.10 Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	Petty Cash	34.14	
Telephone - Equipment & Internet 5,002.38 Telephone - Long Distance Charges 464.56 Conference/Workshop 4.00 Staff Development. & Reg. Fees 580.00 Office Equipment Maintenance 720.10 Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	•	3,493.07	
Conference/Workshop 4.00 Staff Development. & Reg. Fees 580.00 Office Equipment Maintenance 720.10 Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45		5,002.38	
Staff Development. & Reg. Fees 580.00 Office Equipment Maintenance 720.10 Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	Telephone - Long Distance Charges	464.56	
Office Equipment Maintenance 720.10 Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	Conference/Workshop	4.00	
Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	Staff Development. & Reg. Fees	580.00	
Total Office Related 13,729.46 Bank Charges 322.57 Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	Office Equipment Maintenance	720.10	
Miscellaneous 1,735.90 GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	Total Office Related	_	13,729.46
GST Paid On Purchases 3,251.10 Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	Bank Charges		322.57
Total Administration 203,318.06 Total Expenses 238,327.45	Miscellaneous		1,735.90
Total Expenses 238,327.45	GST Paid On Purchases		3,251.10
·	Total Administration	_	203,318.06
	Total Expenses	_	238,327.45
	Net Income	\$	39,730.42

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Legislative Assembly

I have audited the statement of the accounts established under the Members' Retiring Allowances Act for the year ended March 31, 1997. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Department of Finance. My responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, this statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the transactions of the accounts established under the Members' Retiring Allowances Act for the year ended March 31, 1997 in accordance with the provisions of the Members' Retiring Allowances Act as disclosed in the notes to the financial statement.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia May 22, 1997

STATEMENT OF THE ACCOUNTS ESTABLISHED UNDER

THE MEMBERS' RETIRING ALLOWANCES ACT

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Balance, beginning of year	46,062,406 \$	43,336,131
Add:		
Standard contributions		
Members	260,309	255,377
Government	260,309	255,377
Interest	3,916,505	3,608,575
Additional government contributions (Note 3)	768,351	760,915
	5,205,474	4,880,244
Deduct:		
Allowances (pensions)	2,158,254	2,145,273
Professional services	4,500	8,696
Refunds - contributions	7,701	
- interest	10,047	
Actuarial adjustment (Note 3)	7,123,378	
\$	9,303,880 \$	2,153,969
Balance, end of year	41,964,000 \$	46,062,406
Note: Number of contributors during the year	44	45
during the year	85	85

THE ACCOUNTS ESTABLISHED UNDER

THE MEMBERS' RETIRING ALLOWANCES ACT

Notes to Financial Statement

for the year ended March 31, 1997

1. Authority and Description of Plans

Members of the House of Assembly are entitled to receive allowances pursuant to provisions of the Members' Retiring Allowances Act. The Act, as amended establishes in the Consolidated Fund November 25, 1993, of the Province a Allowance the Members' Retiring Account and Members' Supplementary contributions Allowance Account to which members government Retiring and and interest are credited, and payments to pensioners and terminating are charged. If, at any time, the balances of the accounts are insufficient to make required amount will credited the accounts payments, an be to from the Consolidated Fund.

Members contribute 10% of indemnities, allowances and salaries and the Province contributes an equal amount. Contributions cease after 15 years. Pensions are paid on the basis of the average indemnities, allowances and salaries for the three highest years, at the rate of 5% for each year for which contributions were made. As of November 25, 1993 there is no longer a minimum retiring allowance.

A member qualifies for benefits on ceasing to be a member after having served five years during two or more General Assemblies, and having attained age 55 (increased from age 50 as of November 25, 1993). Former members who qualify for a retiring allowance may make application for an actuarially reduced allowance as early as 45 years of age (increased from age 40 as of November 25, 1993). Retiring allowances are increased annually on January 1 by the lesser of the increase in the consumer price index or 6%.

2. Significant Account Policies

In accordance with the provisions of the Members' Retiring Allowances Act this financial statement has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting. Contributions to the accounts are recorded when received and allowances and refunds are recorded in the accounts when paid. An amount representing interest on the balances in the accounts is calculated and credited to the accounts annually.

purposes, the contributions and allowances under the Members' Retiring Allowance Account and the Members' Supplementary Retiring Allowance account are combined.

3. Actuarial Valuation

Actuarial valuations of benefits under the Members' Retiring Allowances Act are carried out periodically and provide an estimate of liabilities as at the valuation date, calculated on the basis of various assumptions with respect to pension plan costs and interest rates. The latest actuarial valuation was conducted by Sobeco Ernst & Young based on information as of August 31, 1996.

The actuarial valuation projects liabilities for each member on the basis of service earned to that date and the projected average indemnities, allowances and salaries at the date of retirement.

The valuation indicated that at August 31, 1996 the accounts had actuarial liabilities of \$41,038,000. The liability accounts at the same date had balances totalling \$47,389,000 giving rise to an accounting surplus of \$6,351,000. The valuation was based on the following key assumptions.

Investment earnings - pre-retirement rate of 8%

- post-retirement rate of 4.35% (net of assumed pensioner cost-of-living increases per annum)

Salary escalation - year 1 - 0.0%, year 2+ -3.5%

Cost of living escalation - 3.5%

During the year, the Province made additional contributions of \$768,351 (1995 - \$760,915). This was based on the September 3, 1993 valuation which indicated that the Province would be required to contribute 39.6% of total payroll (indemnities, allowances and salaries) of contributing members, including the 10% matching portion.

A Department of Finance internally prepared estimate as at March 31, 1997, calculated the surplus in the accounts at \$7,123,378. The accounts were adjusted to reflect this revised estimate of actuarial values.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Economic Development and Tourism; and To the Chairman and Members of the Board of Directors of the Nova Scotia Business Development Corporation

I have audited the balance sheet of the Nova Scotia Business Development Corporation as at March 31, 1997, and the statement of continuity of Fund for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at March 31, 1997, and the continuity of Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies detailed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia May 23, 1997

NOVA SCOTIA BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

NOVA SCOTIA BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION FUND

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997	1996
	(in	thousands)
Loans and Shares, at cost		
Loans Receivable	\$ 132,937	\$ 138,033
Community Business Loan Program	4,113	4,190
Shares (Note 3)	16,970	10,178
	154,020	152,401
Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance		
(Note 4)		32,093
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		18,720
	58,139	50,813
	95,881	101,588
Industrial Parks (Note 5)	24,336	24,191
Other Assets (Note 6)	6,933	7,368
Less: Provision for Decline in Value	1,726	2,328
	5,207	5,040
Due from Consolidated Fund		
Guarantees (Note 7)	24,310	22,455
Less: Provision for Payment under Guarantees		5,955
•	18,591	16,500
Assistance Authorized but Unadvanced		45,765
	50,278	62,265
	\$ 175,702	
		·
FUNDING AUTHORIZED AND CO	MMITTED	
Authorized, Net of Write-Offs	\$ 312,938	\$ 315,141
Less: Provision for Concessionary Assistance		
and Possible Losses on Assistance (Note 8)	65,584	59,096
Net Fund Balance	247,354	256,045
Less: Uncommitted Balance of Fund		62,961
	\$ 175,702	\$193,084

Contingency (Note 9)

See accompanying notes to financial statements

NOVA SCOTIA BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

NOVA SCOTIA BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION FUND

Statement of Continuity of Fund

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996 thousands)
	(III	mousanus)
Balance, beginning of year	315,141	\$ 319,316
Add: Additional funds authorized		3,000
Deduct: Accounts written-off	2,203	7,175
Balance, end of year	312,938	\$315,141
Comprising:		
Loans receivable, shares and other assets	160,953	\$ 159,769
Industrial parks	24,336	24,191
Guarantees in effect and utilized	13,531	17,306
Loans and other investments authorized		
but unadvanced, and guarantees in		
effect but not utilized	42,466	50,914
Uncommitted balance	71,652	62,961
\$_	312,938	\$ 315,141

See accompanying notes to financial statements

NOVA SCOTIA BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

NOVA SCOTIA BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION FUND

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

The Nova Scotia Business Development Corporation was established pursuant to the Business Development Corporation Act. The Act provided for the creation the Nova Scotia Business Development Corporation Fund. The object of the development in the Province by Corporation is to encourage business providing financial assistance to business through the Fund, or such other assistance as may be determined by the Governor-in-Council. The Corporation's activities are administered through a division of the Department of Economic Development and Tourism (formerly the Nova Scotia Economic Renewal Agency).

2. Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles modified by paragraphs (a), (c) and (d) below.

Administrative Expenses, Interest Revenue and Expense

Corporation, (a) Administrative expenses of the and revenues earned on quarantees are included in the accounts of the Department of Economic Development and Tourism and are not reflected in the financial statements. addition, accrued loan interest is not recognized as a receivable in the financial Interest and other income earned on loans and shares statements of the Fund. is included in the accounts of the Department of Finance.

Industrial Parks

- (b) Industrial parks are carried at cost of acquisition plus direct costs improvements, net of proceeds of disposal. Selling prices are established number of considerations and may be set to provide The park lands are reflected on an aggregate basis at the lower of cost or estimated market value.
- (c) The buildings in the parks are carried at book value. No depreciation is charged on the buildings.
- (d) Effective April 1, 1994 operational responsibility for the industrial parks transferred to the Department of Transportation and Public Works. Revenues expenses associated with the operation of the industrial accounted for by the Department of Transportation and Public Works and not reflected in these financial statements.

Other Assets

(e) Properties which are rented to third parties under capital lease arrangements are carried at unamortized cost. A portion of rent received on capital leases is recorded as a reduction in the carrying value of individual assets.

Properties acquired through foreclosure are carried at the cost of foreclosure acquisition.

Properties acquired through default of capital leases are carried at the unamortized value of the lease.

When a permanent reduction in the value of a property under a capital lease arrangement becomes known, the carrying cost of the property is reduced to net realizable value.

Properties in default under capital lease arrangements and properties acquired through foreclosure are subject to a provision for write down annually to estimated realizable value.

Provision for Concessionary Assistance

(f) The Corporation provides for the effect of the decrease in valuation of certain loans and shares due to the assistance being provided with concessionary terms.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

(g) The Corporation provides for possible losses on guarantees authorized, loans receivable, shares and other assets on an item-by-item basis except for loans under the Community Business Loan Program for which a blanket provision is determined based on past years' loan performance. In addition, a general reserve is provided on any unreserved assistance outstanding.

3. Shares

	1997 (in thousa	1996 ands)
Preferred shares	12,370 \$	10,178
Common shares	4,600	
\$	<u> 16,970</u> \$	10,178

4. Provision for Concessionary Assistance

Concessionary assistance is the difference between the net present value at year end of the anticipated future repayments to be received by the Fund and the amount of assistance advanced to an economic entity on the usual established commercial terms of the Corporation.

The terms of concessionary assistance through the Corporation include low interest rates, extended repayment terms and forgiveness clauses. This assistance is recorded at cost and reduced by the Provision for Concessionary Assistance. Any or recovery of the net present value of this assistance subsequent years is reflected in the Provision for Concessionary Assistance.

The assistance outstanding, provision for concessionary assistance and net book value (NBV) related to each of loans and shares is as follows:

			1997						1996
			Provision for						
	Assistance	!	Concessionary						
	Outstanding		Assistance			NBV			NBV
			(in tho	us	ands)				
Loans \$	35,014	\$	24,359	\$		10,655	\$	1	14,635
Shares	11,769	_	6,896			4,873	_		5,493
\$	46,783	\$_	31,255	\$		15,528	\$_	2	20,128

The 1996 figures have been adjusted to be comparable to this year's figures.

5. Industrial Parks

These parks consist of land in various stages of development from unimproved to fully developed and serviced lots. The parks also include buildings, which are mainly used as incubator malls.

No provision has been made to reflect on an individual park-by-park basis the difference between the carrying cost and fair market value. As at March 31, 1997 the cost of parks in excess of management's determination of market value totalled \$6,312,007 (market value - \$2,746,120). The cost of parks where market value exceeded cost was \$11,497,810 (market value - \$17,466,150). This results in an estimated net excess of current market value over carrying costs of approximately \$2,402,453.

The balance of the cost of industrial parks of \$6,525,696 is represented by the book value at March 31, 1997 of the incubator malls, other buildings and property.

6. Other Assets

		1997 (in t	1996	
Leased Properties	\$	1,924	\$	3,214
Assets Acquired by Foreclosure	·	5,009		4,154
	\$	6,933	\$	7,368

7. Guarantees

	1997		1996
	(in	thou	usands)
Guarantees - In effect and utilized	\$ 13,531	\$	17,306
Guarantees - In effect but not utilized	 10,779		5,149
	\$ 24,310	\$_	22,455

During the year three guarantees totalling \$2,555,000 were paid out.

8. Provision for Concessionary Assistance and Possible Losses on Assistance

The following is a continuity of the provision:

	1997 (in	1996 sands)
Balance, beginning of year\$	59,096	\$ 60,393
Add: Current year provision	8,691	5,878
Deduct: Accounts written-off	2,203	 7,175
Balance, end of year	65,584	\$ 59,096

9. Contingency

The Corporation has entered into agreements which provide for the funding expenditures incurred by third parties in respect of environmental remediation amount of contaminated sites. An estimate of the future costs under these agreements cannot be made with any certainty and are not reflected in the financial statements.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Agriculture and Marketing; and To the Vice Chair and Members of the Nova Scotia Crop and Livestock Insurance Commission

I have audited the balance sheet of the Nova Scotia Crop and Livestock Insurance Commission as at March 31, 1997, and the statement of income and fund balances for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commission as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies stated in Note 2 to the financial statements.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia June 24, 1997

NOVA SCOTIA CROP AND LIVESTOCK INSURANCE COMMISSION

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997	1996
Current Assets		
Cash	5,044,972 5,775	4,723,883 19,321 79,917
LIABILITIES AND FUND BAL	ANCES	
Current Liabilities		
Unearned premiums	\$ 32,102 526	\$ 31,784 7,081
indemnities (Note 3)	4,107 36,735	15,554 9 54,428
Fund Balances		
Crop insurance	4,193,132 939,527	3,633,520 268,732 921,399
	5,132,659	4,823,651

\$ 5,169,394 \$ 4,878,079

NOVA SCOTIA CROP AND LIVESTOCK INSURANCE COMMISSION

Statement of Income and Fund Balances

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	Crop	Livestock		Totals	
	Insurance	Insurance	Other	1997	1996
Revenues					
Insurance premiums (Schedule A)	577,460 \$	26,173 \$	\$	603,633 \$	574,517
Interest income	176,055	39,916		215,971	306,628
	753,515	66,089		819,604	881,145
Expenses		<u> </u>			
Indemnity claims (Schedule A)	455,918	47,961		503,879	325,327
Bad debt expense	6,717			6,717	
Administrative expenses					
(Schedule B)	507,693	5,182	5,182	518,057	518,032
	970,328	53,143	5,182	1,028,653	843,359
Income (loss) before Government					
contributions	(216,813)	12,946	(5,182)	(209,049)	37,786
Covernment contributions (Note 4)	507 602	E 400	E 400	E40.0E7	E40.022
Government contributions (Note 4)		5,182	5,182	518,057	518,032
Net Income	290,880	18,128		309,008	555,818
Fund Balance					
Beginning of year *	3,902,252	921,399		4,823,651	4,267,833
End of year	4,193,132 \$_	939,527	s\$_	<u>5,132,659</u> \$	4,823,651

^{*} The fund balance for Crop Insurance at the beginning of the year has been increased by \$268,732 to reflect the termination of the Commission's participation in the Gross Revenue Insurance Plan, and the transfer of the GRIP - Crop Insurance beginning of year fund balance into the Crop Insurance Fund (Note 7).

NOVA SCOTIA CROP AND LIVESTOCK INSURANCE COMMISSION

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

The Nova Scotia Crop and Livestock Insurance Commission was established pursuant to Section 2(1) of the Nova Scotia Crop and Livestock Insurance Act. The function of the Commission is to administer plans of crop and livestock insurance, and conduct programs relating to these plans.

2. Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles modified by the policy of charging furniture and equipment purchases to expense in the year of acquisition.

3. Provision for Payment of Unsettled Indemnities

Any indemnities for losses incurred in the fiscal year not paid as of year end have been recorded in the financial statements, with the exception of indemnities for Winter Grain.

Winter Grain is planted in the fall, but is not harvested until the following fall. Therefore, crop yields for Winter Grain are not known until well after the annual financial statements have been prepared. Crop yields can fluctuate dramatically depending upon factors such as weather conditions during the growing and harvesting seasons. As a result, the occurrence and amount of losses relating to this year's crop, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated at this time and therefore no provision has been recorded in the financial statements. In most cases, the indemnity expense for Winter Grain will be recorded in the year it is paid.

4. Government Contributions

Under the crop insurance programs, producers pay 50% of the insurance premiums and the Federal and Provincial governments each pay 25%. Neither the Federal nor Provincial governments cost share in the insurance premiums of the livestock insurance program or in non-refundable deposits.

For the 1997 fiscal year, the Federal government contributed 49% (1996 - 48.5%) of the total administrative expenses. The Provincial government funded the remainder.

5. Insurance Coverage

The total insurance coverage under the original program as of March 31, 1997 was \$33,515,774 (1996 - \$33,954,774), comprising crop insurance of \$11,406,574 (1996 - \$10,045,374) and livestock insurance of \$22,109,200 (1996 - \$23,909,400).

The Province is party to an agreement with the Government of Canada, whereby, the Province makes advances to a fund administered by the Government of Canada called the Crop Re-Insurance Fund of Canada for Nova Scotia. The purpose of this Fund is to assist the Province of Nova Scotia when there is a requirement by the Province to make advances to the Commission for the payment of crop insurance indemnities. Transactions concerning this Fund are recorded by the Province and are not reflected in the accounting records of the Commission.

There is no Re-insurance Fund for livestock. The Province is responsible for any deficiency in these funds.

6. Public Service Superannuation Fund

All full time employees of the Commission are entitled to receive pension benefits pursuant to the provisions of a pension plan established under the Public Service Superannuation Act. The plan is funded by equal employee and employer contributions. The employer's contributions are included in the Commission's The Public Service Superannuation Fund is administered by the operating expenses. Department of Finance. The Commission is not responsible for any unfunded liability.

7. Gross Revenue Insurance Plan

In accordance with Section 20.2(a) of the Canada/Nova Scotia Crop Insurance Agreement, the Province has given notice that it will terminate its participation in the plan on March 31, 1998. In accordance with Section 29.1 of the agreement, the surplus related to the crop insurance portion of the plan has been transferred to the Province of Nova Scotia crop insurance fund.

NOVA SCOTIA CROP AND LIVESTOCK INSURANCE COMMISSION

Premium Revenue and Indemnity Claims

for the year ended March 31, 1997

		Pre	emium Revenue			Indemnity C	laims
	Farmer	Federal	Provincial	1997	1996	1997	1996
Crop Insurance							
Spring grain \$	31,380 \$	15,690 \$	15,690 \$	62,760 \$	6,861 \$	52,385 \$	11,172
Winter grain	7,686	3,843	3,843	15,372	8,216	5,158	
Tree fruit	124,206	62,103	62,103	248,412	217,482	56,044	74,194
Tobacco					20,226		
Corn	31,034	15,517	15,517	62,068	5,476	67,198	1,785
Peas & Beans	46,410	23,205	23,205	92,820	100,619	89,179	51,436
Blueberries	25,215	12,607	12,607	50,429	46,765	144,488	51,217
Strawberries	3,541	1,771	1,771	7,083	16,098	11,134	7,389
Forage	648	324	324	1,296	1,851		
Soybeans	3,767	1,884	1,884	7,535	389	7,156	
Potatoes	14,843	7,421	7,421	29,685	34,262	23,176	86,284
	288,730	144,365	144,365	577,460	458,245	455,918	283,477
GRIP Crop Insurance							
Spring grain					41,946		32,895
Corn					32,396		857
Winter grain					6,339		828
Soybeans					8,725		
_					89,406		34,580
Livestock Insurance							
Dairy	26,173			26,173	26,866	47,961	7,270
Total	314,903 \$	144,365 \$_	144,365 \$_	603,633 \$	<u>574,517</u> \$	503,879 \$	325,327

Schedule B

NOVA SCOTIA CROP AND LIVESTOCK INSURANCE COMMISSION

Administrative Expenses

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	Crop	Livestock		Totals	_
	Insurance	Insurance	Other	1997	1996
Personnel	352,766 \$	3,600 \$	3,600 \$	359,966 \$	352,657
Transportation and communication	49,948	510	510	50,968	54,641
Information	5,660	58	58	5,776	7,676
Professional and special services	14,527	148	148	14,823	14,650
Office accommodation and equipment rental	34,223	349	349	34,921	34,472
Repair and maintenance of equipment	3,220	33	33	3,286	2,300
Utilities, materials and supplies	2,817	29	29	2,875	5,644
Capital purchases less than \$50,000	7,126	73	73	7,272	7,822
Other expenditures	37,406	382	382	38,170	38,170
$\$_{=}^{-}$	507,693 \$	5,182 \$	5,182 \$	518,057 \$	518,032

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Agriculture and Marketing; and To the Chairman and Members of the Nova Scotia Farm Loan Board

I have audited the balance sheet of the Nova Scotia Farm Loan Board as at March 31, 1997. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board as at March 31, 1997 in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2 of the financial statements.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia May 12, 1997

NOVA SCOTIA FARM LOAN BOARD

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997 (in	1996 usands)
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,013	\$ 886
Loans receivable (Note 3, Schedule 1)	131,725	140,333
Real estate (Note 4)	5,618	6,157
	\$ 138,356	\$ 147,376
LIABILITIES		
Insurance reserve (Note 5)	\$ 1,878	\$ 1,740
Finance (Note 6)	 136,478	145,636
	\$ 138,356	\$ 147,376

Commitments (Note 7)

NOVA SCOTIA FARM LOAN BOARD

Notes to Balance Sheet

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

The Nova Scotia Farm Loan Board operates under the authority of the Agricultural and Rural Credit Act. The Board was established to increase agricultural activities in the Province by providing financial assistance to farmers.

2. Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles modified by the following policy.

Administrative expenses of the Board, and the interest and lease revenues earned are included in the records of the Nova Scotia Department of Agriculture and Marketing. Capital advance interest charges are recorded in the accounts of the Department of Finance. These amounts are not reflected in these financial statements. These statements also exclude accrued loan interest receivable.

3. Loans Receivable

	1997	1996
	(in	thousands)
Farm loans	135,061	\$ 143,177
Timber loans	1,858	2,142
	136,919	145,319
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	5,194	4,986
\$	131,725	\$ 140,333

Included in farm loans at March 31, 1996 are loan advances of \$467,321 held in trust by private sector lawyers. The funds were subsequently disbursed upon completion of certain legal requirements stipulated by the Board. There were no loan advances held in trust by private sector lawyers at March 31, 1997.

4. Real Estate - at lower of cost and net realizable value

	1997 (in thousands)	1996
Real estate being leased or held \$	1,279 \$	1,187
Land bank	4,596	5,389
Land consolidation Agricultural Rural Development Agreement (ARDA)	176	195
Less: Federal Government share of cost of ARDA properties	(88)	(98)
Held for Department of Agriculture and Marketing	542	458
Less: Allowance for doubtful recoveries	6,505 887 5,618 \$	7,131 974 6,157

5. Insurance Reserve

The Board requires borrowers to participate in a group life program administered by the Board. The carrier of the insurance will pay claims up to 100% and above 125% of premiums received from borrowers during the year. The insurance reserve will be used to fund the portion of claims that fall between these two limits. In addition, the Board may use the reserve to maintain or reduce future premiums charged to borrowers under the policy and pay for professional services related to the program.

Of the total reserve, \$1,143,000 (1996 - \$1,170,000) is held by the Department of Finance, which reduces the Board's advances from the Department. The remaining \$735,000 (1996 - \$570,000) is held by the carrier of the insurance plan, and is included in the accounts receivable of the Board. Interest is paid by the insurance plan carrier on an annual basis for certain funds and on a daily basis for other funds, and the interest rates used are set at the beginning of each policy year. The funds held by the Department of Finance bear no interest.

6. Advance from Department of Finance

Advance non Department of Finance	1997 (in tho	1996 usands)
Advance from Department of Finance	144,437	\$153,336
Less: Insurance reserve	1,878	1,740
Allowance for doubtful accounts		
and recoveries	6,081	5,960
_	7,959	7,700
\$ <u></u>	136,478	\$ 145,636

7. Commitments

As at March 31, 1997, the Board had authorized loans of \$4,145,466 (1996 - \$4,170,284) which had not been disbursed.

Schedule 1

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

NOVA SCOTIA FARM LOAN BOARD

Continuity of Loans Receivable

for the year ended March 31, 1997

Loans receivable	1997 (in t	1996 thousands)
Balance, beginning of year \$	145,319	\$ 143,868
Add: Advances made		
Farm loans	22,748	20,340
Timber loans		510
	22,748	20,850
Deduct: Payments received		
Farm loans	30,519	18,326
Timber loans	285	134
Net transfers to real estate	344	939
	31,148	19,399
Balance, end of year	136,919	145,319
Allowance for doubtful accounts	5,194	4,986
Loans receivable, net of allowance	131,725	\$ 140,333

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Legislative Assembly; and To the Minister of Economic Development and Tourism

I have audited the balance sheet of Nova Scotia Film Development Corporation as at March 31, 1997 and the statement of operations and surplus for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates management, evaluating the overall made by as well as financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at March 31, 1997 and the results its for year then accordance operations the ended in with the accounting policies described in Note 2 to the financial statements.

> E.R. SALMON, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia July 3, 1997

NOVA SCOTIA FILM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997	1996
Current		
Cash and short-term investments	128,000	80,859
\$	655,273	\$ 784,583
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 46,280	\$ 21,609
Unearned revenue	270	657
	46,550	22,266
SURPLUS		
Surplus (Note 3)	608,723	762,317
	655,273	\$ 784,583

Contingent Commitments - \$654,413 (1996 - \$740,400) (Note 3)

NOVA SCOTIA FILM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Statement of Operations and Surplus

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenues		
Contributions from the Department of Economic		
Development and Tourism (Note 4) \$	1,717,500 \$	1,590,800
Recovery of equity investments (Note 5)	58,581	81,163
Production Guide advertising	34,477	32,333
Interest and other income	42,482	59,001
	1,853,040	1,763,297
Expenditures		
Assistance programs		
Equity investments (Note 5)	1,294,000	953,815
Project development loans (Note 6)	87,277	143,474
Special project grants	136,336	125,175
	1,517,613	1,222,464
Less: Recovery of project development loans	(74,371)	(16,000)
	1,443,242	1,206,464
Administrative expenses (Schedule 1)	563,392	467,554
	2,006,634	1,674,018
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(153,594)	89,279
Surplus - beginning of year	762,317	673,038
Surplus - end of year\$	608,723 \$	762,317

NOVA SCOTIA FILM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Notes to Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 1997

1. Authority

The Nova Scotia Film Development Corporation incorporated through was act proclaimed Governor in Council August 1, 1990. The chief by the on purpose of the Corporation is to promote the development of, and to create and the stimulate employment and investment in, Nova Scotia film and video industry by providing financial and other assistance.

The Corporation has been designated by the Minister of Finance to administer the Nova Scotia Film Tax Credit Program, including registration of productions and review tax credit applications.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles except for the undernoted items:

- (i) Program grants, loans and equity participation are charged to current expenditures as disbursed. Recoveries derived from equity investments are recorded as revenue when received. Recoveries of project development loans are offset against expenditures when received.
- (ii) Capital asset acquisitions are recorded as current expenditures. Any proceeds from disposal thereof are recorded as revenues.
- (iii) The costs incurred by government departments providing certain services to the Corporation are not reflected in these statements.
- (iv) A statement of changes in financial position is not provided since disclosure in the statement of operations and surplus and the balance sheet is considered adequate.
- (v) act incorporation required the establishment of special account as Nova Scotia Film Development Corporation Fund. investments or guarantees were to be charged to the fund and corporate administrative expenses were to be paid from the Consolidated Fund of No fund has been established and all charges and expenses of the Corporation have been paid out of an appropriation from Consolidated Fund of the Province.

3. Surplus and Contingent Commitments

Because lead times required obtain all the of the to resources necessary to complete film for and video productions. the Corporation approves applications funding which will disbursements until subsequent fiscal not result in program periods.

As at March 31, 1997, the Corporation is contractually committed to advance funds totalling \$654,413 (1996 - \$740,400) as investments and loans in respect of current and future projects.

4. Economic Dependence/Services Provided

The Corporation is economically dependent on the Department of Economic Development and Tourism for annual funding. During the year, services were provided to the Corporation by government departments, including the following:

Legal services	56,250
Rent	30,000
\$_	86,250

The cost of these services is not reflected in these financial statements.

5. Equity Investments

Production assistance in the form of equity investment is provided eligible provide producers the financing of productions that will employment and Nova economic benefit Scotians. investments made the to Equity are condition of repayment through participation in revenues generated by projects. Revenue is recorded as received. During the year the Corporation received \$58,581 (1996 - \$81,163). The total equity investment of the Corporation to March 31, 1997 is \$6,104,043, with recoupment to March 31. 1997 of \$223,951, for а \$5,880,092. Additionally, the Corporation administers \$1,689,994 investments, made prior to August, 1990 by the Province, to which it is eligible for participation in revenues.

During 1996-97, on behalf of the Department of Economic Development and Tourism, the Corporation disbursed assistance for a project and was reimbursed by the Department. The disbursement and reimbursement have been offset in the books of account of the Corporation through the equity investment account.

6. Project Development Loans

The Corporation provides loans to qualified applicants to support the essential process development which takes an idea through the of research. stages writing, market analysis and costing, which must precede the completion production financing arrangements. Support for the development of а does necessarily imply support for а production. ΑII project development charged to current expenditures when disbursed. Project development loans are interest free and are to be repaid the earlier of the first day of principal photography or on the optioning, sale or transfer of the property to a third party. Total development loans outstanding on March 31, 1997 were \$537,564.

7. Public Service Superannuation Fund

All full-time employees of the Corporation are entitled to receive pension benefits pursuant to the provisions of the pension plan established under Public Service Superannuation Act. The plan is funded by equal employee and employer contributions. The employer's contributions are included the The Public Service Corporation's administrative expenses. Superannuation Fund is administered by the Department of Finance.

Schedule 1

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

NOVA SCOTIA FILM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Administrative Expenses

	1997	1996
Salaries and Benefits	213,181	\$ 218,928
Contract Buy-Out	118,498	
Staff Training	1,545	1,959
Audit Services	3,785	6,563
Advertising	25,441	31,924
Bank Charges	1,240	785
Bad Debts		1,151
Consultants	10,102	830
Courier Services	3,803	3,717
Dues, Fees and Subscriptions	897	1,631
Entertainment	5,788	3,326
Insurance	1,431	1,107
Legal Fees	1,187	
Location Scout	3,313	8,892
Miscellaneous	(5,632)	
Repairs & Maintenance	1,605	1,354
Production Guide	36,005	34,592
Board Honorarium and Expenses	59,577	17,663
Capital Equipment	4,355	30,118
Photocopier/Fax Rent	5,782	6,542
Office Supplies	6,298	5,895
Postage	7,242	6,178
Printing		7,241
Photos	3,895	3,777
Library	802	3,416
Conferences/Marketing	1,483	4,187
Telephone and Fax	12,828	8,200
Business Travel Expenses	38,941	57,578
Total	563,392	\$467,554

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Finance; and To the Chairman and Members of the Board of the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation

I have audited the balance sheet of the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation as at March 31, 1997 and the statements of revenue, expenses and income allocation and retained earnings for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation has prepared the financial statements as they relate casino gaming based upon their interpretation of the Operating Contract to between the Corporation and Metropolitan Entertainment Group. This interpretation results in the adoption of an expense allocation approach which recognizes payment of the shortfalls that arose in the previous year referred to in Note 3(h) to the Corporation's financial statements as an expense for the current vear. In mν that represent these shortfalls are expenses which should opinion, the amounts recognized in the year incurred. If these shortfalls had been recognized as expenses in the previous year, net income of the Corporation reported for that year would have been reduced by \$2,143,409 and net income of the Corporation being reported for the current year would have been increased by \$2,143, 409.

In my opinion, except for the matter referred to in the preceding paragraph, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia May 30, 1997.

NOVA SCOTIA GAMING CORPORATION

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997		1996
Current			
Due from Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc	\$ 8,607,772	\$	9,104,004
Due from Metropolitan Entertainment Group (Note 2d)	5,612,436		271,817
Prepaids	1,361		1,361
	14,221,569		9,377,182
Long-term			
Investment in Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc. (Note 4)	100		100
Investment in Interprovincial Lottery Corporation (Note 5)	1		1
Due from Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc. (Note 6)	808,468		800,816
Fixed Assets (Note 7)	•		37,118
, ,	853,029		838,035
	\$ 15,074,598	\$	10,215,217
LIABILITIES			
Current			
Accounts Payable	\$ 269,234	\$	305,512
Deferred Revenue			8,333,334
Due to VLT Problem Gaming Fund	53,572		58,469
Due to the Province of Nova Scotia (Note 8)	 13,943,324		717,086
	14,266,130		9,414,401
EQUITY			
Fixed assets of Atlantic Lottery Corporation			
Inc. (Note 6)	808,468	_	800,816
	\$ 15,074,598	\$_	10,215,217

Contingencies and Commitments (Notes 3, 9 and 10)

NOVA SCOTIA GAMING CORPORATION

Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Income Allocation

	1997	1996
Revenue		
Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc.		
Regular Lottery Profit Distribution (Schedule I)\$	41,079,158 \$	41,193,483
VLT Profit Distribution (Schedule II)	68,841,736	63,425,039
Sheraton Halifax Interim Casino (Schedule III)		
Revenue after Casino Win Tax	38,336,192	29,055,447
Sheraton Sydney Casino (Schedule IV)		
Revenue after Casino Win Tax	21,661,347	11,660,863
	169,918,433	145,334,832
Expenses and Income Allocation		
Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc.		
Special Payments (Note 4(d))	200,000	200,000
Bonus Commissions (Note 4(d))	48,009	55,523
VLT Problem Gaming Contribution (Note 2(f))	318,014	297,548
Sheraton Halifax Interim Casino (Schedule III)		
Operating Expenses	24,101,453	19,431,535
Allocation of Income - Operator (Note 3(e) and 3(h))	12,061,055	9,117,721
Sheraton Sydney Casino (Schedule IV)		
Operating Expenses	13,078,011	8,859,256
Allocation of Income - Operator (Note 3(e) and 3(h))	8,414,896	2,801,607
Corporation (Schedule V)	867,041	634,836
	59,088,479	41,398,026
Net Operating Income	110,829,954	103,936,806
Income Guarantee (Notes 2(d) and 12)	8,351,805	6,405,426
Net Income	119,181,759 \$	110,342,232

NOVA SCOTIA GAMING CORPORATION

Statement of Retained Earnings

	1997	1996
Balance, beginning of year \$	\$	
Net income (Note 12)	119,181,759	110,342,232
Payments to Province of Nova Scotia	119,181,759	110,342,232
Balance, end of year	<u></u> \$	

NOVA SCOTIA GAMING CORPORATION

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended March 31, 1997

1. Description of Business

The Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation was incorporated on February 15, 1995 by Chapter 4 of the Acts of 1994-95, the Gaming Control Act. The purpose of the Corporation is to develop, undertake, organize, conduct and manage casinos and other lottery schemes on behalf of the Province and together with other provinces that have an agreement with Nova Scotia respecting any such lottery schemes.

2. Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principals. A statement of changes in financial position is not provided as disclosure in the balance sheet, and the statement of revenue, expenses and income allocation is considered adequate.

(b) Casino Revenue

In accordance with industry practice, casino revenues are reported as the net win from gaming activities, which is the difference between amounts wagered and amounts paid as winnings. Casino revenues are reported net of accruals for anticipated amounts to be paid as winnings for progressive slot machine jackpots.

(c) Video Lottery Revenue

In accordance with industry practice, video lottery revenues are reported as the net receipts from video lottery activities, which is the difference between amounts wagered and amounts paid as winnings.

(d) Income Guarantee

accordance with the Operating Contract between Metropolitan Entertainment Group (Operator), the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation guarantee International Inc. (Guarantor) (Note 3), an income provided to ensure Total Provincial Revenue in each of the first four years of would not be less than \$25 million. Total Provincial Revenue includes the aggregate of casino win tax paid to the Province of Nova Scotia, annual registration fees of \$100,000 paid to the Nova Scotia Gaming Control Commission and the share of profit allocated to the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation as described in the Operating Contract.

On June 1, 1995, Sheraton Casinos Nova Scotia paid the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation \$25 million, which represented a prepayment of the first year of the income guarantee. Commencement date of the guarantee period was June 1, 1995 with an expiry date of July 31, 1999. If Total Provincial Revenue falls below the \$25 million requirement in any of year two through year four of the guarantee period, the Operator is obligated to pay the deficiency with 90 days after the end of each guarantee year.

Pursuant to the Operating Contract, the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation and the Operator have agreed that if Total Provincial Revenue exceeds \$25 million in any of year two through to year five then any previously paid deficiencies can be offset against Total Provincial Revenue earned in excess of \$25 million. any year in which Total Provincial Revenue exceeds \$25 million up to and five, the Corporation will record the repayment the vear Operator of any previously paid deficiency as an expense of the Corporation.

The second year of the income guarantee commenced August 1, 1996. this date, the casino win tax is payable to the Province of Nova Scotia on a daily basis and the Corporation's share of profit is payable on a monthly On a cumulative monthly basis the amount of the income guarantee is accrued if Total Provincial Revenue (casino win tax, annual registration fees and profit allocation) is less than the pro rata portion of the income guarantee receivable during that month. Α from Metropolitan Entertainment Group in the amount of \$5,135,766 has been accrued to reflect the difference between Total Provincial Revenue earned during the guarantee period between August 1, 1996 and March 31, 1997 and the amount owing as at March 31, 1997 expiration of eight months bv virtue of the of this second income Revenue Total earned Nova guarantee period. by the Scotia Gaming Corporation during the year ended March 31, 1997 in relation to the income guarantee was \$8,351,805 (1996 - \$6,405,426).

(e) Fixed Assets

Fixed Assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided on the declining balance basis at the following annual rates.

Computer equipment	30%
Office equipment	20%

(f) VLT Problem Gaming Contribution

VLT (Video Lottery Terminal) Problem Gaming Fund was created 1995 by agreement between the Lounge and Beverage Room Association of Nova Scotia and the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation. The Beverage Room of Nova Scotia Lounge Association agreed that its members would contribute 1% of their gross commission receivable provided Lottery Corporation Inc. in respect of VLT revenues number of VLTs and the commission rate would not be reduced for three The Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation agreed to contribute receivable from Atlantic Lottery Corporation amount revenues Inc. an contributions made by the members of the Association. Establishment VLT Problem Gaming Fund and its terms of reference are subject to approval by the Governor-in-Council, which is still pending.

(g) Investments

Investments in the Atlantic Lottery Corporation Interprovincial Inc. and the Corporation recorded using the cost accounting are method of investments.

3. The Operating Contract

(a) Term

1995 Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation entered into On May 31, the Metropolitan Entertainment Operating Contract with Group (Sheraton Nova Scotia/Operator), a partnership between ITT Sheraton Canada Ltd. and Purdy's Wharf Development Limited, to operate casinos in Halifax, and Sydney for a period expiring on December 31, 2015. The Operating provides Metropolitan Entertainment with exclusive Group the to operate casino gaming in Nova Scotia behalf of the as an agent on Corporation.

Operator The was required, pursuant the Halifax Interim Casino to Construction Sydney Casino Construction Contract and the Contract, develop, finance and construct a temporary casino facility in Halifax permanent casino complex in Sydney which open June 1, 1995 and August 1, respectively. All operating and capital assets and related liabilities respect of each casino complex are, in accordance with the terms of Operating Contract, the property Metropolitan Entertainment Group and of therefore recorded Corporation's financial are not on the statements. In addition, the develop. finance construct Operator is required to and а permanent casino the terms of the Halifax Casino complex pursuant to scheduled Construction Contract with а completion date of September 1998 (see Note 13).

(b) Purchase Option

Upon expiration of the Operating Contract in 2015, the Corporation option to purchase each of the Halifax and Sydney casino complexes for the price of \$1.00. The Corporation also has an option to purchase each the two casino complexes in year 10 or year 15 of the Contract. This early the Corporation to pay option requires out the balance of principal Operator's capital investment. the outstanding balance development financing and the net present value the of projected allocation due to the Operator for the balance of the term of the Contract. initial capital investment (development costs) totalled \$24.1 in Halifax and \$23.2 million in Sydney and will be recovered through an allocation of income as described in Note 3(e). The Corporation is required to approve these development costs (Note 3 (j)).

(c) Termination of Operating Contract

The Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation and the Operator have the right to terminate the Operating Contract prior to its expiration if either party is in breach of certain terms. The Corporation may terminate the Operating Contract if an event of default has occurred and the Operator has not cured the default within

a prescribed time period. The provisions of the income guarantee would remain in full force and effect until such time as the full sum of \$100 million with respect to Total Provincial Revenue has been paid by the Operator.

The Operator Operating Operator may terminate the Contract if an termination event as described in Section 6.6.1 of the Operating Contract occurs and is not remedied by the Corporation within a prescribed period of required to pay the time. The Corporation would be balance the outstanding Operator's capital investment, the principal balance of Financing and the net present value of the Development projected income allocation due to the Operator for the balance of the term of the Contract.

(d) Win Tax

The Province of Nova Scotia is entitled to a casino win tax which is equal to 20% of casino revenue (Note 2(b)).

(e) Allocation of Income - Operator

The Operator is entitled to an allocation of income from each casino calculated with reference to the following items, which are listed according to their priority in Section 4.7 of the Operating Contract.

- An amount based upon the Operator's capital investment (development costs) in Halifax and Sydney with respect to each Casino Complex, which amount is amortized straight-line over a three year term in Halifax and a ten year term in Sydney, with interest calculated at 12% on the total outstanding capital investment.
- An amount equal to 1.5% of casino revenue before caniso win tax to fund a
 capital replacement reserve. Disbursements from this reserve are required to
 be approved in advance by the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation through
 the annual capital budget approval process.
- An amount equal to 3% of casino revenue in Sydney as a Base Fee and 10% of casino revenue, less win tax, Base Fee and non-property expenses as an Incentive Fee.
- An amount equal to the Operator's shortfall in any one year that income is insufficient to make allocations, as described above. The Operator will track the amount of the shortfall and will be entitled to increase future income allocations by an amount equal to the accumulated shortfall plus interest at prime plus 1% during the period in which the shortfall is outstanding.
- An amount equivalent to 35% of cash available for distribution, as defined in the Operating Contract from the Halifax casino.

(f) Allocation of Income - Corporation

The Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation is entitled to an allocation of income equivalent to 65% of cash available for distribution in the Halifax Casino as defined in the Operating Contract.

The Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation is entitled to an allocation of income equivalent to 100% of the cash available for distribution in the Sydney Casino as defined in the Operating Contract. The Province of Nova Scotia has agreed distribute this Bands who 50% of profit to First Nations have signed gaming agreements with the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation. The Province of Nova Scotia has agreed to pay the remaining 50% of its share of profit to a purpose fund from which payments to qualified Nova charities will be made.

(g) Operating Period

Income to be earned by the Corporation and the Operator is calculated based upon the operating period which is defined in the Operating Contract as the The calendar year. Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation's annual financial statements are prepared based upon a March 31st year-end. Any income earned by the Operator or the Corporation during the operating period ended December 31st cannot be subsequently adjusted in the event the Operator has a shortfall in subsequent years.

(h) Allocation of Income in Subsequent Years

the income previous year, insufficient to allocate the was Operator the maximum allocation to which the Operator was entitled with reference to their capital investment (Note 3e). The Operator's accumulated shortfall as at March 31, 1996 which has been eliminated, totalled \$459,799 in Halifax and \$1,683,610 in Sydney. These amounts were allocated to Operator from income during the year ended March 31, 1997 and accordingly were recorded as expenses of the Corporation in the current year.

(i) Public Education and Problem Gaming Contribution

Group Metropolitan Entertainment and the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation agreed to an annual contribution of \$1,000,000 to be paid to Department of Health to provide funds for problem gaming programs Contributions have related public education. been allocated as an between the Sheraton Halifax and Sydney Casinos pro rata based upon gaming revenues.

(j) Approvals

The Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation is required to approve, Operator's business plan, including the annual operating budget and the annual capital budget. The Corporation is also required to approve development with respect to the Halifax Interim Casino, Halifax Permanent and the Sydney Permanent Casino.

Schedule Ш and Schedule IV have been prepared based on financial statements of Sheraton Casinos Nova Scotia -Halifax Interim Casino and Sheraton Casinos Nova Scotia -Sydney Casino for the 31, 1996 and unaudited Halifax and Sydney Casino schedules for the three month period ended March 31, 1997.

The audited financial statements of the Halifax Interim Casino and the Sydney Casino and the unaudited schedules for the three month period ended March 31, 1997 were prepared on the assumption that the 1995, 1996 and 1997 operating budgets, the 1997 capital budget and the development costs of the Halifax Interim Casino and Sydney Permanent Casino were approved.

These approvals are outstanding pending resolution of certain issues (see Note Certain adjustments which may be material financial to the statements of the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation could be required nogu completion of this approval process.

Approvals for the Halifax Permanent Casino Design Documents and Construction Budget are outstanding pending resolution of certain issues (see Note 13).

4. Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc.

Corporation Inc. was incorporated September 1976 (a) The Atlantic Lottery in under the Canada Business Corporations Act to conduct and manage lotteries in Atlantic Canada. The Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation holds one of four The Provinces of Newfoundland, New Brunswick shares of this Corporation. and Prince Edward Island or agencies thereof each hold one of the other shares.

Corporation Atlantic Inc. distributes Nova Scotia Lottery its profit to the Gaming Corporation and the other three shareholders based upon certain agreed-upon criteria.

Schedule I and Schedule II have been prepared based upon the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation's profit distribution as recorded in the audited financial statements to the Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc. for the year ended March 31, 1997.

(b) Regular Lottery Profit Distribution

All four provinces share in the net profit from regular lottery sales based upon each province's percentage of net sales of lottery products.

A special 3% bonus is paid to lottery retailers in Nova Scotia on the first \$400,000 of gross annual sales excluding Video Lottery, Celebration and Breakopen games.

The Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation assists certain charities bv offering them a commission of 18.3% as opposed to the usual 12.5% commission on all Breakopen lottery tickets sold. The Breakopen charity profit distribution comprised of total sales of Breakopen lottery tickets net of prizes less commissions and other direct costs.

(c) Video Lottery Profit Distribution

Video Lottery Terminal (VLT) revenue earned in the Province of Nova Scotia included in Schedule II is recorded net of amounts paid as winnings.

Included in VLT Operating Expenses are salaries and benefits of technical and sales staff totalling \$804,673 (1996- \$698,493) and notional financing charges of \$242,690 (1996- \$435,891).

There are certain Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc.'s corporate operating expenses attributable to the VLT program which have not been allocated.

(d) Special Payments

The Corporation is obligated to make direct payments annually to three provincial government bodies as follows:

	1997	1996
The Department of Education and Culture (on Behalf		
of the Cultural Federations of Nova Scotia) \$	50,000\$	50,000
The Department of Agriculture and Marketing		
(on Behalf of the Exhibition Association of		
Nova Scotia)	50,000	50,000
The Sport and Recreation Commission		
(on Behalf of Sport Nova Scotia)	100,000	100,000
\$ ₌	200,000 \$	200,000

Bonus Commissions totalling \$48,009 (1996 -\$55,523) were paid directly during March year ended 31, 1997 by the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation various non-profit community organizations. The Corporation obligated to pay these commissions, which are equal to 10% of the face amount of A-Plus tickets sold by eligible vendors, on a quarterly basis. Such amounts must be used by the recipient for the benefit of a volunteer community project.

5. Interprovincial Lottery Corporation

The Interprovincial Corporation incorporated 1976 Lottery was on August 16, under the Canada **Business** Corporations Act. The primary the purpose of Corporation is to administer nation-wide lottery games on behalf of Provinces (see Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc., Canadian Note 4a). The Scotia Gaming Corporation holds one of ten shares of this Corporation.

6. Equity in Fixed Assets of Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc.

Certain Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc.'s fixed assets financed shareholders' profits by an imputed principal and interest amount to the cost of the fixed assets. Principal is amortized over the life of the fixed asset. long-term receivable is recorded to recognize the outstanding due to the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation and a corresponding equity interest in the fixed assets of Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc. is reported.

7. Fixed Assets

	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	1997 Net Book Value	Net Book
Office Furniture and				
Equipment \$	23,761 \$	•	•	•
Computers	37,836 61,597 \$	10,773 17,137	\$ 27,063 \$ 44,460	
· =	·			

8. Due to the Province of Nova Scotia

All funds received by the Corporation are immediately transferred to the Province of Nova Scotia's bank account. Funds include casino win tax earned by the Province of Nova Scotia, profit distributions earned by the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation from the Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc. and the Halifax and Sydney Casinos, earned by the Corporation under the income and amounts guarantee (Note 2d).

At year end the balance in the account is as follows:

	1997	1996
		(Note 12)
Due to the Province of Nova Scotia		
Balance, beginning of year \$	717,086 \$	
Net income of the Corporation	119,181,759	110,342,232
Sheraton Halifax Interim Casino	9,262,572	6,985,584
Sheraton Sydney Casino	4,943,499	2,669,465
Cheques issued on behalf of the Corporation	3,493,658	2,032,971
Funds Transferred to the Province of Nova Scotia	(123,655,250)	(121,313,166)
Balance, end of year	13,943,324	717,086

9. Goods and Services Tax

Corporation has accounted for Goods and Services Tax ("GST") accordance with interim arrangements agreed upon between the Corporation and the Federal Government. These arrangements are anticipated to be confirmed in GST regulations which have not yet been issued. Adjustments, if any, will accounted for during the year in which the amendments to the regulations the Federal Government. amended The Corporation subject Harmonized Sales Tax ("HST") beginning April 1, 1997.

10. Commitments

The Corporation is required to make lease payments over the next five years as follows:

1998	\$ 41,000
1999	\$ 43,000
2000	\$ 43,000
2001	\$ 43,000
2002	\$ 36,000

Pursuant to the terms of the Operating Contract, the Corporation has agreed that the Operator is entitled to certain allocations of income as described in Note 3(e).

11. Related Party Transactions

The Province of Nova Scotia the Atlantic Lottery Corporation and are related parties of the Corporation. Details of any transaction between these related parties are separately disclosed in the financial statements.

12. Restatement of Prior Year

The March 31, 1996 financial statements have been restated as a result of a change in interpretation of the provisions of the income guarantee (Note 2(d)) the included within the Operating Contract. Previously, amount owed Operator under the income guarantee was reported as an amount due directly to Province of Nova Scotia. The financial statements of the Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation now reflect the amount owed under the income guarantee revenue earned by the Corporation.

The effect of the above change on the financial statements of the current and prior period is that the net income of the Corporation has been increased by \$8,351,805 in 1997 and \$6,405,426 in 1996. The net amount due to the Province as at March 31 has not changed, as the above amounts related to the income guarantee which are included in the Corporation's net income, flow directly to the Province of Nova Scotia at year end (Note 8).

Certain if the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

13. Subsequent Event

Subsequent to year end, the Corporation and Metropolitan Entertainment Group agreed to settle certain matters which are detailed in Note 3(j). Minutes of settlement are being finalized and the significant terms will include the following:

- scheduled completion date Halifax Permanent Casino will a) The of the be extended from September 30, 1998 to May 15, 1999. The existing penalty of \$10,000 per day will continue to apply to any delay in the completion of the Halifax Permanent Casino beyond May 15, 1999. In addition, the calculation of the amount payable Corporation under the \$25,000,000 to the guarantee, which continues in effect until July 31, 1999, will be amended to include the amortization of the expected development costs (approximately \$97 million) the Halifax Permanent Casino effective 15, 1999, on May whether or not the casino is completed on the scheduled completion date.
- b) The annual rent for the Halifax Interim Casino premise will be reduced from \$1.2 million per annum to \$900,000, effective February 15, 1995.
- c) The development costs of the Halifax Interim Casino and the Sydney Casino will be approved.
- d) The 1995 and 1996 operating budgets for the Halifax Interim Casino and the Sydney Casino will be approved.
- e) The Corporation's objections related to the December 31, 1995 audited financial statements of Metropolitan Entertainment Group will be withdrawn.

The financial statements of the Corporation have been adjusted the not for impact of these items. Any required adjustments will be recorded in the period when the proposed settlement is finalized and approved the Governor-in-Council.

Schedule I

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

NOVA SCOTIA GAMING CORPORATION

Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc.

Schedule of Distributed Profit - Regular Lottery

for the year ended March 31, 1997

Atl	antic Lottery	
Lottery	Corporation	Inc.

Nova Scotia Gaming Corporation

	1997	1996	1997	1996
Sales \$	451,118,385 \$	433,745,869 \$	171,163,233\$	163,005,101
Less: Prize				
Expense	241,103,085	230,821,610	88,979,249	84,108,469
Sales				
Discounts .	163,882	365,417	40,803	204,201
	241,266,967	231,187,027	89,020,052	84,312,670
Net Sales	209,851,418	202,558,842	82,143,181	78,692,431
Direct Costs				
Sales Commission .	30,498,202	29,606,085		
Winning Ticket				
Cashing Fee	1,993,939	1,879,619		
Ticket Costs	10,550,789	9,092,635		
Total Direct Costs	43,042,930	40,578,339		
Gross Profit	166,808,488	161,980,503		
Corporate Operating				
Costs	52,299,448	46,922,645		
Net Lottery Profit	114,509,040	115,057,858		
Net Lottery Profit Entitlement			44,822,841	44,699,023
Entitlement Percent			39.1%	38.9%
Less: Sales Commission (N	lote 4(b))		3,936,013	3,733,336
Lottery Profit Distribution	, ,,		40,886,828	40,965,687
Breakopen Charity			192,330	227,796
Regular Lottery Profit Distribu			41,079,158\$	41,193,483

Schedule II

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

NOVA SCOTIA GAMING CORPORATION

Atlantic Lottery Corporation Inc.

Schedule of Distributed Profit - Video Lottery

	1997	1996
Net VLT Receipts	106,006,636 \$	99,182,741
Administration Revenue	594,742	138,541
Total Net Revenue	106,601,378	99,321,282
VLT Retailer Commission	29,713,812	27,802,890
VLT Ticket Costs	161,126	145,433
VLT Operating Expenses	7,884,704	7,947,920
Total VLT Expenses	37,759,642	35,896,243
Net VLT Profit Distribution (Note 4(c))	68,841,736\$	63,425,039

Schedule III

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

NOVA SCOTIA GAMING CORPORATION

Sheraton Halifax Interim Casino

Schedule of Operating Results

	1997	1996 (10 months)
Casino revenue before taxes	46,313,119 \$	34,927,918
Casino win tax	(9,262,572)	(6,985,584)
Casino revenue after taxes	37,050,547	27,942,334
Beverage and other revenue	1,285,645	1,113,113
Total net revenues	38,336,192	29,055,447
Operating Expenses Salaries and benefits. Other expenses including cost of beverages. Public education and problem gaming contribution (Note 3(i)) General administration and marketing. Premise expense. Goods and Services Tax.	11,847,251 973,076 654,515 5,774,235 1,915,054 2,937,322 24,101,453 14,234,739	11,286,818 825,347 620,666 3,099,994 1,657,723 1,940,987 19,431,535 9,623,912
Allocation of Income Operator (Note 3(e) and (h)) Amortization of capital investment	10,176,619 \$ 713,991 1,170,445 12,061,055 2,173,684 14,234,739	8,304,551 540,606 272,564 9,117,721 506,191 9,623,912

Schedule IV

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

NOVA SCOTIA GAMING CORPORATION

Sheraton Sydney Casino

Schedule of Operating Results

	1997	1996 (8 months)
Casino revenue before taxes \$	24,717,496 \$	13,347,321
Casino win tax	(4,943,499)	(2,669,465)
Casino revenue after taxes	19,773,997	10,677,856
Beverage, food and other revenue	1,887,350	983,007
Total net revenues	21,661,347	11,660,863
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and benefits	7,422,207	5,662,633
Other expenses including cost of food and beverages	1,272,736	752,918
Public education and problem gaming contribution (Note 3(i))	345,485	212,667
General administration and marketing	2,165,981	984,666
Premise expense	474,580	671,007
Goods and Services Tax	1,397,022	575,365
	13,078,011	8,859,256
Income to be allocated	8,583,336	2,801,607
Allocation of Income Operator (Note 3(e) and 3(h))		
Amortization of capital investment	6,391,545	1,852,473
Capital replacement reserve	399,073	214,954
Base fee	798,145	429,910
Incentive fee	826,133	304,270
<u> </u>	8,414,896	2,801,607
Share of profit to Corporation (Notes 3(f) and 3(h))	168,440	
\$	8,583,336 \$	2,801,607

Schedule V

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

NOVA SCOTIA GAMING CORPORATION

Schedule of Expenses

	1997	1996
Advertising	2,004 \$	3,265
Depreciation	11,956	5,181
Meetings	3,000	2,792
Membership dues	1,863	3,341
Occupancy taxes	1,695	1,081
Office and Miscellaneous	6,570	7,114
Office Equipment	13,471	12,238
Periodicals	10,274	4,082
Postage and freight	4,129	3,382
Printing and stationery	6,311	17,586
Professional and other fees	293,625	248,692
Rent	24,312	14,862
Salaries and benefits	430,543	254,908
Telecommunications	10,042	6,428
Training	5,747	3,586
Travel	41,499	46,298
\$	867,041 \$	634,836

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Agriculture and Marketing; and To the Vice-Chairman and Members of the Nova Scotia Grain and Forage Commission

I have examined the balance sheet of the Nova Scotia Grain and Forage Commission as at August 6, 1997 and the statement of income and retained earnings for the period then These financial responsibility ended. statements the of the Commission's are opinion financial My responsibility is on statements management. to express an these based on my audit.

I conducted my auditing audit in accordance with generally accepted standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

material respects, my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, all in the financial position of the Commission at August 6, 1997 and the results as accordance with generally operations the period then ended in accepted accounting principles.

> E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia October 22, 1997

NOVA SCOTIA GRAIN AND FORAGE COMMISSION

BALANCE SHEET

as at August 6, 1997

ASSETS

	August 6, 1997 (Note 1)	July 31, 1996
Current		
Cash (Note 2)	619,242	\$ 1,087,330
Accounts receivable	529,583	120,370
Due from Nova Scotia Grain Marketing Board	29,217	29,217
Accrued interest	515	3,621
Prepaid expenses (Note 3).	38,250	 183,082
\$	1,216,807	\$ 1,423,620
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current		
Accounts payable\$	11,370	\$ 11,370
Due to Nova Scotia Grain Marketing	25 500	55 000
Board (Note 4)	37,500	75,000
Advance from Department of Agriculture	2 < 55.	100 150
and Marketing (Note 6)		 133,150
	75,645	219,520
Retained Earnings		 1,204,100
\$	1,216,807	\$ 1,423,620

NOVA SCOTIA GRAIN AND FORAGE COMMISSION

Statement of Income and Retained Earnings

for the period ended August 6, 1997

	August 1, 1996 to August 6, 1997 (Note 1)	August 1, 1995 to July 31, 1996
Revenues		
Interest on investments	13,279	\$ 39,853
Interest on overdue accounts	20,658	693
Other		2,927
Recovery of bad debts		2,212
_	33,937	45,685
Expenses		
Nova Scotia Grain Marketing Board		
- operating grant	193,875	224,418
- capital grant	75,960	48,373
Office expenses	1,426	2,844
Other	2,397	6,086
Provision for bad debts	20,875	
Salaries, wages and benefits	47,616	57,027
_	342,149	338,748
Loss Before Government Contributions	(308,212)	(293,063)
Contributions by the Province of Nova Scotia (Note 7)	245,274	287,285
Net Loss	(62,938)	(5,778)
Retained Earnings, beginning of period	1,204,100	1,209,878
Retained Earnings, end of period \$	1,141,162	\$1,204,100

NOVA SCOTIA GRAIN AND FORAGE COMMISSION

Notes to Financial Statements

August 6, 1997

1. Authority

1977 the Provincial Commission was established in by Grain Commission Act. An amendment to the Act in 1992 changed the name of the Commission to the Nova Scotia Grain and Forage Commission. The purpose of the Commission provide grain and forage drying, storage and handling facilities for Nova Scotia. During the year four facilities farmers were in operation; one in County, one in Bayhead, Steam Mill, Kings Colchester County, and two in Middleton, Annapolis County.

result of an Order-in-Council and an agreement effective August (Note 5), the assets of the Commission were transferred new corporation, to period East Coast Commodities Incorporated. The reporting Commission of the changed from the year ended July 31, 1997 to the extended period ended August 6, 1997 to coincide with the effective date of the agreement.

Effective August 7, 1997 the Commission continues to operate only in a nominal fashion.

2. Cash

Cash includes the general cash of the Commission, as well as funds to be used for advance payments to producers to cover the costs of producing grains.

Commission is authorized to make advance producers through payments to Nova Scotia Grain Marketing The Board. advances are recovered when Nova Scotia Grain Marketing Board sells the grains.

	August 6, 1997		July 31, 1996
General operating accounts	190,048	\$	634,896
Advance payment account	429,194	_	452,434
\$	619,242	\$	1,087,330

3. Prepaid Expenses

	August 6, 1997	July 31, 1996
Capital grant	11,475	\$ 49,932
Operating grant	26,775	133,150
\$ _	38,250	\$183,082

The \$11,475 capital \$37,500 capital prepaid grant represents the portion of the grant payable to the Nova Scotia Grain Marketing Board that relates to Commission's 1997-98 year (Note 4).

The \$26,775 \$87,500 prepaid operating grant represents the portion of the paid to operating grant the Nova Scotia Grain Marketing Board that relates Commission's 1997-98 year (Note 4).

4. Joint Initiative

On April 19, 1995 the Minister of Agriculture and Marketing, the Nova Scotia Grain and Forage Commission the Nova Scotia Grain Marketing Board and into a signed an agreement enter joint initiative regarding the future operations to created of the Commission's facilities. The agreement Grain and Forage Nova the Marketing (GFNS), an entity jointly governed by Commission, Board Nova Scotia The mandate of GFNS is representatives of the Forage Council. facilitate the transition to storage a private sector provision of and drying the grain and forage and accordingly **GFNS** sectors. The agreement, was to expire on March 31, 1998, unless an agreement was executed by the three parties to extend the arrangements (Note 5).

The agreement provided for the transfer the management, operation of including maintenance of the Commission's facilities the Marketing Board, to Commission revenues and costs associated with such. The retained ownership of all facilities, equipment and land, as well as other assets such cash as and receivables. Inventory of the Commission was sold to the Marketing Board.

For the year ended March 31, 1998, the agreement provided for funding of \$175,000 from the Minister of Agriculture and Marketing to the Commission, to be forwarded to the Marketing Board. Funding is also provided for the salary employee of one seconded to Marketing Board for of the the duration the agreement. The its o w n Commission, from funds, pays for the Marketing Board's repair and capital improvement of Commission owned maintenance, facilities, to maximum of \$75,000. The Commission was also empowered to make interest-free loans to the Marketing Board for the purpose of providing cash advances to producers.

A payment of \$87,500 for operations funding and approval of \$37,500 for maintenance, repair and capital improvement funding had been made for the six month period ending September 30, 1997.

The Agreement was revoked on August 5, 1997 and replaced by a Trust agreement the following day (Note 5).

5. Nova Scotia Grain and Forage Producers' Trust

Bv Order-in-Council 97-554 dated August 5. 1997. the April 19. 1995 agreement (Note 4) was revoked and approval was given to a new agreement. The new agreement between the Minister of Agriculture and Marketing, the Nova Scotia Grain Commission, Grain Forage the Nova Scotia Marketing Board, the Nova Forage Council, and Grain and Forage Nova Scotia created the Nova Grain and Forage Producers' Trust. The the Trust is facilitate purpose of to transfer of certain assets of the parties to the agreement to East Commodities Incorporated, entity wholly the Trust. The an owned by corporation the business activities conducted Grain assets to carry on by Forage Nova Scotia before the Trust was created. effective date of is August 6, 1997, with a termination date of August 5, 2018.

Under the Trust agreement, the Commission agreed to transfer all rights, titles interests in specified capital property of the Commission used in support grain forage producers. Under Order-in-Council 97-554, the Province and any interest in and Forage Commission On August waive Grain funds. 1997 cash in the amount of \$617,720 was transferred from the Commission's bank accounts to East Coast Commodities Incorporated.

6. Advance from Department of Agriculture and Marketing

The advance represents the portion of the \$87,500 operating grant (1996 - \$200,000) received from the Department that relates to the Commission's 1997-98 year (Note 4).

7. Government Contributions

of Agriculture The Department Marketing and paid various operations of the administration expenses Nova Scotia Grain Forage Commission and totalling \$245,274 for the year ended August 6, 1997 (1996 - \$287,285).

8. Public Service Superannuation Fund

All full-time employees of the Commission are entitled to receive pension pension pursuant to the provisions of plan established a Public Service Superannuation Act. The plan is funded by equal employee and The employer contributions. employer's contributions are included the Commission's expenses. The Public Service Superannuation administered by the Department of Finance.

9. Comparative Figures

Certain prior year's comparative figures in the Statement of Income Retained the presentation Earnings have been reclassified to conform with adopted for current year.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Chairman and Members of the Board of Management of the Nova Scotia Hospital

I have audited the balance sheet of the Nova Scotia Hospital as at March 31, 1997, and the statements of shareable revenues and expenses, ancillary operations, non-shareable surplus, and retained surplus for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Hospital's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Hospital as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia June 6, 1997

NOVA SCOTIA HOSPITAL

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997	1996
Current Assets		
Cash		\$ 3,400
Accounts receivable	5,792,019	5,850,772
Inventory (Note 3)	3,090,598	2,992,864
Prepaid expenses	186,267	181,739
	10,189,534	9,028,775
Due from IWK - Grace Health Centre (Note 4)	344,032	179,271
Estimated Year-end Adjustments Due from		
Department of Health (Note 5)	180,641	40,649
	10,714,207	9,248,695
Restricted Funds (Note 6)	191,855	210,761
	\$ 10,906,062	\$ 9,459,456
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 3,625,385	\$ 2,014,929
Deferred revenue (Note 7)		1,123,461
,	4,741,935	3,138,390
Due to Department of Finance (Note 8)	5,330,682	5,703,436
Due to (from) Central Laundry Partners (Note 9)	11,741	(8,549)
Equity		
Non-shareable (deficit) surplus	(12,853)	3,222
Retained surplus (Note 11)	642,702	412,196
	10,714,207	9,248,695
Restricted Funds (Note 6)	191,855	210,761
	\$ 10,906,062	\$ 9,459,456

Commitments (Note 12)

NOVA SCOTIA HOSPITAL

Statement of Shareable Revenues and Expenses

Hospital Operations

		1996	
	Actual	Budget	Actual
Shareable Revenues			
Inpatient Services	00 500 400	¢ 00 500 047	¢ 00.004.000
Department of Health \$	26,528,400		
Non-insured services	40,011 26,568,411	26,559,017	
_	20,000,111	20,000,011	20,000,120
Other			
M.S.I Doctors	3,907,572	3,618,400	3,778,931
Dietary	512,105	564,800	479,988
Rentals	327,851	315,000	127,322
Services to other Institutions	392,656	342,500	350,183
Capital equipment			250,000
Sundry	166,314	97,200	127,259
	5,306,498	4,937,900	5,113,683
	31,874,909	31,496,917	32,069,803
Ohanashia Europa			
Shareable Expenses	200 202	400.000	004 000
Executive Director	398,303	402,800	,
Regional Consumer Services	5,415,843	5,594,400	
Provincial Consumer Services	6,798,472	6,867,900	
Forensic Services	2,681,107	2,676,000	
Professional Services	4,606,328	4,371,000	
Corporate and Support Services	10,064,387	9,777,417	, ,
Educational and Planning	1,070,589	1,012,600	•
Public Relations and Communications	249,098	264,800	•
Provincial Clozapine Program	559,592	530,000	· ———
	31,843,719	31,496,917	<u> </u>
Surplus (Deficit) (Note 5)	31,190	\$	\$ (123,700)

NOVA SCOTIA HOSPITAL

Statement of Ancillary Operations

Central Laundry

	1997	1996
ShareableRevenue		
Sales of clean laundry	1,740,135 \$	1,685,293
Miscellaneous	16,814	25,401
Expenditure guarantee recovery		54,723
	1,756,949	1,765,417
Shareable Expenses		
Salaries	719,695	776,949
Employee benefits	99,935	117,493
Linen replacement	32,000	24,244
Motor vehicle repairs and operations	83,074	56,638
Water	25,331	24,070
Electricity	40,309	38,304
Steam	90,486	85,988
Administrative assessment	639,103	639,103
Rent	9,996	9,996
Interest	4,062	
Other expenses	1,217	1,181
	1,745,208	1,773,966
Operating Surplus (Deficit)	11,741	(8,549)
Recovery from Partners		8,549
Surplus (Note 9)	11,741 \$	

NOVA SCOTIA HOSPITAL

Statement of Ancillary Operations

Central Drug Distribution

		1996	
	Actual	Budget	Actual
Shareable Revenues			
Gross Profit on Drug Sales			
Drug sales \$	20,720,754	\$ 19,017,000	\$ 19,240,434
Cost of sales	20,559,801	18,830,000	19,138,030
	160,953	187,000	102,404
Other Revenue			
Department of Health grant	268,800	269,200	268,800
Other	98,525	82,000	102,176
	367,325	351,200	370,976
	528,278	538,200	473,380
Charable Frances			
Shareable Expenses	220.000	242.000	220 000
Salaries	320,068	312,600	328,889
Employee benefits	52,844	50,600	49,251
Freight	69,174	75,000	75,754
Other expenses	42,300	100,000	45,912
, 	484,386	538,200	499,806
Surplus (Deficit) (Note 5)	43,892	\$	\$(26,426)

NOVA SCOTIA HOSPITAL

Statement of Non-Shareable Surplus

	1997	1996
Balance, beginning of year \$	3,222 \$	46,094
Add: Non-shareable revenues (Note 10)	5,166	5,728
Prior years' final settlement adjustment (Note 5)	8,455	
Donation from Foundation	32,068	13,949
	48,911	65,771
Less: Non-shareable expenses	30,077	13,949
Outreach program development	31,687	48,600
	61,764	62,549
Balance, end of year	(12,853) \$	3,222

NOVA SCOTIA HOSPITAL

Statement of Retained Surplus

		1997	1996
Balance, beginning of year\$		412,196 \$	432,696
Add:	Prior years' final settlement adjustment (Note 5)	230,506 642,702	432,696
Less:	Catalyst Enterprises		20,500
Balance, end of year		642,702 \$	412,196

NOVA SCOTIA HOSPITAL

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

An Act to incorporate the Nova Scotia Hospital was proclaimed in 1967 to provide for the continuance of the Hospital.

The Nova Scotia Hospital is dedicated to the provision of exemplary psychiatric health care through the integration of service, education and research programs in the mental health field.

2. Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles modified by the following:

Fixed Assets

These financial statements do not include the costs associated with construction and renovation projects of the Nova Scotia Hospital carried out by the Department of Transportation and Public Works.

These financial statements do not include the costs of the land and buildings of the Hospital. Title for those assets rests with the Province of Nova Scotia.

Equipment purchases are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Operating Costs

These financial statements do not include certain Hospital expenses which are absorbed by the Department of Transportation and Public Works.

Final Settlements

Adjustments to prior years' operating results arising from the final settlement process of the Department of Health are reflected in equity in the year they are determined.

3. Inventory

Inventory is valued at average cost and comprises:

	1997	1996
Drug Distribution Program \$	2,967,338	\$ 2,779,814
Linen	54,829	132,646
Stationery	12,666	9,549
Food		18,933
General	19,987	21,923
Maintenance	26,106	21,170
Medical/surgical	9,672	 8,829
\$	3,090,598	\$ 2,992,864

The Nova Scotia Hospital operates a central drug distribution program, available to all hospitals and other authorized health care facilities in the Province.

4. Tri-Facilities Program

On June 30. 1994, the Nova Scotia Hospital entered into with the Izaak Walton Killiam - Grace Health Centre for Children, Women Families (IWK - GHC) and the Atlantic Child Guidance Centre to establish the The purpose of the program is to provide mental health Tri-Facilities project. care, research and education for children and adolescents.

In 1997 costs of \$2,043,561 (1996 - \$2,748,227) incurred by the Nova Scotia Hospital in providing child mental health services were recovered from the IWK - GHC and are not included on the Statement of Shareable Revenues and Expenses.

5. Estimated Year-end Adjustments Due from Department of Health

This account represents the net amount due from the Department of Health at the end of the fiscal year. Recovery and payment of the annual surplus/deficit is dependent upon the approval by the Department of Health of the Hospital's final settlement claim. The amounts relating to 1993-94, 1994-95 and 1995-96 have been approved in principle by the Department of Health.

	1997	1996
Deficit 1993-94	220,494 \$	4,584
(Surplus) Deficit 1994-95		
Hospital operations, net	(277,595)	(310,553)
Central laundry	153,519	179,522
Central drug distribution	16,970	16,970
Deficit 1995-96		
Hospital operations, net	115,909	123,700
Central drug distribution	26,426	26,426
Surplus 1996-1997		
Hospital operations, net	(31,190)	
Central drug distribution	(43,892)	
\$	180,641 \$	40,649

6. Restricted Funds

These funds include monies designated for restricted purposes by the Hospital and monies held in trust for patients. These funds have been segregated from normal operating assets with a corresponding liability account established for the fulfilment of the restricted purposes and balances held for the patients.

7. Deferred Revenue

This amount represents an advance payment to the Hospital from the Department of Health for funding for the 1997-98 fiscal year.

8. Due to Department of Finance

The Department of Finance processes and records the receipts and disbursements of the Nova Scotia Hospital. As a result, the cumulative difference between receipts and disbursements is recognized as a liability to the Department of Finance at year-end. The majority of this amount relates to the operation of the Provincial Drug Distribution Program.

As of April 1, 1997, the Hospital will no longer process its transactions through the Department of Finance.

9. Central Laundry Operations

In July 1994, the Hospital contracted with a private sector firm for management of the Hospital's central laundry operation. The intent is for the operation to be self-financing with any surplus/deficit to be shared by the partner The Department of Health has agreed in principle to fund the one time hospitals. severance expense of \$153,519 which occured in 1994-95. amount is reflected in the amount Due from Department of Health (see Note 5). The Board Directors - Central Laundry and Linen Services has determined operating surplus of \$11,741 for 1996-97 will be used to fund future deficits in central laundry operations.

10. Non-Shareable Revenues

The non-shareable revenues represent 20 percent of certain rental revenues which the Hospital is entitled to retain.

11 Retained Surplus

In May 1987 the Department of Health issued a policy statement permitting hospitals to retain part or all of the unspent portions of their budget at the end of each fiscal year. The purpose is to encourage hospitals to operate as efficiently as possible. This policy limits the annual retained surplus to \$500,000, and requires approval by the Department of any expenditures charged against it. All changes to the Retained Surplus during the year have been approved in principle by the Department of Health.

12. Commitments

The Hospital is liable at March 31, 1997 for vacation pay earned by its employees but not yet paid. Vacation pay is funded in the year of payment by the Department of Health to the extent that it forms part of the Hospital's overall net cost of shareable operations. The amount of the liability at March 31, 1997 is estimated to be \$187,625 (1996- \$179,036), and is not reflected in these financial statements.

13. Costs Paid by the Province of Nova Scotia

In 1997 the Province paid \$372,990 (1996 - \$921,815) for expenditures of the Hospital. This comprised \$83,253 (1996 - \$10,741) for maintenance expenditures and \$289,737 (1996 -\$911,074) related to capital expenditures.

14. Public Service Superannuation Fund

All full-time employees of the Nova Scotia Hospital are entitled to receive pension benefits pursuant to the provisions of the pension plan established under the Public Service Superannuation Act. The plan is funded by equal employee and employer contributions. The employer's contributions are included in the Hospital's operating expenses.

The Public Service Superannuation Fund is administered by the Department of Finance. The Hospital is not responsible for any unfunded liability.

15. Comparative Figures

Certain prior year's figures have been reclassified to conform with the presentation adopted for the current year.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of the Department of Economic Development and Tourism; and To the Chairman and Members of the Board of Directors of the Nova Scotia Innovation Corporation

I have audited the consolidated balance sheet of the Nova Scotia Innovation Corporation as at March 31. 1997 and consolidated statements of income and retained earnings, and changes in financial position for the years then ended. These financial responsibility Corporation's statements are the of the management. Mγ responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia June 5, 1997

NOVA SCOTIA INNOVATION CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997	1996
Current		
Cash and short-term investments\$	432,855	\$ 386,991
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	1,802,420	54,882
Inventory	166,285	
	2,401,560	441,873
Investment and Funds		
Nova Scotia First Fund (Note 5)	11,525,300	
Nova Scotia Information Highway (Note 6)	2,000,000	
Research Endowment Fund (Note 7)	1,000,000	
Other Investments (Note 8)	628,649	
_	15,153,949	
Capital Assets, net (Note 9)	8,340,181	184,485
$\$_{=}$	25,895,690	\$626,358

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

NOVA SCOTIA INNOVATION CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

LIABILITIES AND EQU	111	
	1997	1996
Current		
Accounts payable		\$ 98,863
Due to Province of Nova Scotia	,	
Deferred revenue	196,133	15,889
Current portion of Early Retirement Incentive		
Plans (Note 10)	. 41,942	
Due to Nova Scotia Research Foundation		
Corporation		327,831
	2,000,301	442,583
Nova Scotia Information Highway (Note 6)		
Claim payable	356,614	
Fund Balance	•	
Tuna Balanoo.	2,000,000	
	2,000,000	
Long-Term		
Early Retirement Incentive Plans (Note 10)	1,511,471	-
Deferred Government Assistance	943,531	184,485
Equity		
Contributed surplus - Nova Scotia First Fund (Note 5) Contributed surplus - Nova Scotia Research	11,110,791	
Foundation Corporation (Note 2)	. 7,832,430	
Incorporated (Note 8)	490,000	
	19,433,221	
Retained earnings (deficit)		
Restricted for Nova Scotia First Fund (Note 5)	. 414,509	
Unrestricted		(710)
Onestricted	7,166	
	7,100	(110)
	19,440,387	(710)
	\$25,895,690	\$\$

Loan Guarantees (Note 11)

Commitments (Note 5)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

NOVA SCOTIA INNOVATION CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

AND RETAINED EARNINGS

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenues, Recoveries and Grants (Note 12)		
Government Grants	3,766,441 \$	893,701
Commercialization and Industry Development	2,046,312	
Engineering Services	1,153,905	
Scientific Services	572,222	
Business Development	550,003	242,454
Technology Innovation Center	272,484	202,864
Administrative recoveries and ancillary operations	336,223	
	8,697,590	1,339,019
Expenses		
Commercialization and Industry Development	2,321,499	
Engineering Services	1,777,541	
Administration and occupancy	1,524,401	516,235
Scientific Services	613,851	
Business Development	635,243	196,386
Technology Innovation Center	433,232	382,482
Corporate Office	991,642	
Corporate Affairs	270,110	166,362
	8,567,519	1,261,465
Income before amortization, investment income,		
early retirement incentive plan expense and		
Nova Scotia First Fund income	130,071	77,554
Amortization	(837,800)	(27,954)
Investment income, royalties and gain on sale of shares	430,867	4,850
Early retirement incentive plan expense	(129,771)	
	(536,704)	(23,104)
Income (loss) before Nova Scotia First Fund income	(406,633)	54,450
Nova Scotia First Fund income	414,509	
Net Income	7,876	54,450
Retained Earnings (deficit), beginning of year	(710)	(55,160)
Retained Earnings (deficit), end of year	7,166 \$	(710)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

NOVA SCOTIA INNOVATION CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Cash From (Used In) Operations		
Net income\$	7,876	\$ 54,450
Add (deduct):		
Amortization	837,800	27,954
Recognition of deferred government assistance	(115,242)	(27,954)
Nova Scotia First Fund investment income (Note 5)	(414,509)	
Gain on sale of shares (Note 16)	(116,281)	
Equity in the loss of investee (Note 8)	14,204	
Working capital adjustments	(398,047)	332,541
	(184,199)	386,991
Cash From (Used In) Investing Activities		
Nova Scotia First Fund portfolio investments, net	(10,788,443)	
Nova Scotia First Fund equity investments (Note 5)	(600,000)	
Nova Scotia Information Highway Fund (Note 6)	(2,000,000)	
Research Endowment Fund (Note 7)	(1,000,000)	
Acquisition of shares (Note 8, 16)	(668,000)	
Proceeds on disposition of shares (Note 16)	294,281	
Other investments	(263,852)	
Nova Scotia Research Foundation Corporation land,	, ,	
buildings and equipment (Note 2)	(7,924,399)	
Capital asset purchases (Note 12)	(957,946)	(212,439)
	(23,908,359)	(212,439)
Cash From (Used In) Financing Activities		
Contributed surplus	19,433,221	
Assumption of Nova Scotia Research Foundation	10, 100,221	
Corporation early retirement incentive liability (Note 2)	1,605,392	
Assumption of Nova Scotia First Fund liabilities (Note 5)	717,500	
Advance from the Province of Nova Scotia for the		
Nova Scotia Information Highway (Note 6)	2,000,000	
Deferred Government Assistance	874,288	212,439
Nova Scotia First Fund disbursements (Note 5)	(440,000)	
Early retirement incentive plan principal repayments	(51,979)	
	24,138,422	212,439
Net Change in Cash Position	45,864	\$386,991
Ending Cash Balance	432,855	\$ 386,991
Beginning Cash Balance		
Net Change in Cash Position	45,864	\$ 386,991
See accompanying notes to the financial statements.		

NOVA SCOTIA INNOVATION CORPORATION

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

The Nova Innovation Corporation (InNOVAcorp) was established on February 6, 1995 by the Innovation Corporation Act. Its purpose is to build relationships that enable technology-based Nova Scotia firms to compete successfully for business anywhere in the world.

2. Dissolution of Nova Scotia Research Foundation Corporation

Effective April 1, 1996 Nova Scotia Research Foundation Corporation (NSRFC) was dissolved and its enabling legislation revoked. All the rights, title, interest and obligations of NSRFC were transferred to InNOVAcorp on that date. These assets and obligations were recorded by InNOVAcorp at their fair market value as of the date of transfer. The excess of assets received over liabilities assumed was recorded contributed surplus. Details of the as transaction are as follows:

Item		Fair Market Value
Working capital	\$	236,920
Investments and funds		1,276,503
Operational assets	_	7,924,399
		9,437,822
Early retirement incentive plan obligations assumed	_	1,605,392
Fair market value of net assets assumed	\$_	7,832,430

3. Accounting Policies

InNOVAcorp's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the most significant of which are as follows:

(a) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of InNOVAcorp and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Nova Magnetics Limited (NML). NML was transferred to InNOVAcorp on April 1, 1996 through the dissolution of the NSRFC.

(b) Cash and Short-term Investments

Cash includes cash and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are investments in treasury bills and are valued at cost plus accrued interest. The carrying amounts approximate fair market value because they have maturities at the date of purchase of less than ninety days. Portfolio investments of the Nova Scotia First Fund are accorded the same treatment.

(c) Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

(d) Long-Term Investments

Venture capital investments made through the Nova Scotia First Fund and over InNOVAcorp investments in companies which does not have significant influence are carried InNOVAcorp's 50% investment in at cost. Plant Biotechnology Limited accounted Select Systems is for using equity method. Where there has been other than a temporary decline in value, these investments are written down to provide for the loss.

(e) Capital Assets

InNOVAcorp Property, equipment purchased constructed plant and or by Property, plant and equipment acquired by donation is stated at cost. market value. Amortization of the technology at fair license is calculated on the straight-line basis over its economic life of 23 months. Amortization of the other capital assets is based on the declining balance method over the estimated economic life of the related class of assets as follows:

Buildings	4%
Computer equipment	30%
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	20%
Improvements to non-owned buildings	100%

(f) Donated Assets

The donation of assets to InNOVAcorp is considered a capital contribution. The assets are recorded at their market value with an offsetting increase to a contributed capital account identifying the source of the donation. These assets are charged to income over their estimated economic life.

(g) Government Grants and Deferred Government Assistance

The portion of any government grants used for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment is recorded as deferred government assistance and recognized as income on the same basis as the related assets are amortized.

The remainder of these grants is recognized as income in the year they are received.

4. Accounts Receivable

During 1996-97, the Board of Directors of InNOVAcorp approved the write-off of \$33,208 (1996 - \$0) in accounts receivable.

5. Nova Scotia First Fund

On March 31, 1989, the Governor in Council approved a \$10 million appropriation to establish the Nova Scotia First Fund (NSFF). The objective of the fund is to encourage the development of high technology industries and to encourage the adoption of new technologies by existing industries.

During 1996-97 InNOVAcorp assumed management of the NSFF, pursuant the Innovation Corporation Act. The Province transferred \$11,828,291 of **NSFF** cash to InNOVAcorp as part transaction. The administration of investments and of this obligations made through the **NSFF** April 1, 1996 was also transferred to InNOVAcorp during the year. activity during the summarized Fund current year is below:

	Portfolio Investments	Fund Investments	Fund Obligations	Valuation Adjustment	Fund Balance
Beginning Balance \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Add (Deduct):					
Transferred from the Department of Finance	11,828,291	2,865,000	717,500	2,865,000	11,110,791
Investment Income	414,509				414,509
Equity investments	(600,000)	600,000			
Non-repayable contributions Ending Balance \$ _	(440,000) 11,202,800 \$		(440,000) 277,500 \$		11,525,300

InNOVAcorp is entitled to recover direct expenses associated with its administration of the Nova Scotia First Fund. In 1996-97 it elected not to charge the Fund for any of costs incurred. These costs were charged to the Commercialization and Development division of the Corporation.

In addition to the above investments and obligations, as at March 31, 1997 there were \$1,400,000 of approved commitments for the NSFF.

6. Nova Scotia Information Highway

The Province of Nova has entered into an agreement to accelerate the development of the information highway in Nova Scotia through the establishment of a research center in Nova Scotia. The agreement provides for up to \$10 million in support of this development of which \$2 million is non-repayable. May 1, 1996 the Province advanced \$2 million to InNOVAcorp to maintain in a segregated account to provide for the non-repayable portion of the agreement. At March 31, 1997, \$356,614 had been claimed towards establishing this research centre.

7. Research Endowment Fund

Subject to any directions provided by the Governor in Council, the Research Endowment Fund is administered and controlled by the Corporation.

8. Other Investments

Investment in Applied Microelectronics Incorporated-see (a)	490,000
Advances to the Advanced Materials Engineering Center	82,060
Investment in common shares of British Columbia Research Incorporated (Note 16)	41,042
Investment in PlantSelect Biotechnology Systems Limited-see (b)	15,547 628,649

- (a) On March 21, 1996, InNOVAcorp entered into agreement the Applied an with Microelectronics Incorporated (AMI) to facilitate the privatization of that entity. August 30, 1996, all of the resources and obligations of AMI were transferred to InNOVAcorp. The net assets received were recorded at their fair market with an offsetting amount recognized as contributed surplus. same date, the resources and obligations of AMI were transferred by InNOVAcorp newly-formed private company, Applied Microelectronics Incorporated, exchange for 490,000 of 3%, non-cumulative preferred shares.
- (b) This amount represents the net book value of the investment after a write down of \$14,204 to recognize 50% of the net loss of PlantSelect Biotechnology Systems Limited operations as of March 31, 1997.

9. Capital Assets

		1997		
		Accumulated Carrying		Carrying
	Cost	Amortization	Value	Value
Land	350,700 \$	\$	350,700 \$	
Buildings	6,292,096	244,184	6,047,912	
Machinery and equipment	1,587,706	311,930	1,275,776	
Computer equipment	605,494	143,796	461,698	114,074
SE Technology license	111,000	54,319	56,681	
Furniture and fixtures	96,259	23,707	72,552	70,411
Non-owned buildings	87,658	87,658		
Management information systems	74,862		74,862	
\$_	<u>9,205,775</u> \$	<u>865,594</u> \$_	<u>8,340,181</u> \$_	<u> 184,485</u>

10. Early Retirement Incentive Plans

In February 1991 and November 1993, the Province of Nova Scotia announced its intention to implement Early Retirement Incentive Plans. As an outside agency, the Nova Scotia Research Foundation Corporation was invited to participate providing it agreed to pay the Province all costs of the Plans not covered by the Public Service Superannuation Fund. By resolutions of the Board of Directors on March 18, 1991 and January 20, 1994, NSRFC's participation in the Plans was authorized. These liabilities were transferred to InNOVAcorp upon the dissolution of NSRFC.

A liability in the amount of \$1,553,413 has been accrued as at March 31, 1997 (1996-\$0). This amount represents management's best estimate of the present value of the future payments required under the Plans. Of the total liability, \$41,942 (1996 - \$0) has been classified on the balance sheet as current and 1,511,471 (1996 - \$0) has been classified as long-term.

Aggregate payments required under the Plans in each of the next five years are as follows:

	Estimated Cash Flows	Imputed Interest	Principal Reduction
1997-98	167,685 \$	125,743 \$	41,942
1998-99	134,481	122,181	12,300
1999-00	139,188	121,066	18,122
2000-01	143,278	119,348	23,930
2001-02	149,101	116,984	32,117

11. Loan Guarantees

The Corporation has provided a guarantee of \$200,000 as security for a loan and line of credit. At March 31, 1997, \$39,040 was outstanding on the line of credit.

InNOVAcorp has also agreed to provide another guarantee of \$150,000. At March 31, 1997 this guarantee was not in effect.

12. Revenue, Recoveries and Grants

InNOVAcorp received an annual grant from the Province of Nova Scotia as well as Funding from various other Federal Provincial government agencies. and related to the operating activities of a business unit has been included in the revenue and recoveries of that unit. Included in Commercialization and Industry Development revenue is government assistance of \$680,641 (1996 - \$0) for direct expenses incurred for the Technical People in Industry (TPI) TPI is an Atlantic program. Canada (ACOA) administered the Corporation, Opportunities Agency sponsored program by which provides partial salary support to companies employing new technical skills.

Funding not specific to a business unit's operating activities and funding related to the acquisition of capital assets is included in government grants. Details of this fund are a follows:

	1997	1996
Grant from Province of Nova Scotia	3,752,000 \$	1,067,186
Assistance received or receivable under various funding agreements for capital acquisitions	. 502,439	11,000
Grant from Department of Housing and Municipal Affairs in lieu		
of taxes	267,129	
	4,521,568	1,078,186
Less: Government funding used to finance capital assets	. (957,946)	(212,439)
Add: Amortization of assets financed through government		
assistance	202,819	27,954
\$	3,766,441 \$	893,701

13. Subsequent Event

On April 1, 1997, the Advanced Materials Engineering Centre's (AMEC's) Testing Services activities were combined with those of InNOVAcorp's Materials Services Substantially all of AMEC's staff were transferred to InNOVAcorp on that InNOVAcorp is not presently being charged for the use of AMEC's equipment. Once InNOVAcorp's Advanced Materials strategy is completed. a purchase-sale agreement for AMEC's assets is to be executed by the two parties.

14. Public Service Awards

Employees of the corporation are entitled to Public Service Awards on retirement. The Awards are based on the number of years of service of the employee, and are earned at the rate of one week's pay for every year of service, to a maximum of 26 weeks. The cost of the Award is provided for by the Corporation at the time the employee retires.

15. Related Party Transaction

Entity	Relationship	Sales To	Purchases From	Year End Receivable	Year End Payable
PlantSelect					
Biotechnology	50%				
Systems Limited	Investee	\$ 79,331 \$	3,404 \$	49,581 \$	3,404
Advanced Materials	Strategic				
Engineering Centre	. Partner	3,694	14,797	85,754	
	Venture				
NSFF Investments	Investments	95,007		38,410	

- (1) Facilities and administrative services are provided to PlantSelect Biotechnology Systems Limited and Advanced Materials Engineering Center at no cost as part of the business incubation process.
- (2) The year end receivable includes \$82,060 in advances to the Advanced Materials Engineering Center finance cash flow during AMEC's transition into to InNOVAcorp. The amount interest and has no specified bears no terms of repayment.
- (3) Sales include \$8,799 in consulting fees which were charged at approximately one-half InNOVAcorp's normal billing rates.

Other than as noted above, the terms of these transactions are the same as with unrelated parties and as such have been measured at the exchange amount. InNOVAcorp also has the use of the Technology Innovation Center which is owned by the Province of Nova Scotia, at no cost. During 1996-97 the Province also provided \$87,577 (1996 - \$0) for the capital maintenance of this facility.

16. Sale of Shares in Silvagen Incorporated

On April 1996 Silvagen Incorporated 16, the common shares in sold by were InNOVAcorp to British Columbia Research Incorporated (BCRI). Details of the transaction are as follows:

Proceeds of Disposition

Cash	282,037
Shares in BCRI	41,042
	323,079
Less: Payment to ACOA, legal fees, accounting and tax	28,798
Net Proceeds	294,281
Silvagen Common Shares transferred from NSRFC (see Note 2)	178,000
Gain on sale of Silvagen Common Shares\$	116,281

InNOVAcorp also obtained а license to use Silvagen's technology for fee \$111,000. The Technology License has been sublicensed **PlantSelect** to Biotechnology Systems Limited, whose objective is to commercialize it in the field of ornamental conifers.

17. Comparative Figures

Certain of the 1996 comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted for 1997.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Justice; and

To the Chair and Members of the Nova Scotia Legal Aid Commission

I have audited the balance sheet of the Nova Scotia Legal Aid Commission as at March 31, 1997, and the statement of revenues, expenses and surplus for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Nova Scotia Legal Aid Commission as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies stated in Note 2 to the financial statements.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia June 10. 1997

NOVA SCOTIA LEGAL AID COMMISSION

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997		1996
Current			
Cash	1,413,321	\$	9,289
Investments (Note 3)			1,594,592
Receivables - Province of Nova Scotia	234,338		204,563
- Other	4,637		9,531
Prepaid expenses	37,212		58,190
	1,689,508		1,876,165
Trust fund - public service awards (Note 4)	623,302		336,604
Furniture, equipment, and leasehold			
improvements (Note 2)	1		1
\$	2,312,811	\$	2,212,770
Current			
Accounts payable and accruals Supplies and services	99,568	Φ	82,173
Accrued private solicitors' fees (Note 5)	781,039	Ф	946,386
Employee benefits			46,240
Employee benefits	938,768		1,074,799
-	333,133		.,,
Long-term			
Accrued vacation (Note 6)	118,698		87,576
Early retirement incentive program (Note 7)	167,261		51,456
Long service awards (Note 8)	623,671		525,700
	909,630		664,732
Surplus (Note 5)	464,413		473,239
\$	2,312,811	\$	2,212,770

Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)

NOVA SCOTIA LEGAL AID COMMISSION

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Surplus

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenues		
Grant - Province of Nova Scotia \$	10,468,338	\$ 10,885,063
Interest	109,640	182,751
Other income	12,694	10,957
	10,590,672	11,078,771
Expenses (Schedule I)		
Directors' fees	28,568	37,431
Equipment and maintenance	56,794	45,877
Leasehold improvements	200	6,472
Library	113,229	124,303
Membership, meetings and conferences	233,425	285,303
Office disbursements	280,759	288,799
Private solicitors' fees (Note 5)	1,949,802	2,374,848
Professional and other fees	90,083	64,267
Salaries and benefits	6,709,389	6,675,645
Supplies and services	895,661	915,481
Travel	241,588	245,897
	10,599,498	11,064,323
(Deficiency) Excess of revenues over expenses (Note 5)	(8,826)	14,448
Surplus, beginning of year	473,239	458,791
Surplus, end of year (Note 5)	464,413	\$ 473,239

NOVA SCOTIA LEGAL AID COMMISSION

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

The Nova Scotia Legal Aid Commission was established in 1977 pursuant to the Legal Aid Act. The Act and Regulations stipulate that the Commission can provide legal services to persons whose income is derived primarily from municipal or provincial social assistance or to persons in an equivalent position.

Commission activities are funded by a grant from the Province of Nova Scotia. The Province in turn receives a contribution from the Government of Canada for legal aid provided by the Commission.

2. Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles modified by the policy of charging furniture and equipment acquisitions and leasehold improvements to expenses in the year of purchase.

3. Investments

In 1996, investments consisted of banker acceptance notes and were valued at cost which approximated market value. All investments matured at March 31, 1997.

4. Trust Fund - Long Service Awards

The Commission follows the provisions of the Civil Service Act with respect to the payment of long service awards to retiring employees. The Commission is responsible for the funding and eventual payment of these awards.

The Commission maintains a trust fund to help provide for the eventual payment of awards and to administer long service award advances. The Commission contributions, general provides from operating funds, to help defray obligations for long service awards.

years, employees with 15 years of employment could apply Advances are repayable upon retirement advance on their long service award. with provincial borrowing termination, together interest at the existed at the time of the advance. As at March 31, 1997 six employees have received advances. Advances plus accrued interest at March 31, 1997 totalled \$134,814 (1996 - \$128,209).

	1997	1996
Balance, beginning of year	336,604	\$234,834
Add: Contribution from operating funds	269,312 8,445 8,941 286,698	85,000 10,782 5,988 101,770
Balance, end of year	623,302	\$336,604
Consisting of: Cash	488,488	\$ 46,112 162,283 128,209
9	623,302	\$336,604

5. Accrued Private Solicitors' Fees

The Commission assigns cases to private solicitors where a conflict of interest arises, or when choice of counsel is elected by the client in certain criminal cases. At the end of each fiscal year the Commission has a liability for work conducted by private solicitors that is not yet billed and paid. The balance of \$781,039 as at March 31, 1997 (1996 - \$946,386) was estimated using a system that incorporates average costs and time frames for similar cases over the last two years.

Due uncertainty in difference to element of the estimation process. the between the estimated and actual liability may be material. Management of the Commission is confident that the actual current liability is in the \$625,000 to \$806,000. Consequently, private solicitors' fees expense could range \$1,793,763 to \$1,974,763, excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses could range from \$(33,787) to \$147,213 and end of year surplus could range from \$439,452 to \$620,452.

In addition to the \$781,039 liability for unbilled private solicitor fees, a further expenditure after March 31, 1997 of approximately \$465,261 may be required to complete these cases. Due to the reasons discussed above, this balance could range from approximately \$440,300 to \$621,300.

The surplus balance of the Commission is committed to fund the eventual completion of private solicitor cases outstanding at year end.

6. Accrued Vacation

Employees may carry forward to future years up to five days of vacation leave in any given year. Accumulated vacation leave must be taken over the next four years. Earned but unused vacation leave at March 31, 1997 totalled \$158,264, of which \$118,698 is classified as a long-term liability.

7. Early Retirement Incentive Program

The Commission is participating Early Retirement Incentive Program in an offered by the Province of Nova to crown agencies. A liability in the Scotia amount of \$173,447 (1996 - \$56,369) has been accrued on March 31, 1997. This amount represents management's best estimate of the present value of the future payments under Program. (1996required the Of the total liability, \$6,186 \$4,913) has been classified on the balance sheet as current and \$167,261 (1996-\$51,456) has been classified as long-term.

The present value of pension benefits to be paid by the Commission is expensed in the year an employee opts to take early retirement under the Program.

8. Long Service Awards

Employees of the Commission are entitled to long service awards upon retirement. The awards are based on the number of years of service of the employee, and are earned at the rate of one week's pay for every year of service, to a maximum of 26 weeks.

In 1997, the Commission engaged an outside consultant to estimate the liability relating to the awards. The present value of obligations respecting long service awards at March 31, 1997 was estimated to be \$623,671 (1996 - \$525,700). As the Commission has long service award trust funds of \$623,302 (1996 - \$336,604), there is an unfunded liability of \$369 (1996 - \$189,096).

9. Commitments and Contingencies

(a) The Commission has entered into lease agreements for eleven of its offices. remaining two offices do not have formal lease agreements. Lease agreements typically call for payment of base rent plus a provision for а Commission's portion of operating costs and property taxes. Lease terms vary by office. Most of the leases expire on or before December 31, 2000.

Minimum lease payments for signed lease agreements for the next five years, not including operating costs and taxes, are as follows:

1997/98	C\$384,587
1998/99	C\$374,196
1999/2000	C\$361,214
2000/2001	C\$275,920
2001/2002	C\$42,248

(b) The Commission provides funding to Dalhousie Legal Aid Services. The Commission has agreed to provide up to \$230,800 to Dalhousie Legal Aid Services for the year ending March 31, 1997.

(c) Certain employees of the Commission may acquire additional pensionable under the service Public Service Superannuation Act by purchasing prior years' service. In the event that an employee elects to purchase additional pensionable service, the Commission required employee's contribution. The Commission estimates its future costs could be in the range of \$100,000 to \$150,000 should all eligible employees purchase prior years' service.

10. Pensions

Pursuant to Section 7 of the Legal Aid Act, all permanent employees of the Province Commission are entitled to receive pension benefits under the Nova Scotia Public Service Superannuation Act. The plan is funded by equal employee and employer contributions. The employer contributions are included in the Commission's operating expenses. The Commission is not responsible for any unfunded liability with respect to the superannuation fund.

11. Comparative Figures

Certain prior year's comparative figures on the Balance Sheet have been reclassified to conform with the presentation adopted for the current year.

Schedule I

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

NOVA SCOTIA LEGAL AID COMMISSION

Schedule of Expenses

for the year ended March 31, 1997

		1997		
	Budget	Actual	Actual	
Directors' fees	\$45,000	\$	\$37,431	
Equipment and maintenance				
Office furniture and equipment	19,000	12,255	13,165	
Office machine leasing	14,000	10,311	8,028	
Office machine maintenance		34,228		
	58,000	56,794	45,877	
Leasehold improvements	3,500	200	6,472	
Library	131,000	113,229	124,303	
Membership, meetings and conferences				
Membership and dues	185,000	180,419	244,347	
Meetings and conferences		53,006		
Meetings and comercines	231,000	233,425	285,303	
Office disbursements	201,000	200,420	200,000	
Civil and Family	185,000	142,542	182,385	
Criminal		130,490	96,591	
Young Offender		7,727		
roung enonder	298,000	280,759		
Private solicitors' fees				
Civil and Family - conflicts	977,928	1,173,936	1,331,919	
Criminal - choice of counsel	200,000	124,894	100,007	
Criminal - conflicts	425,415	532,788	694,430	
Young Offender - conflicts	128,157	118,184	248,492	
	1,731,500	1,949,802	2,374,848	
Professional and other fees				
Professional fees	30,500	46,973	36,948	
Duty counsel fees	43,500	43,110	27,319	
Consultants fees	25,000			
	99,000	90,083		
Salaries and benefits	6,621,629	6,709,389	6,675,645	
Supplies and services				
General cleaning and office expense.	66,000	54,090	63,286	
Heat, light and water	38,500	29,068	28,751	
Printing and stationery		78,789	86,955	
Rent, insurance and taxes		476,111	485,836	
Telephone and postage	266,000	257,603	250,653	
	949,500	895,661	915,481	
Travel	253,300	241,588	245,897	
	\$10,421,429	\$10,599,498	\$11,064,323	

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honourable Minister in charge of Administration Liquor Control Act Province of Nova Scotia Halifax, Nova Scotia

We have audited the balance sheet of The Nova Scotia Liquor Commission as at March 31, 1997 and the statements of income and changes in financial position for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Nova Scotia Liquor Commission as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG Chartered Accountants

Halifax, Canada June 6, 1997

THE NOVA SCOTIA LIQUOR COMMISSION

BALANCE SHEET

March 31, 1997, with comparative figures for 1996

ASSETS

ASSETS		
	1997	1996
	(in thousands)	
Current assets		
Cash	4,453 \$	3,958
Accounts receivable	1,206	714
Inventories of stock in warehouse and stores	12,172	12,374
Prepaid expenses	472	293
	18,303	17,339
Property and equipment	<u> </u>	
Furniture, fixtures and portable equipment	11,596	11,376
Other equipment	6,859	6,689
Computers	516	
Land and buildings	11,217	10,803
Capital and leasehold improvements	18,531	17,959
	48,719	46,827
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	35,776	33,338
	12,943	13,489
Assets under capital lease	10,831	10,831
Less: Accumulated amortization	6,035	5,485
	4,796	5,346
\$	36,042 \$	36,174
*	*	,
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ Current portion of obligations under capital	6,876 \$	6,790
leases (Note 2)	211	184
	7,087	6,974
Long-term liability		
Obligations under capital lease (Note 2)	9,370	9,581
	0,010	0,001
Due to Minister of Finance		
Balance, beginning of year	19,619	19,702
Remittances	19,619	19,702
Territarios		
Current year		
Net income	116,104	113,363
Remittances	96,519	93,744
Balance, end of year	19,585	19,619
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
\$	36,042 \$	36,174

Operating Leases (Note 4)

Contingencies (Note 5)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

THE NOVA SCOTIA LIQUOR COMMISSION

Statement of Income

year ended March 31, 1997, with comparative figures for 1996

		% of		% of
	1997	Sales	1996	Sales
		(in thousand	ds)	
Net Sales \$	323,641	100.0 \$	320,031	100.0
Cost of goods sold	162,917	50.3	161,609	50.5
	160,724	49.7	158,422	49.5
Stores' operating expenses				
(Note 3)	32,724	10.1	33,599	10.5
Income, store operations	128,000	39.6	124,823	39.0
Warehousing and distribution				
expenses	6,034	1.9	5,655	1.8
Administrative expenses				
(Note 3)	9,075	2.8	8,988	2.8
Other revenue	(5,057)	(1.6)	(4,724)	(1.5)
Other expenses	947	0.3	750	0.2
	10,999	3.4	10,669	3.3
Income before unusual item	117,001	36.2	114,154	35.7
Early retirement program	897	0.3	791_	0.3
Income from operations \$	116,104	35.9 \$	113,363	35.4

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

THE NOVA SCOTIA LIQUOR COMMISSION

Statement of Changes in Financial Position

year ended March 31, 1997, with comparative figures for 1996

	1997	1996
	(in thousands)	
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operations:		
Income from operations	116,104 \$	113,363
Depreciation and amortization not involving cash	3,495	3,540
Change in non-cash operating working capital	(383)	1,915
	119,216	118,818
Financing:		
Principal payments on obligations under capital lease	(184)	(160)
Investments:		
Additions to property and equipment (net)	(2,399)	(3,362)
Other:		
Remittances to Minister of Finance	(116,138)	(113,446)
Increase in cash	495	1,850
Cash, beginning of year	3,958	2,108
Cash, end of year	4,453 \$	3,958

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

THE NOVA SCOTIA LIQUOR COMMISSION

Notes to Financial Statements

year ended March 31, 1997

The Nova Scotia Liquor Commission administers the Liquor Control Act, Chapter 260 of the Revised Statutes of Nova Scotia, 1989.

1. Significant accounting policies

(a) Inventories:

Inventories of stock in warehouse and stores are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Customs and excise tax have not been included where payment is due upon shipment from bonded warehouse.

(b) Property and equipment:

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization are provided on the straight-line basis at the following annual rates:

Asset	Rate
Furniture, fixtures, portable equipment,	
other equipment and capital and leasehold	
improvements	10%
Computers	20%
Land and buildings	5%

In the year of addition, depreciation is charged at the full annual rate.

Land costs which normally would not be depreciated are written off due to the retention of proceeds by the Province of Nova Scotia.

(c) Assets under capital lease:

Assets under capital lease are amortized over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

2. Obligations under capital lease

The Nova Scotia Liquor Commission has an obligation under capital 2011. which matures The obligation represents the total present value future minimum lease payments discounted at the rate implicit lease which is 13.8%. The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments together with the balance of the obligation under capital lease as of March 31, 1997:

1998	1,536,000
1999	1,537,000
2000	1,536,000
2001	1,537,000
2002	1,536,000
2003-2011	14,980,000
Total minimum lease payments	22,662,000
Less: Amounts representing interest	(13,081,000)
Balance of obligation	9,581,000
Less: Current portion of obligations under capital lease	211,000
\$	9,370,000

3. Expenses

Depreciation of property and equipment, amortization of leasehold improvements and capital leases is recorded in expenses as follows:

	1997	(in thousands)	1996
		(iii tiiododiido)	
Stores' operating expenses	\$ 2,043	\$	2,130
Administrative expenses	 1,452		1,410
	\$ 3,495	\$	3,540
Administrative expenses also include the following:			
Interest on obligation under capital lease	\$ 1,353	\$	1,376

4. Operating leases:

The Nova Scotia Liquor Commission leases buildings, premises and equipment under operating leases which expire at various dates between 1998 and 2011. Some of these operating leases contain renewal options at the end of the initial lease term.

The following is an approximate schedule by years of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases that have initial lease terms in excess of one year, as of March 31, 1997:

1998\$	2,482,000
1999	2,278,000
2000	2,087,000
2001	1,599,000
2002	1,215,000
2003-2011	4,385,000
Total minimum payments required	14,046,000

5. Contingencies

The Nova Scotia Liquor Commission is included in actions by Air Canada liquor purchases from recover certain amounts paid in respect of various liquor boards. The outcome of this action is not determinable at the present time.

6. Pension plan and retirement obligations

Full time employees of the Nova Scotia Liquor Commission are members of the Nova Scotia Public Service Superannuation Plan.

7. Comparative figures

Certain of the 1996 figures, presented for comparative purposes, have been restated to conform with the presentation adopted for 1997.

8. Financial instruments

The fair value of the obligation under capital lease is as follows:

	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Capital lease obligation	9,581,000 \$	13,313,000

The fair value of the above was determined using the present value of contractual future payments of principal and interest, discounted at the current market rates of interest available to the company for instruments of a similar nature.

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Directors of the Nova Scotia Municipal Finance Corporation

We have audited the statement of financial position of Nova Scotia Municipal Finance Corporation as at March 31, 1997 and the statements of revenue, expenditure and reserve fund and changes in financial position for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations and changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

DOANE RAYMOND
Chartered Accountants

Halifax, Canada May 13, 1997

NOVA SCOTIA MUNICIPAL FINANCE CORPORATION

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

March 31, 1997

		1997	,	1996
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash	\$	21,060	\$	815,283
Short-term investments, at amortized cost				
(market - \$5,725,000: 1996- \$8,000,000)	1	5,725,000		8,000,000
Accrued interest receivable		18,856,241		20,189,121
Principal due within one year on loans to units		51,378,481	_	88,918,800
		75,980,782		117,923,204
Long-term assets				
Loans to units (Note 3)		536,306,767		562,289,567
Less: Principal included in current assets		51,378,481		88,918,800
		484,928,286		473,370,767
Investments, at amortized cost (market - \$7,019,863;				
1996- \$3,693,047)		6,572,574		3,616,331
		491,500,860		476,987,098
Deferred charges			_	
Discount on debenture debt		2,363,065		2,048,041
Less: Accumulated amortization		1,700,845	_	1,521,588
		662,220		526,453
	\$	568,143,862	\$	595,436,755
Trust fund assets (Note 4)	\$	128,802,462	\$	138,406,723
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	12,323	\$	15,522
Accrued interest payable		18,974,501		20,404,466
Principal due within one year on debenture debt		51,278,000		88,766,000
, ,		70,264,824	-	109,185,988
Long-term debt				
Debentures payable (Note 5)		542,600,000		568,426,000
Less: Principal included in current liabilities		51,278,000		88,766,000
		491,322,000	-	479,660,000
Deferred credits				
Discount on loans to units		2,395,043		2,080,247
Less: Accumulated amortization		1,790,488		1,635,323
		604,555	-	444,924
EQUITY				
Reserve Fund		5,952,483		6,145,843
	\$	568,143,862		
			- :	
Trust funds under administration (Note 4)	\$	128,802,462	\$	138,406,723

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

NOVA SCOTIA MUNICIPAL FINANCE CORPORATION

Statement of Revenue, Expenditure and Reserve Fund

year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenue		
Interest on loans to units \$	57,176,743 \$	58,473,729
Amortization of discount on loans to units	155,165	147,605
Interest on short-term investments	688,197	742,746
Current discount on loans to units	241,475	279,093
	58,261,580	59,643,173
Expenditure		
Interest on debenture debt and short-term loans	57,902,158	58,991,874
Amortization of discount on debenture debt	179,257	149,514
Debenture issue expenses	208,832	251,915
Administrative expenses (Note 6)	164,693	159,216
	58,454,940	59,552,519
Net (expenditure) revenue	(193,360)	90,654
Reserve fund, beginning of period	6,145,843	6,055,189
Reserve fund, end of period	5,952,483 \$	6,145,843

NOVA SCOTIA MUNICIPAL FINANCE CORPORATION

Statement of Changes in Financial Position

year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Cash derived from:		
Net (expenditure) revenue \$ Add (deduct) items not involving cash:	(193,360) \$	90,654
Amortization of discount on loans to units	(155,165)	(147,605)
Amortization of discount on debenture debt	179,257	149,514
	(169,268)	92,563
Issue of debentures of \$62,940,000 net of discounts of \$315,024 (1996 - \$51,100,000 net of discounts		
of \$92,364)	62,624,976	51,007,636
Principal received on loans to units	88,918,800	48,149,154
Change in non-cash working capital (Note 8)	(100,284)	171,144
	151,274,224	99,420,497
Cash applied to: Loans of \$62,936,000 to units on security of debentures,		
net of discounts of \$314,796 (1996- \$51,083,076 net of		
discounts of \$92,296)	(62,621,204)	(50,990,780)
Principal payment on debenture debt	(88,766,000)	(43,003,000)
Change in non-cash working capital (Note 8)		
(1996- \$883,669)	(2,956,243)	(3,616,331)
	(154,343,447)	(97,610,111)
(Decrease) Increase in cash	(3,069,223)	1,810,386
Cash and short-term investments		
Beginning of year	8,815,283	7,004,897
End of year	5,746,060 \$	8,815,283

NOVA SCOTIA MUNICIPAL FINANCE CORPORATION

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

The Corporation was created by the Municipal Finance Corporation Act, which was proclaimed on July 31, 1979. The corporation began operations on January 1, 1980 and has a March 31 fiscal year end. The object of the Corporation is to provide financing of approved capital projects for municipalities, municipal enterprises, including district school boards, and hospitals through a central borrowing authority.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies:

- (a) Discounts on debenture debt and loans to units are being amortized over the life of the debentures payable and the loans receivable to which they relate, using the debentures outstanding method.
- (b) The Reserve Fund was created from interest earnings on funds which had been advanced by the Province of Nova Scotia and have since been repaid and interest on other surplus monies available from time to time, as well as from discounts on loans to units. The purpose of the Reserve Fund is to provide a capital base for the Corporation, as well as to provide for funds which may be required for administrative purposes and timing differences.

2. Fair values of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities

The fair values of cash, accrued interest receivable, and principal due within one approximate their carrying on loans to units are assumed fair values of investments because of their short term to maturity. The values as disclosed in the assumed to approximate quoted market statements. The fair values of payables and principal due within one year debenture debt are assumed approximate their carrying amounts because to their short term to maturity.

The fair values of the Corporation's loans to units and debentures fluctuate with changes in current lending rates. The Corporation's mandate rate of interest charged on loans to units is directly correlated to its cost of borrowing, thereby providing a hedge against equity erosion. As at March 31, 1997, Corporation's debenture debt was hedged by offsetting loans to units with \$6,300,000 exception of approximately which was hedged bγ unrelated marketable securities. The fair market value of the marketable securities \$7,019,863, while the fair market value of the debentures in excess of the loans to \$7,320,000. As the Corporation normally holds debentures the maturity, book values of the investments and debentures have not been adjusted to reflect the differences.

Trust fund assets managed by the Corporation are completely offset by the trust fund liabilities providing a hedge against fair value changes.

3. Loans to units

- (a) Loans to units are made on the security of their debentures, due in annual instalments for periods up to a maximum of twenty years. Interest rates on the loans range from 4.75% to 14.25%. Due to existing provision for the recovery of any defaults by units, an allowance for doubtful accounts is not required.
- (b) Principal payments receivable in each of the next five years are as follows:

1998	\$	51,378,481
1999	\$	70,358,077
2000	\$	123,092,895
2001	•	, ,
2002	\$	41,739,533

4. Trust funds under administration

Trust fund assets totalling \$128,802,462 (1996- \$138,406,723) are held on behalf of certain municipal units. These funds represent sinking funds which are held by the Corporation to be applied to the repayment of outstanding debenture debt of the respective municipalities at maturity.

5. Debentures payable:

(a) The debenture debt outstanding at March 31, 1997 totalling \$542,600,000 (1996 - \$568,426,000) is in Canadian funds and is fully guaranteed by the Province of Nova Scotia.

Series	Date Issued	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Debt Outstanding
Α	Jan. 4/80	1997 to 2000	11.250	\$ 3,750,000
В	July 2/80	1997 to 2000	12.000	2,800,000
С	Dec. 19/80	1997 to 2000	13.375	5,000,000
D	Dec. 19/80	1997 to 2000	13.375	2,000,000
K	Sept. 7/83	1997 to 1998	12.750	1,400,000
M	Aug. 28/84	1997 to 1999	14.250	300,000
N	Apr. 2/85	1997 to 2005	12.250-12.500	4,795,000
Р	Dec. 11/85	1997 to 2000	10.900-11.000	3,000,000
S	May 14/87	1997	8.750-8.750	4,987,000
Т	Dec. 15/87	1997	10.800-10.750	5,231,000
U	May 11/88	1997 to 1998	10.350-10.375	3,889,000
V	Nov. 3/88	1997 to 1998	10.900-11.000	29,125,000
W	Apr. 26/89	1999	11.250	40,100,000
Χ	Nov. 16/89	1999	10.500	43,000,000
Υ	June 21/90	2000	11.750	44,000,000
Z	Nov. 15/90	2000	11.900	59,000,000

	Date			Debt
Series	Issued	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Outstanding
AA	May 29/91	1997 to 2001	10.375-10.50	18,000,000
AB	Oct. 30/91	1997 to 2001	9.500-9.750	23,925,000
AC	May 13/92	1997 to 2002	9.375-9.875	36,680,000
AD	Dec. 9/92	1997 to 2002	7.500-8.500	28,920,000
AE	May 5/93	1997 to 2003	7.375-8.500	19,140,000
AF	Nov. 18/93	1997 to 2003	6.500-7.625	15,250,000
AG	July 13/94	1997 to 2004	8.250-9.250	14,960,000
AH	Dec. 8/94	1997 to 2004	8.375-9.750	23,668,000
AI *	May 2/95	1997 to 2005	8.250-9.125	15,915,000
AJ	Nov. 14/95	1997 to 2005	6.875-8.125	30,825,000
AK *	May 14/96	1997 to 2006	5.500-8.000	41,800,000
AL *	Oct. 28/96	1997 to 2006	4.750-7.500	21,140,000
				\$ 542,600,000

^{*} Placed directly with the Province

Interest is payable semi-annually.

(b) Principal payments due in each of the next five years are as follows:

1998	\$ 51,278,000
1999	\$ 71,073,000
2000	\$ 124,308,000
2001	\$ 143,429,000
2002	\$ 41.772.000

6. Administrative expenses:

	1996/97 Budget	1996/97 Actual	1995/96 Actual
Salaries and benefits \$	123,800	\$ 120,056	\$ 118,697
Travel	4,000	2,616	71
Equipment and maintenance	7,500	4,628	4,509
Printing	2,300	1,417	1,565
Postage	4,000	3,189	3,084
Telecommunications	6,260	3,609	4,450
Stationery and supplies	5,000	3,794	5,052
Professional services	5,000	4,800	5,630
Bank charges	9,000	10,932	8,994
Directors' fees and expenses	5,600	4,788	2,945
Professional development	4,930	3,077	1,257
Dues and subscriptions	950	1,199	1,838
Insurance	755	555	756
Other	500	33	368
\$	179,595	\$ 164,693	\$ 159,216

7. Taxes:

The corporation is not subject to Provincial or Federal Taxes.

8. Change in non-cash working capital

	1997	1996
Accrued interest receivable \$	1,332,880 \$	(114,365)
Accounts payable	(3,199)	(4,072)
Accrued interest payable	(1,429,965)	289,581
\$	(100,284) \$	171,144

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Chair and Members of the Nova Scotia Police Commission

We have audited the balance sheet of the Nova Scotia Police Commission as at March 31, 1997 and the statements of operations and changes in financial position for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commission as at March 31, 1997, and the results of its operations and changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

DOANE RAYMOND Chartered Accountants

Halifax, Nova Scotia May 23, 1997

BALANCE SHEET

March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash	\$ 53,304	\$ 70,869
Accounts receivable	 859	 963
	\$ 54,163	\$ 71,832
LIABILITIES		
Current		
Payables and accruals	11,087	\$ 19,647
Due to Province of Nova Scotia	 43,076	 52,185
	\$ 54,163	\$ 71,832

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Operations

year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenue		
Grant from the Province of Nova Scotia - gross \$	270,000 \$	257,300
Refundable portion	(33,493)	(39,082)
Net grant	236,507	218,218
Interest and other revenue	2,252	1,335
	238,759	219,553
Expenses		
Commission		
Salaries, wages and benefits	140,808	147,891
Investigation services	23,079	8,714
Travel	15,048	10,643
Office supplies and services	8,466	5,951
Equipment	8,118	7,758
Telephone	1,948	1,856
Dues and fees	1,819	1,451
Audit	1,000	1,000
Other expenses	658	71
Repairs and maintenance	616	473
Printing and copying	461	2,630
Transcription	15	967
	202,036	189,405
Review Board		
Salaries, wages and benefits	21,225	19,804
Travel	13,408	9,025
Dues and fees	2,090	937
Transcription		350
Other expenses		32
	36,723	30,148
	238,759	219,553
Operating surplus for the year	<u></u> \$	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Financial Position

year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Cash derived from (applied to)		
Operating		
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable \$	104 \$	(733)
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable	(8,560)	11,219
(Decrease) increase in due to Province of Nova Scotia	(9,109)	40,081
(Decrease) increase in cash	(17,565)	50,567
Cash		
Beginning of year	70,869	20,302
End of year	53,304 \$	70,869

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Incorporation

The Nova Scotia Police Commission was incorporated pursuant to the Police Act of Nova Scotia, Chapter 348 of the Revised Statutes of Nova Scotia, 1989.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Board charges fixed asset acquisitions to expense in the year of purchase which is permitted under Public Sector Accounting Principles.

3. Pensions

The full time employees of the Commission are entitled, Civil Servants, as receive pension benefits under the Public Service Superannuation Act. The Plan is funded by equal employee and employer contributions. The employer's are contributions included in the Commission's operating expenses. The Commission is not responsible for any unfunded liability.

4. Financial Instruments

Financial assets

The fair values of cash and accounts receivable approximate their carrying amounts.

Financial liabilities

The fair values of payables and accruals and the Due to Province of Nova Scotia approximate their carrying amounts.

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PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

NOVA SCOTIA POWER FINANCE CORPORATION

(Formerly Nova Scotia Power Corporation - See Note 1)

The following statements for the Nova Scotia Power Finance Corporation are in draft format only. They had not been approved by the Board of Directors at the time these statements were published.

NOVA SCOTIA POWER FINANCE CORPORATION

(Formerly Nova Scotia Power Corporation - See Note 1)

Statement of Financial Position

as at March 31, 1997

NET ASSETS

	1997	1996
		(in millions)
Notes receivable - Nova Scotia Power Inc. (Note 2) \$	5.7	\$ 37.1
Accrued interest due from Nova Scotia Power Inc.	2.7	6.6
	8.4	43.7
Less: Long-term debt (Note 3)	(5.7)	(37.1)
Accrued interest on long-term debt	(2.7)	(6.6)
Net (Note 4)		\$

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PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

NOVA SCOTIA POWER FINANCE CORPORATION

(Formerly Nova Scotia Power Corporation - See Note 1)

Statement of Earnings and Retained Earnings

year ended March 31, 1997

	1997 (in millions	1996
Revenue Interest on matching notes (Note 6) \$	5.7 \$	21.6
Expenses	5.7	04.0
Interest on long-term debt (Note 6)	5.7	21.6
Net earnings		
Retained earnings, beginning of year		
Retained earnings, end of year	\$	

NOVA SCOTIA POWER FINANCE CORPORATION

Notes to the Financial Statements

year ended March 31, 1997

1. Reorganization and Privatization

passed 1992, the Province of Nova Scotia legislation to facilitate privatization the of Scotia reorganization and of business Nova Power Corporation (N.S.P.C.). In effecting this, pursuant to the Asset Transfer Agreement effective on August 10, 1992, N.S.P.C. transferred all of its existing assets, liabilities and equity except for long-term debt and related sinking funds to Nova Scotia Power Inc. (N.S.P.I.) in exchange for:

- a) matching notes receivable equivalent to outstanding long-term debt. and matching notes payable equivalent to sinking fund and assets:
- b) 20,134,666 fully paid common shares of N.S.P.I., issued to the Province of Nova Scotia, which were subsequently sold on August 12, 1992 by the Province of Nova Scotia as a secondary offering. Concurrently, the \$13.3 million of contributed surplus of N.S.P.C. was transferred to the retained earnings of N.S.P.I.

Subsequent to the reorganization and privatization, the business activities of N.S.P.C. continued under N.S.P.I. N.S.P.C. changed its name to Nova Scotia Power Finance Corporation (N.S.P.F.C.) which continues to hold the long-term debt and sinking fund assets.

Under the terms of the matching notes receivable, N.S.P.I. is responsible for the long-term debt of N.S.P.F.C.

2. Notes Receivable - Nova Scotia Power Inc.

		1997	1996
		(in m	illions)
	Matching notes receivable (Note 1)	\$ 109.5 \$	229.0
	payable (Note 1)	 103.8	191.9
		\$ 5.7 \$	37.1
3.	Long-Term Debt		
		1997	1996
		(in m	illions)
	Bonds and debentures, net of sinking funds		
	and defeasance investments	\$ 5.7 \$	37.1

A number of the bond and debenture issues are redeemable prior to maturity at the option of the Corporation. Bonds, debentures and notes payable are summarized by years of maturity in the following table:

		1997		199	6
		Weighted Average			Weighted Average
	Principal	Coupon		Principal	Coupon
	Outstanding	Rate	Out	tstanding	Rate
Years of Maturity	Total	%		Total	%
		(in millions)			
1996	\$		\$	19.4	
1997	9.6	9.6			
1998					
1999					
2000					
1-5 years	9.6	10.25		29.0	9.45
6-10 years	100.0	9.31		200.0	9.41
11-15 years					
16-20 years					
21-25 years					
26-30 years					
31-40 years					
Total long-term debt					
(Schedule 1)	109.6	9.39		229.0	9.41
Less: Sinking funds					
(Schedule 1)	103.9			191.9	
Net long-term debt					
(Schedule 2)	\$ <u> </u>		\$	37.1	

4. Change in Acounting Policy

to changes in the reporting requirements for financial issued by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants and effective for the year ended 31, 1997, and applied retroactively to 1996, Receivable and Long-Term requirement to net offsetting Notes Debt, enforceable interest, where there is legally right to set off the amounts and where the corporation's management does intend to realize settle liability. Management simultaneously, the concurs that conditions apply Nova Scotia Power Finance Corporation and hence assets, less offsetting liabilities, have been netted in the Balance Sheet.

⁽¹⁾ Principal outstanding at March 31, 1996 is stated net of related defeasance assets. Details of defeasance to March 31, 1996 are provided in Schedule 1 to the financial statements.

5. Debt Defeasance

N.S.P.F. On reorganization, N.S.P.I. committed, subject to certain and conditions, to effect defeasance of N.S.P.F.'s long-term debt through repayment of the matching notes by December 31, 1997 in order to fully remove the debt from its balance sheet by that date. Defeasance requires qualifying assets to be set aside by the debtor to be used solely for satisfying scheduled future payments of principal and interest of a specific obligation.

Under the terms of the Defeasance Agreement, subject to certain factors, minimum amounts of debt to be defeased are as follows:

December 31	Annual Amount (in millions)
1993	\$ 200.0
1994	300.0
1995	400.0
1996	250.0
1997	231.6
	\$ 1,381.6

As at March 31, 1997, \$1,440.3 million of debt had been defeased (1996 - \$1,434.0 million) (Schedule 1).

6. Interest

		1997 (in millions)	1996
	on long-term debt	17.7 \$	76.7
Less:	Sinking fund earnings	(12.0) 5.7	(55.1) 21.6
Less:	Interest on matching notes - N.S.P.I	(5.7)	(21.6)
	\$	\$	

7. General and Administrative Expenses

Under the terms of the privatization agreements, N.S.P.I. is responsible for the payment of N.S.P.F.C. expenses. During the year, \$26,736 of such expenses were incurred by N.S.P.F.C. and recovered by it from N.S.P.I.

NOVA SCOTIA POWER FINANCE CORPORATION

Long-Term Debt and Sinking Funds

as at March 31, 1997

Series	Date of Maturity		Rate	Amount Outstanding	Defeasance To Date	Net Undefeased Balance	(1)(2) Sinking Funds
Debentures							
"S"	July 21, 2002	(3)	9.25% \$	50,000,000 \$	\$	50,000,000 \$	49,057,657
"V"	January 10, 2003	(3)	9.375%	50,000,000		50,000,000	45,290,755
"AA"	July 15, 2005	(3)	11.50%	50,000,000	50,000,000		
"AE"	December 1, 2002	(3)	13.50%	100,000,000	100,000,000		
"AF"	December 20, 2003	(3)	12.50%	75,000,000	75,000,000		
"AG"	February 14, 2005	(3)	12.125%	100,000,000	100,000,000		
"AH"	November 15, 2012		10.875%	150,000,000	150,000,000		
"AJ"	April 27, 2014		11.25%	200,000,000	200,000,000		
"AK"	January 10, 2020		10.25%	150,000,000	150,000,000		
"AM"	February 26, 2031		11.00%	200,000,000	200,000,000		
"AN"	April 1, 2021 (U.S.)	(2)	9.40%	415,290,000	415,290,000		
"DO02"	July 7, 1997		10.25%	9,563,900		9,563,900	9,500,000
Total long-term debt			\$	1,549,853,900 \$	1,440,290,000 \$	109,563,900 \$	103,848,412

⁽¹⁾ Sinking funds are maintained on a pooled basis. Presentation by individual debenture issue, above, is based upon management allocation.

⁽²⁾ Amounts payable in foreign currencies and those sinking fund investments denominated in foreign currencies are expressed at the Canadian dollar equivalent at the rates prevailing at the date of the financial statements.

⁽³⁾ Callable issues. Under the terms of the privatization agreements, all options must be exercised.

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Schedule 2

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

NOVA SCOTIA POWER FINANCE CORPORATION

Continuity of Long-Term Debt

August 10, 1992 to March 31,1997

Less: Retired, funded or def	eased:			
	Debt Retirement	Sinking Fund Growth	Defeasance	
Year ended March 31,				
1993	(1,371,458) \$	(57,498,429) \$	(130,872,250)	(189,742,137
Year ended March 31,	(000 110 000)		(0-0-0-0-)	(- 40 000 400
1994	(238,449,609)	69,597,333	(373,507,887)	(542,360,163
Year ended March 31,	(CE E 40 C70)	70 400 000	(254 775 220)	(250 400 720
1995	(65,543,679)	70,132,288	(354,775,338)	(350,186,729
Year ended March 31, 1996	(184,588,286)	146,494,758	(574,804,525)	(612,898,053
1550	(104,300,200)	140,434,730	(374,004,323)	(012,030,033
Year ended March 31, 1997 Sinking fund				
instalments(NSPI)				
Sinking fund				
earnings		(12,013,398)		(12,013,398
Retirement of		•		•
debentures	(100,005,000)	100,000,000		(5,000
Transfer to				
defeasance				
Retirement of savings				
bonds	(19,397,800)			(19,397,800
Foreign currency				
translation	6,330,000		(6,330,000)	(04, 440, 400
¢	(113,072,800)	87,986,602	(6,330,000)	(31,416,198
\$	(603,025,832) \$	316,712,552 \$	(1,440,290,000)	(1,726,603,280
Net long-term debt, March 31,	1997			
(Note 3)			\$	5,715,488
(*:	-, -,
Comprised of:				
Long-term debt (Schedule 1)		\$	1,549,853,900
Less: Sinking funds				(103,848,412
Defeased investmer	nts			(1,440,290,000
			\$	•

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Natural Resources; and

To the Chair and Members of the Nova Scotia Primary Forest Products Marketing Board

I have audited the balance sheet of the Nova Scotia Primary Forest Products Marketing Board as at March 31, 1997 and the statement of revenues, expenses and fund balance for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies stated in Note 2 to the financial statements.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia June 26, 1997

NOVA SCOTIA PRIMARY FOREST PRODUCTS MARKETING BOARD

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

		1997		1996 (Restated Note 4)
Current				(110010100 17010 17
Cash	\$	200	\$	200
Current portion of loan receivable (Note 3)		10,000		
Due from processors		81,699		44,415
Due from Province of Nova Scotia		511,641		540,379
		603,540	_	584,994
Long-Term				
Loan receivable (Note 3)		15,000		
,	\$	618,540	_	584,994
LIABILITIES AND FUND BA	ALANCE			
Current				
Due to bargaining agents	\$	24,914	\$	35,932
Unearned revenue (Note 4)		16,621		9,902
		41,535	_	45,834
Fund Balance (Note 4)	•	577,005		539,160
,	\$	618,540	\$	584,994

Commitment (Note 5)

NOVA SCOTIA PRIMARY FOREST PRODUCTS MARKETING BOARD

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Fund Balance

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	
_		(Restated Note 4)
Revenues		
Charges against suppliers		\$ 581,006
Less: Bargaining agents funding (Note 1)	321,960	410,391
	160,939	170,615
Interest on fund balance	34,704	37,219
	195,643	207,834
Expenses		
Board member per diems	16,800	12,000
Equipment and maintenance	100	125
Grants	42,796	
Lease payments - equipment	3,084	3,492
Lease payments - office space	7,646	7,136
Legal fees	2,362	1,545
Other	1,022	1,151
Salaries	71,319	80,639
Supplies and services	3,556	3,987
Travel	9,113	8,450
	157,798	118,525
Excess of revenues over expenses	37,845	89,309
Fund balance, as previously reported		453,531
Restatement of prior years' revenues (Note 4)		(3,680)
	539,160	449,851
Fund balance, end of year	\$577,005	\$ 539,160

NOVA SCOTIA PRIMARY FOREST PRODUCTS MARKETING BOARD

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

The Nova Scotia Primary Forest Products Marketing Board was established by the Primary Forest Products Marketing Act.

The objectives of the Board are: to provide for the organization and funding of bargaining agents, to provide for the registration of bargaining agents, to provide for the resolution of bargaining disputes, to facilitate and support the continued development of the forest resources held by private woodlot owners, and to enable private woodlot owners to have a fair share of the available market and receive a reasonable return for the sale of primary forest products.

The Board imposes separate charges against producers of primary forest products for the purpose of providing funding of bargaining agents, and for funding the operations of the Board.

2. Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared accordance with in generally accepted accounting principles modified by the policy of charging equipment purchases to expense in the year the costs are incurred.

3. Loan Receivable

On November 13, 1996 the Board remitted \$25,000 to a wood lot owners organization, as part of an agreement to loan it a total of \$40,000. The balance of the loan (\$15,000) was advanced on May 29, 1997. The loan is non-interest bearing and repayment of \$10,000 is required by March 31, 1998.

4. Restatement of Prior Years' Revenues

In May 1997 the Board was notified by a producer that, due to a computer programming error, the volume of wood reported for the period September 1994 to March 1997, upon which Board levies had been paid, was overstated. The producer has indicated that future levies paid to the Board will be reduced by the amount of the overpayment.

These financial statements have been restated retroactively to reflect the above described error. The previously reported balances for 1996 have been adjusted as follows:

Unearned revenue liability - increased \$	(9,902)
Charges against supplies revenue -	
decreased	6,222
Beginning fund balance-decreased \$	(3,680)

The previously reported excess of revenues over expenses for 1996 decreased by \$6,222.

5. Office Lease Commitment

On October 1, 1994 the Department of Transportation and Public Works entered into a five-year lease agreement for office space on behalf of the Board. The lease agreement requires monthly payments of \$552, which are billed to the Board by the Department of Transportation and Public Works.

6. Pensions

All permanent employees of the Board are entitled to receive pension benefits under the Province of Nova Scotia Public Service Superannuation Act. The plan is funded by equal employee and employer contributions. The employer contributions are included in the Board's operating expenses. The Board is not responsible for any unfunded liability with respect to the superannuation fund.

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDER

We have audited the consolidated balance sheet of Nova Scotia Resources Limited as at December 31, 1996, and the consolidated statements of earnings and deficit and changes in financial position for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that gains and losses on foreign currency translation of long-term monetary items be deferred and amortized over the term of the related debt. The company follows the policy of recording gains If these amounts had been deferred and amortized net losses in the year of occurrence. earnings would have decreased by \$3.4 million (1995 -\$7.5 million decrease). Unamortized foreign exchange losses carried forward would be \$3.4 million (1995 - \$6.8 million). In addition, the opening deficit would have been reduced by \$6.8 million (1995 - \$14.3 million).

In our opinion, except for the effect of not deferring and amortizing foreign exchange gains and losses on long-term monetary items, these consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the company as at December 31, 1996, and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG Peat Marwick Thorne Chartered Accountants

Halifax, Nova Scotia March 21, 1997

NOVA SCOTIA RESOURCES LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 1996

ASSETS

	1996	1995
	(i	n thousands)
Oil and gas properties (Note 3) Receivables and other assets (Note 4) Collateral deposits. Cash and short-term investments	\$ 11,081 18,426 210 873 \$ 30,590	6,588 1,922 1,589
LIABILITIES		
Commercial paper (Note 5)	139,351 17,500	\$ 274,304 138,903 17,500 8,215 438,922
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY		
Capital stock Authorized 40,000 common shares without par value Issued and outstanding 3 common shares	1	1
Deficit	(405,724) (405,723) \$30,590	(411,515)

Future operations (Note 1)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOVA SCOTIA RESOURCES LIMITED

Consolidated Statement of Earnings and Deficit

year ended December 31, 1996

	1996	199	5
	(in thousands)	
Revenue			
Oil and gas revenue			
Royalties	1,905	2,341	<u></u>
	92,473	98,422	<u>2</u>
Loss on sale of oil and gas properties	(2,474))	_
Gain on sale of other assets	` '	2,442	2
Sundry revenue	80		
,	90,079		_
Expenses			
Production	49,299	56,715	-
General and administrative		748	
Depreciation and depletion			_
Depresiation and depiction	56,933		
	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Earnings before financing cost and	00.440	00.475	_
income taxes	33,146	36,175)
Financing cost (Note 8)	27,047	16,928	3
Income taxes (recovery) (Note 10)	307	(14	4)
Net earnings	\$ 5,792	\$ 19,261	1
Deficit, beginning of year	\$ 411,516	\$ 430,777	7
Net earnings	5,792	19,261	1
Deficit, end of year	\$ 405,724	\$411,516	3

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOVA SCOTIA RESOURCES LIMITED

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Financial Position

year ended December 31, 1996

	1996 (in tho	1995 usands)
Cash derived from (applied to)		
Operating	5 700 A	40.004
Net earnings	5,792 \$	19,261
Items not involving cash:	0.405	7 000
Depreciation and depletion	6,105	7,388
Loss on sale of oil and gas properties	2,474	(0.440)
Gain on sale of other assets		(2,442)
	14,371	24,207
Change in non-cash operating working capital items	(11,726)	8,710
Change in non-cash operating working capital items	2,645	32,917
	2,040	02,017
Financing		
Decrease in commercial paper	(1,473)	(31,311)
Increase (decrease) in long-term borrowing	448	(3,826)
Repurchase of capital stock by subsidiary		(100)
	(1,025)	(35,237)
		,
Investing		
Recoveries (expenditures) on oil and gas properties	(6,836)	565
Proceeds on sale of oil and gas properties	4,500	
Proceeds on sale of other assets		2,500
	(2,336)	3,065
Increase (decrease) in cash and short-term investments	(716)	745
Cash and short-term investments, beginning of year	1,589	844
Cash and short-term investments, end of year	873 \$	1,589

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOVA SCOTIA RESOURCES LIMITED

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 1996

1. Future operations

These financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which assumes the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. Doubts arise due to the company's deficit of \$405.7 million and its commercial paper and long-term borrowing of \$272.8 million and \$139.4 million respectively which would impair the company's ability to continue as a going concern without the support of its shareholder, the Province of Nova Scotia, who has guaranteed the debt.

The shareholder has advertised that the Company and all of its assets are for sale and a conditional memorandum of understanding has been accepted from certain interested parties. The decision to sell the shares of assets requires Cabinet approval and is pending the outcome of an advance tax ruling.

2. Accounting policies

(a) Basis of presentation

accounts The consolidated financial statements include the Company of the and all of its subsidiaries. A significant part of the Company's activities are conducted jointly with others and accordingly, these financial statements reflect only the Company's proportionate interest in these activities.

(b) Derivative financial instruments

The Company uses interest rate swap contracts to reduce its exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. These financial instruments are not recognized in the financial statements on inception. Payments and receipts under interest rate swap contracts are recognized as adjustments to interest expense on long-term borrowing.

(c) Oil and gas properties

The Company accounts for oil and gas properties in accordance with the Canadian guideline on full cost accounting.

Under this method, all costs associated with the acquisition, development of oil and gas properties are capitalized in one cost centre. is calculated using the unit of production method based proved on gross reserves before royalties. ceiling test is applied ensure that the capitalized costs do not exceed the estimated future revenues. of production, site restoration, administration and financing costs.

(d) Provision for site restoration

The provision for future removal and site restoration costs for the Nova Scotia offshore is based on current estimates and has been fully charged against income as part of depletion expense.

(e) Foreign currency translation

Assets and liabilities denominated in US dollars have been translated to Canadian dollars using the exchange rate on December 31, 1996. Transactions during the year are recorded using the monthly average exchange rate.

Based on a proposed change to accounting generally accepted principles, recognizes gains Company and losses on foreign currency translation of long-term borrowings in the year of occurrence. Generally accepted accounting require foreign exchange gains and losses on long-term monetary items to be deferred and amortized over the term of the related debt.

(f) Revenue recognition

Revenue from the oilfields offshore Nova Scotia is recorded at current sales prices once the oil is delivered.

3. Oil and gas properties

The Company has a 50% working interest in the Panuke and Cohasset oil fields offshore Nova Scotia which have a net book value of \$10.5 million as at December 31, 1996 (1995 - \$10.0 million). The accumulated depletion of these interests at December 31, 1996 was \$231 million (1995 - \$225 million).

oil gas Company applying the ceiling test to its and reserves. the used commodity prices December 31, 1996 to determine the net recoverable as at from its oil and gas activities. The Company compared this net recoverable amount to the carrying value of the oil and gas properties and has determined that no write-down is required.

4. Receivable and other assets

	1996	1995
	(in thousands)	
Accounts receivable - trade \$	8,161	\$ 422
Inventory in tanker	4,359	3,348
Prepaid expenses	382	709
Receivable - insurance claim	1,650	
Receivable - J.V. partner	3,073	783
Receivable - Offshore Infrastructure Fund	760	1,268
Other assets	41	58
\$	18,426	\$6,588

Included in receivable-insurance claims is a settlement of \$838 (1995-nil) that may be subject to an appeal by the liable party.

5. Commercial paper

In 1986 Company established a Euro-Commercial Paper Programme under the which it issues short term notes guaranteed by the Province of Nova Scotia, to an principal amount not exceeding US \$250 million. These notes denominated in US dollars and the principal balance outstanding at December 31, 1996 was US \$176.0 million (1995 -\$182.0 million). The average coupon rate for issuances in the year was 5.6% (1995- 6.3%). At December 31, 1996, the rate for new issues in the three month term was approximately 5.5 % (1995 -5.8%).

To support the Euro Commercial Paper Programme, the Company has arranged a credit facility which provides committed bank funding to US \$250 million. The principal balance outstanding at December 31, 1996 was US \$23.8 million (1995 - \$20 million). Repayment of advances is guaranteed by the Province of Nova Scotia.

6. Long-term borrowing

On November 14, 1990 the Company borrowed US. \$101.7 million pursuant to a Swiss franc loan agreement and swap transaction. The loan is for 130 million Swiss francs but the swap has the effect of converting the entire transaction to a seven year US dollar loan for the amount received in 1990. Interest is payable semi-annually and principal is repayable in a single amount on November Subsequent to the November 14, 1990 transactions, a second swap was the interest rate on US \$50 completed which fixes million at 8.91%. The remainder of the loan bears interest at a floating rate, which reprices ever six months at the US dollar LIBOR rate, plus 25 basis points. The floating rate at December 31, 1996 was 5.8% (1995 - 6.0%) while the average floating rate for the year was 5.9% (1995 - 6.4%). The amount outstanding at December 31, 1996 has been adjusted to reflect the exchange rate on that date. Repayment of this loan has been guaranteed by the Province of Nova Scotia.

The loan is included in long-term liabilities as the Company plans to refinance the loan when it matures on November 14, 1997.

7. Provision for site restoration - measurement uncertainty

The carrying value of the provision for site restoration costs is based on an abandonment study conducted by an independent third party. The actual costs will be determined when the extent of the site restoration is approved by the Canada - Nova Scotia Offshore Petroleum Board. The Company's share of the cost of site restoration, based on the option chosen, is estimated to range between \$13.9 million and \$18.9 million.

8. Financing cost

The Company's debt is denominated in US dollars. Financing costs interest and foreign exchange gains losses recorded or transactions during the year plus the foreign exchange on conversion of debt Canadian dollars the statement date. During the year the actual interest at expense amounted to \$25.8 million (1995 \$28.5 million)

accounting recognition of the depreciation in the Canadian dollar from \$1.3652 at January 1, 1996 to \$1.3696 at December 31, 1996 which amounted to \$1.3 million in financing costs (1995- \$11.6 million in financing revenue).

9. Financial instruments:

Risk management activities

The Company operates internationally and has significant exposure to movement in the US dollar and fluctuations in interest rates.

At December 31, 1996 a total of \$412 million (1995 - \$413 million) of liabilities are denominated in US dollars. In addition, all of the oil and gas revenue is subject to fluctuation of US currency.

The Company uses an interest rate swap to reduce the foreign exchange risk on \$50 million US (1995 - \$50 million US) of its long-term borrowings, as described in Note 6 to the financial statement.

The Company has not entered into any foreign exchange contracts or interest rate swap agreements to manage their exposure to foreign currency and interest rate fluctuations on the remainder of their US dollar denominated liabilities.

The Company has not entered into any oil swap or foreign exchange contracts to hedge anticipated sales of crude oil during the year.

Interest rate risk

At December 31, 1996 the increase or decrease in net earnings for each one percent change in interest rates on floating rate debt amounts to \$3.4 million.

Foreign exchange risk

For the 1996 fiscal year, the increase or decrease in net earnings for each one cent change in the Canadian dollar, relative to the US dollar, on oil and gas revenue, US denominated liabilities and interest expense amounts to \$4.7 million.

Concentration of credit risk

All of the Company's accounts receivable-trade are with customers in the oil and gas industry and are subject to normal industry credit risks.

Fair Values

The fair value of the Company's receivables and other assets, collateral deposits, cash and short-term investments, payables and accruals and commercial paper approximate their carrying amounts due to the relatively short periods to maturity of the instruments.

The fair value of the company's long-term borrowings at December 31, 1996 was \$140.2 million compared to a carrying value of \$139.4 million. Fair value has been calculated using the future cash flows (principal and interest) of the actual outstanding debt instruments, discounted at current market rates available to the Company for the same or similar instruments (5.81 %).

10. Income taxes

As a Crown corporation, the Company is not taxable under the provisions of the Income Tax Act of Canada.

The Company's oil and gas operations are conducted through a subsidiary, Nova Scotia Resources (Ventures) Limited. This subsidiary is a taxable corporation and has approximately \$449 million of deductions available to reduce future taxable income. The tax benefit related to the deductions has not been recognized in these financial statements.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Chairman and Members of the Nova Scotia Talent Trust

I have examined the statement of financial position of the Nova Scotia Talent Trust as at March 31, 1997 and the statement of revenues, expenses and fund balances for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Trust's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

Except as explained the following paragraph, I conducted my audit in accordance accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that - 1 perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

common with many similar organizations, the Trust derives revenue from In raising and donation activities, the completeness of which is not susceptible audit verification. Accordingly, my verification satisfactory of these revenues limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Trust and I was not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to fund raising and donation revenues, excess of revenues over expenses, assets and Trust equity.

In my opinion, except for the effect of adjustments, if any, which I might have to be necessary had able to satisfy myself concerning - 1 been completeness of the fund raising and donation revenues referred to in the preceding these financial statements fairly. in all material respects. paragraph. present financial position of the Trust as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia August 13, 1997

NOVA SCOTIA TALENT TRUST

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at March 31, 1997

		1997	1996
ASSETS			
Current			
Cash	\$	6,259	\$ 4,285
Short-term investments, at cost (Note 2)		10,645	10,325
Accrued interest		1,086	1,071
Accounts receivable			 528
		17,990	16,209
Long-term investments, at cost (Note 2)		20,313	 20,000
	\$	38,303	\$ 36,209
FUND BALANCES	3		
Fund Balance - unappropriated	\$	10,226	\$ 9,836
Fund Balance - appropriated (Note 4)		28,077	26,373
	\$	38,303	\$ 36,209

NOVA SCOTIA TALENT TRUST

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Fund Balances

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenues		
Grant - Province of Nova Scotia \$	50,000 \$	50,000
Fund-raising activities		29,446
Interest earned	2,108	1,886
	52,108	81,332
Expenses Talent Trust grants	48,643	54,710
Administration expenses (Note 3)	1,371	2,713
Administration expenses (Note 3)	50,014	57,423
Excess of revenues over expenses	2,094	23,909
Fund Balance, beginning of period	36,209	12,300
Fund Balance, end of period	38,303 \$	36,209

NOVA SCOTIA TALENT TRUST

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

The Nova Scotia Talent Trust was established pursuant to a special resolution of the Nova Scotia Companies Act. The purpose of the Trust is to assist in the education and advancement of Nova Scotians in the visual and performing arts.

2. Investments

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Cost
(a) Short-Term			
Royal Bank GIC	6.00%	Nov. 01, 1997	\$ 5,645
Royal Bank GIC	6.50%	Sept. 11, 1997	 5,000
			\$ 10,645
(b) Long-Term			
Royal Bank GIC	6.75%	Sept. 11, 1998	\$ 5,000
Royal Bank GIC	7.00%	Sept. 13, 1999	5,000
Royal Bank GIC	7.25%	Sept. 11, 2000	5,000
Royal Bank GIC	6.25%	Sept. 11, 2001	 5,313
			\$ 20,313

3. Administrative Expenses

These financial statements do not reflect administrative expenses incurred by the Provincial Department of Education and Culture on behalf of the Trust.

4. Trust Equity - Appropriated

The Board has appropriated \$25,000 of the Trust's equity for purposes of an endowment fund. Each year, the principle and interest will be reinvested until the balance is sufficient to establish an endowment fund. For the period ended March 31, 1997, interest in the amount of \$1,704 was earned on the investments.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Legislative Assembly; and To the Minister of Finance

I have audited the statement of net assets available for benefits and accrued benefits and deficiency of the Nova Scotia Teachers' Pension Fund as at March 31, 1997 and the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the net assets available for benefits and accrued pension benefits and deficiency of the Fund as at March 31, 1997 and the changes in net assets available for benefits for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia June 16, 1997

NOVA SCOTIA TEACHERS' PENSION FUND

Statement of Net Assets Available for Benefits

and Accrued Pension Benefits and Deficiency

as at March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
	((in thousands)
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS		
Assets		
Investments (Note 4)	2,156,380	\$ 1,814,605
Receivable from the Province of Nova		
Scotia (Note 3)	284,409	287,477
Receivable from School Boards	124,961	99,240
Contributions receivable		
Employees'	2,823	1,849
Employers'	5,258	7,616
Accrued income	16,710	20,502
Net investment transactions outstanding		4,075
Other receivable		10
Cash	(47)	475
Total Assets	2,590,494	2,235,849
Liabilities		
Net investment transactions outstanding	3,123	
Accounts payable	16,525	15,653
Total liabilities	19,648	15,653
Net Assets Available for Benefits	2,570,846	2,220,196
Actuarial asset value adjustment (Note 5)	69,197	75,297
Actuarial value of net assets available for benefits \$		\$ 2,295,493
ACCRUED DENGLON DENEETTO AND DEFICIENCY		
ACCRUED PENSION BENEFITS AND DEFICIENCY		
Accrued pension benefits\$	3,221,996	\$ 2,945,154
Deficiency (Note 6)	(581,953)	(649,661)
Accrued pension benefits and deficiency	2,640,043	\$ 2,295,493

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOVA SCOTIA TEACHERS' PENSION FUND

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	
		(in thousands)
Increase in Assets		
Investment activities (Note 4)	350,963	\$ 274,189
Nova Scotia (Note 3)	22,683	22,914
Boards	8,548	6,992
	382,194	304,095
Contributions		
Employers' - matched	43,961	44,165
Employees' - matched	43,961	44,165
Employers' - unmatched		
- School Boards	33,798	31,558
- Province	11,917	11,085
Employees' - unmatched	931	1,124
Transfers from other pension plans	1,276	1,994
	135,844	134,091
Total increase in assets	518,038	438,186
Decrease in Assets		
Benefits paid	160,882	149,340
Operating expenses (Note 7)	4,175	3,167
Refund of contributions and interest	1,552	1,468
Transfers to other pension plans	779	1,381
Total decrease in assets	167,388	155,356
Increase in Net Assets	350,650	282,830
Net Assets Available for		
Benefits at Beginning of Year	2,220,196	1,937,366
Net Assets Available for		
Benefits at End of Year	2,570,846	\$ 2,220,196

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOVA SCOTIA TEACHERS' PENSION FUND

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority and Description of Plan

The Teachers' Pension Fund was established by the Teachers' Pension Act. It is the funding vehicle for the Teachers' Pension Plan, a pension plan which covers public school and some community college teachers. The detailed provisions of the Plan, including pension eligibility criteria and benefit formulas are contained in the Act and in the Regulations made under the Act.

Employee and employer contributions and investment earnings are credited Fund. Pensions, payments terminating employees to and administration expenses are charged to the Fund. The Minister of Finance is trustee of the Fund which is invested in federal, provincial, municipal and corporate securities which qualify as eligible investments under the Provincial Finance Act.

funded by employee and matching employer contributions of The plan 8.3% is of salary the Year's Maximum Pensionable Earnings (YMPE) up to Canada Pension Plan and 9.9% of salary above the YMPE. The basic pension formula is 2% for each year of pensionable service times the number of years of pensionable service. Pensions are integrated with CPP benefits at age 65. in pay are increased on January 1 of each year at a rate equal to the increase in the Consumers Price Index of Canada less 1%, to a maximum of 6%.

Plan members are eligible for a pension upon meeting any of the following criteria:

- 35 years of service;
- age 55 with an age plus pensionable service factor of 85 "Rule of 85";
- age 55 with two years of service (reduced pension);
- age 60 with 10 years of service; and
- age 65 with two years of service.

On July 22, 1994, the Governor in Council authorized an early retirement program (ERP) for plan members. The program provides up to an additional three years of pensionable service for those who were employed by a school board on June 5, 1994 and who reached or will reach age 52 with an age and service factor of 82 or more between June 5, 1994 and July 31, 1998. The additional cost for each teacher who participates is paid by the employing school board. The cost, based on a present value of \$97,400 as a July 31, 1994, increases by 8% per year for each year of the program.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Presentation

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis and present the aggregate financial position of the Fund as a separate financial reporting entity. They are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

(b) Foreign Currency Translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. The market value of foreign investments and cash balances held at year end are translated at the rates in effect at that date. The resulting gain or loss from changes in these rates is included in unrealized investment income.

(c) Investments

- (i) Investments are reported as of the trade date and are stated at market value. Market value is the amount of the consideration that would be agreed upon in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties who are under no compulsion to act.
- (ii) The derivative contracts held by the Fund are recorded at the estimated amounts that the Fund would receive or pay to terminate the contracts at the reporting date, with the resulting gain or loss being recognized in unrealized investment income.
- (iii) Investments held in the Fund include debentures of the Province of Nova Scotia and the Nova Scotia Municipal Finance Corporation with total market value of \$60.9 million (2.4% of Total Assets) as at March 31, 1997.

3. Agreement to Address Unfunded Liability

On November 25, 1993 the Teachers' Pension Act was amended to incorporate the terms of an agreement signed May 13, 1993 between the Nova Scotia Teachers' Union and the Government of Nova Scotia to address the unfunded liability in the Nova Scotia Teachers' Pension Plan.

As part of this agreement the Province assumed responsibility for \$300 million of the unfunded liability. This receivable bears interest at an effective annual rate of 8% compounded semi-annually. Payments made by the Province to the Fund have reduced this outstanding principal to \$284.4 million as at March 31, 1997 with the Fund earning \$22.7 million in interest for the year then ended.

The Province also agreed to make payments over a ten year period equal to \$10 million per year in 1993, increased by 7.5% per year.

The payment schedules established as a result of these commitments are set out in Schedules A and B respectively of the Teachers' Pension Act.

4. Investments and Derivatives

The investment objectives the Plan provide long-term security of are to pension benefits to increases contributions to members and minimize any in required by members and employer. investing in assets of the A strategy of

Canadian and foreign equities, bonds, debentures, mortgages and money market securities is aimed at achieving these objectives.

(a) Market value of investments and related income before allocating the effect of derivative contracts.

		1997			1996	
	Asset	%	Income*	Asset	%	Income*
		(in thousands)			
Money market\$	233,747	10.8 \$	6,207 \$	104,378	5.7 \$	5,995
Fixed income	570,428	26.4	71,827	671,470	37.0	89,112
Equities - Canadian	887,760	41.2	182,460	622,493	34.3	93,382
- US	217,365	10.1	35,927	205,033	11.3	42,773
- Other foreign	256,087	11.9	31,382	206,644	11.4	27,383
Derivatives	(9,007)	(0.4)	23,084	4,587	0.3	15,403
Other			76			141
\$	2,156,380	100.0_\$_	350,963 \$_	1,814,605	100.0_\$_	274,189

^{*}Includes realized gains of \$100.2 million (\$64.2 - 1996) and unrealized gains of \$134.8 million (\$111.0 - 1996).

(b) Derivative contracts

Derivatives are financial contracts, the value of which is 'derived' from the value of underlying assets or interest or exchange rates. Derivatives provide flexibility in implementing investment strategy. Money market to equity swaps have been used during the year to adjust the asset mix. Foreign currency forwards have been used to manage the foreign currency exposure inherent in the foreign investments. Section (f) of this note provides a summary of these contracts as a March 31, 1997.

The following provides details of the derivative money market-to-equity swap contracts outstanding as at March 31, 1997. Notional amounts of these derivative contracts represent the volume of outstanding transactions and do not represent the potential gain or loss associated with the market risk or credit risk of such transactions, but serve as the basis upon which the return from and the market value of, the contracts are determined. These contracts are denominated in Canadian dollars and are reset quarterly.

			Credit Rating of				
Р	otional rincipal n thousands)	Original Term	Counter- party	Equity Index	BA Index	(in th	Market Value nousands)
`	,					,	,
\$	41,833	2.0 yrs	AA(low)	TSE100	CAD-BA-CDOR	\$	(2,224)
	37,585	2.0 yrs	AA(low)	TSE100	CAD-BA-CDOR		(1,078)
	36,503	2.0 yrs	AA(low)	TSE100	CAD-BA-CDOR		(2,336)
	12,429	3.0 yrs	AA(low)	TSE100	CAD-BA-CDOR		(587)
	21,240	3.0 yrs	AA(low)	TSE100	CAD-BA-CDOR		(1,470)
	21,065	3.0 yrs	AA(low)	TSE100	CAD-BA-CDOR		(1,312)
\$	170,655					\$	(9,007)

(c) Market value of investments and related income after allocating the effect of derivative contracts.

		1997			1996	
	Asset	%	Income*	Asset	%	Income*
		((in thousands))		
Money market	114,892	5.3 \$	3,249 \$	34,274	1.9 \$	3,257
Fixed income	517,928	24.0	69,323	618,970	34.1	86,929
Equities - Canadian	1,050,108	48.7	208,684	746,759	41.1	109,605
- US	217,365	10.1	37,088	206,496	11.4	44,824
- Other foreign	256,087	11.9	32,543	208,106	11.5	29,433
Other			76			141
\$	2,156,380	100.0 \$	350,963 \$	1,814,605	100.0_\$_	274,189

*Includes realized gains of \$100.2 million (\$64.2 - 1996) and unrealized gains of \$134.8 million (\$111.0 - 1996).

(d) Interest rate risk

risk refers the Plan's financial Interest rate to the fact that position as market interest rates change. Interest rate risk is inherent in the change the pension plan business due to prolonged timing differences between cash flows related to the assets and liabilities of the Plan.

The value of the Plan's assets is affected by short-term changes in nominal exposed interest rates and equity markets. Pension liabilities are the to long-term expectation of the investments rate of return οn as well as expectations of inflation and salary escalation. To meet these liabilities the Plan has established а policy asset mix of approximately 60% equities 40% fixed income securities. Long-term equity returns have historically shown high correlation with changes in inflation and salary escalation, securities are sensitive to changes in nominal interest rates. fixed income 31, 1997 \$570,428,000 fixed income securities March the had а modified duration of 4.8 years. This means a 1% decrease in nominal interest rates would increase their market value by approximately 4.8%.

(e) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss in the event the counterparty to a transaction fails to discharge an obligation and causes the other party to incur a loss.

The Plan limits credit risk by purchasing fixed income securities with credit rating of "BBB" and higher. In addition, the Plan limits contract risk by dealing with counterparties that have a minimum "A" credit rating.

(f) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency exposure Plan's holding foreign arises from the currency-denominated equities. From time to time some this exposure will be hedged based economic on interest rate spreads other fundamentals.

The Plan's foreign currency exposure is summarized in the following table.

	Net Foreign			
	Gross	Currency	Net	
Currency	Exposure	Hedge	Exposure	
	(iı	n thousands)		
Germany	22,102 \$	(6,347)\$	15,755	
Japan	27,917	(6,722)	21,195	
United Kingdom	17,077	(5,484)	11,593	
United States	228,828	38,638	267,466	
Other	197,295	(20,566)	176,729	
Total	493,219 \$	(481)\$	492,738	

5. Actuarial Asset Value Adjustment

The actuarial asset value adjustment is comprised of the following items:

1. Present value of future payments under Schedule B

	of the Teachers' Pension Act	79,577,000
2.	Adjustment of carrying value of Schedule A	
	payments caused by the difference between	
	the valuation discount rate of 8.5% and the	
	interest rate of 8% used to determine	
	Schedule A payments	(7,823,000)

6. Actuarial Valuation

Actuarial valuations of the Nova Scotia Teachers' Pension Fund are required every three years by the Teachers' Pension Act, and provide an estimate the pension benefits (fund liabilities) as at valuation date, calculated basis of various assumptions with respect to pension costs and rates return on investments. The calculations are updated in intervaluation years. The last valuation of the Teachers' Pension Fund was carried by the Plan's consulting actuary. Sobeco. Ernst & Young at July 31, 1994 latest update, also completed by Sobeco, Ernst & Young, was taken to July 31, 1996.

The actuarial valuation projects liabilities for each member on the basis of salary at the service earned to date and the employee's projected 5 year average expected date of retirement. The major economic and demographic assumptions used in the last full valuation and the update were as follows:

Inflation 4% per annum

Average Salary Increase Minus 3% for the first year

0% for the second and third years

0.75% real thereafter

Real Rate of Return on Investments 4.5% per annum

Average Retirement Age 60% will retire at earliest age for an

unreduced pension

40% will retire at age 65 or with 35 years

of service

The last full valuation, July 31, 1994, indicated that as at the Plan unfunded liability of \$824 million. The update, projected to March 31, 1997, indicated unfunded liability \$582 million. The an of main reason for this improvement of \$242 million in actuarial position is favourable experience relative to actuarial assumptions in rates of return on investments and indexing of pension benefits.

7. Operating Expenses

The Fund is charged with administrative and certain other expenses incurred on behalf of the Fund by the Department of Finance. The following is a summary of these operating expenses.

	1997		1996
	(in	(in thousands)	
Investment management fees \$	3,486	\$	2,282
Professional services	94		154
Salaries	386		436
Supplies and services	90		133
Travel	29		24
Other	90		138
\$	4,175	\$	3,167

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Chair and Members of the Nova Scotia Utility and Review Board

We have audited the balance sheet of Nova Scotia Utility and Review Board as at March 31, 1997, and the statements of operations, accumulated surplus, and changes in financial position for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board as at March 31, 1997, and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Doane Raymond Chartered Accountants

Halifax, Nova Scotia May 23, 1997

BALANCE SHEET

March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997	1996
Current		
Cash	\$ 22,138 \$	1,196
Short-term investments		
Board operations	693,096	734,184
War Service pension	181,639	193,443
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	83,618	77,875
Prepaids	6,724	7,499
Inventory (Note 5)	 4,566	5,989
	\$ 991,781 \$	1,020,186
Current		
Current		
Payables and accruals	\$ 136,306 \$	77,790
Long-term		
War Service pension liability (Note 6)	181,639	193,443
Public service award liability (Note 7)	113,095	74,412
Advances for working capital (Note 8)	 125,000	125,000
	 419,734	392,855
	 556,040	470,645
Surplus (Note 2)		
Surplus - Province of Nova Scotia	328,430	417,422
Surplus - Utilities	 107,311	132,119
	 435,741	549,541
	\$ <u>991,781</u> \$	1,020,186

Commitments (Note 10)

Statement of Operations

year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenue		
Grant from the Province of Nova Scotia (Note 2) \$	2,078,549 \$	2,097,219
Assessments to utilities (Note 2)	580,685	501,672
Recoveries (Note 9)	22,958	364,215
Interest	32,208	40,183
	2,714,400	3,003,289
Expenses		
Salaries, wages and benefits	1,837,893	1,792,779
Rent and business taxes (Note 10)	344,140	340,411
Travel	188,077	171,329
Leasehold improvements	97,733	,
Equipment (Note 3)	71,034	44,367
Consulting and legal fees	43,184	367,484
Public service awards	38,683	34,304
Dues and fees	34,354	23,697
Office supplies and services	34,004	30,536
Telephone and facsimile	32,792	31,354
Transcribing and printing	29,166	49,249
Maintenance	25,887	14,940
Books and reports	17,606	14,089
Advertising	9,925	·
Sundry expenses	8,327	5,378
Staff training and development	7,943	12,664
Postage and couriers	7,452	8,212
	2,828,200	2,940,793
Operating (deficit) surplus for the year\$	(113,800) \$	62,496

Statement of Accumulated Surplus

year ended March 31, 1997

	1997			
	Province of			
	Nova Scotia	Utilities	Total	
Balance, beginning of year \$	417,422 \$	132,119 \$	549,541	
Operating deficit for year	(88,992)	(24,808)	(113,800)	
Balance, end of year \$	328,430 \$	107,311 \$	435,741	

	1996			
	Province of			
	Nova Scotia	Utilities		Total
Balance, beginning of year \$	366,988 \$	120,057	\$	487,045
Operating surplus for year	50,434	12,062		62,496
Balance, end of year \$	417,422 \$	132,119	\$	549,541

Statement of Changes in Financial Position

year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Cash derived from (applied to)		
Operating		
Operating (deficit) surplus \$	(113,800)	\$ 62,496
Increase in accounts receivable	(5,743)	(39,586)
Increase (decrease) in payables and accruals	58,516	(43,194)
Decrease (increase) in prepaids	775	(7,499)
Decrease (increase) in inventory	1,423	(5,989)
	(58,829)	(33,772)
Investing and financing		
Decrease (increase) in short-term investments	52,892	(311,758)
Decrease in War Service pension liability	(11,804)	(6,158)
Increase in public service award liability	38,683	4,060
	79,771	(313,856)
Increase (decrease) in cash	20,942	(347,628)
Cash, beginning of year	1,196	348,824
Cash, end of year	22,138	

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Incorporation

The Nova Scotia Utility and Review Board was created on December 14, 1992, through the proclamation of the Utility and Review Board Act, Chapter 11 of the Acts of 1992. The Board consolidated the operations of the former Board of Commissioners οf Public Utilities, Municipal Board. Expropriations Compensation Board, and Tax Review Board. All assets and liabilities of the former boards were transferred to and assumed by the Nova Scotia Utility and Review Board.

2. Authority

The Nova Scotia Utility and Review Board has those functions, powers duties conferred upon it through Section 4 of the Utility and Review Board Act. 15(1) of the Public Utilities Act requires the Board to estimate its expenses administering that Act and assess them against the public utilities Province. Expenses incurred by the Board in administering all other Acts recovered from the Province of Nova Scotia. Any operating surpluses or deficits are allocated to the Province and the public utilities based on the prorata share of revenue contributed in each year.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accounting principles. Board acquisitions The charges fixed asset the year of purchase Public in which is permitted under Sector Accounting Principles.

Short-term investments are valued at cost plus interest accrued to year end, which approximates market value.

4. Accounts Receivable

	1997	1996
Province of Nova Scotia \$	77,033	\$ 11,795
Public Utilities		53,947
Other	6,585	 12,133
\$	83,618	\$ 77,875

5. Inventory

Inventory consists of Daily Bus Inspection books held for resale. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method of valuation.

6. Pensions

Public Service Superannuation Fund

Pursuant to Section 10 of the Utility and Review Board Act, full all employees of the Board are entitled to receive pension benefits under the Public Service Superannuation Act. The plan is funded by equal employee and employer The employer's contributions are included in the Board's operating contributions. expenses. The Board is not responsible for any unfunded liability.

War Service Pension Liability

Employees of the **Board** are entitled to purchase service credits certain years of war service. Increases in an employee's pension as a result of the purchase of war service credits are the responsibility of the Board and are billed Employee pension contributions are used to to the Board as pensions are paid. defray future obligations for war service credits. The Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities, one of the predecessor boards, transferred its war service liability to the Nova Scotia Utility and Review Board on consolidation.

The status of the liability account is as follows:

	1997	1996
Employee contributions	44,311 \$	44,311
Accumulated interest	111,836	103,371
Amortizaton of unfunded liability	140,580	140,580
	296,727	288,262
Less: pension payments to date	115,088	94,819
\$	181,639 \$	193,443

7. Public Service Award Liability

The Board follows the provision of the Civil Service Act with respect to the payment of public service awards to retiring employees. The Board is responsible for the funding and eventual payment of these awards.

In addition to an annual general provision of approximately 1% of salary expenditures to defray future obligations for public service awards, the Board has established a specific liability for employees who are nearing retirement.

8. Advances for Working Capital

The following advance was transferred to the Nova Scotia Utility and Review Board from the Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities on consolidation:

	1997	1996
Province of Nova Scotia\$	125.000 \$	125.000

The authority for the advance for working capital from the Province was contained in Section 14 of Chapter 380, RSNS 1989, the Public Utilities Act. The advance is non-interest bearing, with no set terms of repayment.

9. Recoveries

Consultants Board pursuant the Public Utilities Act to are engaged by the to during provide advice related utility administration expert evidence to and hearings. Consulting fees for specific hearings may, in some cases, be recovered directly from the public utilities involved.

The Board also recovers certain transcription, copying and other expenses from various sources.

10. Commitments

The Nova Scotia Utility and Review Board has assumed the lease of the former Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities. The lease, which expires October 31, 1999, calls for the payment of a base rent plus the Board's portion of common costs such as maintenance, power, water and property taxes.

The Board has renegotiated the lease for a 1,600 square foot portion of its existing premises, 1,000 square feet of which has been sublet to the Department of Transportation and Public Works to be occupied by the Nova Scotia Police Commission. Amendments to the lease came into force on November 1, 1994.

Revised minimum lease payments by fiscal year for the remaining lease term, not including common costs, are as follows:

1998	213,048
1999	213,048
2000	124,278
\$_	550,374

11. Financial Instruments

Financial assets

The fair values of cash, short term investments and accounts receivable approximate their carrying amounts.

Financial liabilities

The fair value of current accounts payable and accruals approximate carrying amounts. It was not practicable to determine the fair values of public service award liability, the War Service pension liability and advances working capital. The principal characteristics of these financial liabilities are disclosed in notes 6, 7 and 8.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Agriculture and Marketing; and To the Chair and Members of the Provincial Community Pasture Board

I have audited the balance sheet of the Provincial Community Pasture Board as at March 31, 1997 and the statement of income and retained earnings for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies stated in Note 2 to the financial statements.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia June 23, 1997

PROVINCIAL COMMUNITY PASTURE BOARD

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
ASSETS		
Current		
Accounts receivable	5,641	\$ 4,288
Livestock - at lower of cost and net realizable		
value (cost - 1997 \$29,150; 1996 \$29,750)		
(Note 2)	14,000	17,600
\$	19,641	\$ 21,888
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	30	\$ 169
Retained Earnings	19,611	21,719
\$	19,641	\$ 21,888

PROVINCIAL COMMUNITY PASTURE BOARD

Statement of Income and Retained Earnings

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997		1996
Revenues (Schedule A)	67,256	\$ 69	,136
Expenses (Schedule A)	154,700	162	2,032
Net loss on pasture operations	87,444	92	2,896
Loss on livestock (Note 3)	5,966	5	,316
Net loss before government contribution	93,410	98	3,212
Contribution by the Province of Nova Scotia	91,302	101	,539
Net (loss) income	(2,108)	3	3,327
Retained earnings, beginning of year	21,719	18	3,392
Retained earnings, end of year\$_	19,611	\$21	,719

PROVINCIAL COMMUNITY PASTURE BOARD

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

The Provincial Community Pasture Board was established pursuant to Section 176(1) of the Agriculture and Marketing Act. The purpose of the Board is to establish, conduct and operate community pastures at such locations as the Board deems advisable.

2. Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles modified by the policy of charging land, building and equipment acquisitions to expense in the year of purchase.

Livestock is comprised of breeding bulls on-hand at the end of the fiscal year. The bulls are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The carrying-cost of bulls sold and any write-down of bulls to net realizable value is charged to expenses.

Further, under Section 183 of the Agriculture and Marketing Act, the administration costs of the Board are expenses of the Department of Agriculture and Marketing, and are not reflected in these financial statements.

3. Loss on Livestock

	1997	199	96
Sale of bulls	2,933	\$ 1,42	24
Carrying-cost of bulls sold	4,400	2,40)0
Loss on bulls sold	1,467	97	' 6
Write-down of bulls to net realizable value	3,950	3,75	50
Loss of bull due to illness	549	59) 0
\$	5,966	\$5,31	6

Schedule A

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

PROVINCIAL COMMUNITY PASTURE BOARD

Pasture Operations

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	Cape	Cape		Totals	
	Mabou	John	Other	1997	1996
Revenues					
Pasture fees \$	25,782 \$	33,534 \$	\$	59,316 \$	61,196
Pasture rentals			440	440	440
Sale of vehicle			7,500	7,500	7,500
	25,782	33,534	7,940	67,256	69,136
Expenses					
Bulls feed and care	3,368	5,113		8,481	9,254
Electricity	161	120		281	365
Equipment maintenance	1,237	1,958		3,195	1,855
Equipment purchases			22,373	22,373	28,500
Fencing	1,190	419		1,609	1,895
Fertilizer and lime	9,450	14,784		24,234	28,484
Insurance	814	814		1,628	2,040
Miscellaneous	400	800		1,200	2,200
Operating assistance			4,100	4,100	4,100
Supplies and services	16,237	16,746	36	33,019	27,679
Wages	26,641	27,939		54,580	55,660
	59,498	68,693	26,509	154,700	162,032
Net loss on pasture					
operations \$	33,716 \$	35,159 \$	18,569 \$	87,444 \$	92,896

PROVINCIAL RESORT HOTELS

Statement of User Fees and Expense

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	Pines	Keltic Liscombe Tota		Pines Keltic Liscombe	ines Keltic Liscombe 1		Liscombe Tot	
	Resort	Lodge	Lodge	1997	1996			
User Fees								
Rooms \$	1,292,226 \$	1,385,965 \$	583,888 \$	3,262,079 \$	3,257,820			
Food	999,718	1,246,170	515,790	2,761,678	2,791,163			
Beverage	202,977	212,158	65,635	480,770	470,599			
Other	445,547	272,038	134,237	851,822	587,045			
_	2,940,468	3,116,331	1,299,550	7,356,349	7,106,627			
Expense								
Salaries & Wages	1,315,317	1,453,697	658,863	3,427,877	3,282,236			
Travel	18,860	14,216	3,051	36,127	23,990			
Supplies & Services	1,321,556	1,288,238	542,327	3,152,121	2,926,418			
Other	66,903	364,643	132,046	563,592	524,296			
_	2,722,636	3,120,794	1,336,287	7,179,717	6,756,940			
Operating								
Profit \$	217,832 \$	(4,463) \$	(36,737) \$	176,632 \$	349,687			

Note: This financial statement reflects user fees and current expenditures of the Provincial Resorts budgeted under the Department of Economic Development and Tourism. \$652,639 in furniture and equipment purchases, is included in current expenditures.

included \$1,092,601 following not in this statement: capital expenditures for construction, renovation and upgrading of facilities Public Works and Special Projects (details of these expenditures are included in Volume 1 of the Public Accounts of the Province of Nova Scotia); \$299,717 for golf course maintenance at the Pines Resort accounted for by the Department of Transportation and Public Works; \$206,693 in maintenance costs accounted for by the Department of Transportation and Public Works.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of The Public Archives of Nova Scotia

We have audited the statements of revenue and expenses and surplus of The Public Archives of Nova Scotia for the year ended March 31, 1997. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Archives' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the revenue and expenses and surplus of the Archives for the year ended March 31, 1997 in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

COOPERS AND LYBRAND Chartered Accountants

Halifax, Nova Scotia August 29, 1997

THE PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF NOVA SCOTIA

STATEMENT OF SURPLUS

for the year ended March 31, 1997

		1997	1996
Surplus - beginning of year	\$	48,236 \$	66,558
Excess of revenue over expenses (expenses			(, , , , , , ,
over revenue) for the year	'	16,394	(18,322)
Surplus - end of year	\$	64,630 \$	48,236
Represented by:			
Cash- unrestricted		61,630 \$	48,236
Cash- restricted (Note 4)		3,000	
	\$	64,630 \$	48,236

THE PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF NOVA SCOTIA

Statement of Revenue and Expenses

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenue		
Government of Nova Scotia (salaries and benefits) \$	1,113,867 \$	1,069,670
Government of Nova Scotia (operating grant)	297,214	354,703
Other funding	78,312	12,000
Sales, publication, etc	25,214	24,853
Interest	2,045	5,198
	1,516,652	1,466,424
Expenses		
Acquisitions	9,748	
Building maintenance	38,186	50,778
Conferences and seminars	4,640	4,105
Electricity	78,554	75,997
Equipment	1,219	27,992
Equipment repair and maintenance	18,350	21,239
Freight and express	2,420	3,308
General operating	31,462	61,781
Heating fuel	22,860	17,528
Membership dues	1,283	1,467
Miscellaneous	3,654	2,274
Other services	52,368	43,678
Postage	5,048	5,262
Printing and stationery	26,166	30,502
Professional services	32,735	4,903
Rentals	1,161	1,001
Salaries and benefits	1,113,867	1,069,670
Security	9,742	8,180
Staff training	1,255	3,574
Subscriptions and periodicals	9,654	11,559
Telecommunications	23,602	33,712
Travel	8,201	2,236
Water	4,083	4,000
	1,500,258	1,484,746
Excess of revenue over expenses (expenses		
over revenue) for the year	<u>16,394</u> \$	(18,322)

THE PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF NOVA SCOTIA

Notes to the Financial Statements

for year ended March 31, 1997

1. Status and Nature of Activities

The Archives is an agency incorporated by Act of the Legislature of the Province of Nova Scotia, and operates an archives and research centre.

2. Content of Financial Statements

These financial statements include only the operating revenue and expenses of The Public Archives of Nova Scotia, and not those of any specific funds administered by the Public Archives of Nova Scotia.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The expenses are stated on a cash basis and therefore accrued liabilities for expenses are not recognized in these financial statements.

Capital expenditures are charged to expenses as incurred.

4. Restricted Cash

Restricted cash represents funds segregated by the Board of Trustees to be used for the purchase of equipment in the 1997-1998 fiscal year.

5. Related Party Transactions

The Archives occupies a building at no charge that is owned by the Province of Nova Scotia.

6. Commitment

During the year, the Archives entered into a contract with an energy management firm. Under the terms of this contract, the Archives is committed to paying fees relating to annual energy savings which resulted from energy performance improvements made under the contract.

The payments required over the next five years, based on current information, are as follows:

Year ending March 31,	1998	\$ 25,399
	1999	\$ 25,399
	2000	\$ 25,399
	2001	\$ 25,399
	2002	\$ 25.399

7. Subsequent Event

Subsequent to legislation drafted would merge year-end, new which the was Public Archives of Nova Scotia with Nova Scotia Records Management. The effect of this will be an increase in the Archives' level of provincial government funding and its corresponding staff complement. The legislation is expected to be introduced as soon as possible, with subsequent passage anticipated during the 1997-1998 fiscal year.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Legislative Assembly; and To the Minister of Finance

I have audited the statement of net assets available for benefits and accrued pension benefits and surplus of the Nova Scotia Public Service Superannuation Fund as at March 31, 1997 and the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Department of Finance. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the net assets available for benefits and accrued pension benefits and surplus of the Fund as at March 31, 1997 and the changes in net assets available for benefits for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia June 16, 1997

NOVA SCOTIA PUBLIC SERVICE SUPERANNUATION FUND

Statement of Net Assets Available for Benefits

and Accrued Pension Benefits and Surplus

as at March 31, 1997

	1997		996
		(in thousands)	
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS			
Assets			
Investments (Note 3)	2,250,328	\$ 1,940,2	74
Employees'	2,189	2,2	26
Employers'	2,181	2,1	41
Accrued income	15,903		
Net investment transactions outstanding		4,2	74
Other receivables			10
Cash	348	5	97
Total Assets	2,270,949	1,968,3	53
Liabilities			
Net investment transactions outstanding	3,918		
Accounts payable	12,016	10,3	56
Total Liabilities		10,3	56
Net Assets Available for Benefits	2,255,015	1,957,9	97
Actuarial asset value adjustment (Note 4)	1,264	1,2	44
Actuarial value of net assets available for benefits \$		\$ 1,959,2	41
ACCRUED PENSION BENEFITS AND SURPLUS			
Accrued pension benefits \$	2,123,100	\$ 1,953,9	91
Surplus (Note 5)	133,179	5,2	50
Accrued pension benefits and surplus	2,256,279	\$ 1,959,2	41

NOVA SCOTIA PUBLIC SERVICE SUPERANNUATION FUND

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997 (in tho	1996 usands)
Increase in Assets	(iii tiio	usurius)
Increase in Assets		
Investment activities (Note 3)	359,152 \$	289,462
Contributions		
Employers' - matched	28,618	28,455
Employees' - matched	28,618	28,455
Employees' - unmatched	239	190
Interest on the purchase of prior years' service	1,351	1,427
Transfers from other pension plans	1,623	2,845
	60,449	61,372
Total increase in assets	419,601	350,834
Decrease in Assets		
Benefits paid	110,321	101,203
Operating expenses (Note 6)	3,898	2,968
Refund of contributions and interest	1,222	1,128
Transfers to other pension plans	7,142	4,946
Total decrease in assets	122,583	110,245
Increase in Net Assets	297,018	240,589
Net Assets Available for Benefits		
at Beginning of Year	1,957,997	1,717,408
Net Assets Available for Benefits		
at End of Year	2,255,015 \$	1,957,997

NOVA SCOTIA PUBLIC SERVICE SUPERANNUATION FUND

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority and Description of Plan

The Public Service Superannuation Fund was established by the Public Service Superannuation Act. It is the funding vehicle for the Public Service Superannuation Plan, a pension plan which covers employees of the Province and certain other public sector organizations. The detailed provisions of the Plan, including pension eligibility criteria and benefit formulas are contained in the Act and in the Regulations made under the Act.

Employee and employer contributions and investment earnings are credited to the Fund. Pensions, payments to terminating employees and administration expenses are charged to the Fund. The Minister of Finance is trustee of the Fund which is invested in federal, provincial, municipal and corporate securities which quality as eligible investments under the Provincial Finance Act.

The Plan is funded by employee and matching employer contributions of 5.4% of salary up to the Year's Maximum Pensionable Earnings (YMPE) per the Canada Pension Plan (CPP) and 7% of salary above the YMPE. The basic pension formula is 2% for each year of pensionable service times the number of years of pensionable service. Pensions are integrated with CPP benefits at age 65. Pensions in pay and deferred pensions are increased on January 1 of each year at a rate equal to the increase in the Consumer Price Index for Canada to a maximum of 6%.

Plan members are eligible for a pension upon meeting any of the following criteria:

- age of 50 with an age plus pensionable service factor of 80 "Rule of 80" (active members only);
- age 55 with two years of service (reduced pension);
- age 55 with an age plus pensionable service factor of 85 "Rule of 85" (deferred pensioners);
- age 60 with two years of service; and
- age 65

On February 8, 1994, the Governor in Council authorized an Early Retirement Incentive Program (ERIP) for Plan members. The program provides up to an additional five years of pensionable service for those meeting the "Rule of 80" but who are less than 65 years of age and have less than 35 years of pensionable service, between April 1, 1994 and March 31, 1998. The additional cost for each person who participates in the ERIP is paid by the Province from the Consolidated Fund or by the participating employer. On April 10, 1996, the Governor in Council amended the ERIP to provide up to an additional two years of pensionable service for those who were at least 60 years of age and had a minimum of 10 years of pensionable service. This program also expires on March 31, 1998 and is funded by the Province and participating employers.

Certain pension payments are attributable to previous early retirement programs and other unfunded benefits. They are charged to the Consolidated Fund of the Province and participating employees and are not paid from the pension fund. These payments amounted to \$12,437,000 for the year ended March 31, 1997 (1996-\$11,150,000).

2. Summary of Significant Account Policies

(a) Basis of Presentation

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis and present the aggregate financial position of the Fund as a separate financial reporting entity. They are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

(b) Foreign Currency Translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. The market value of foreign investments and cash balances held at year end are translated at the rates in effect at that date. The resulting gain or loss from changes in these rates is included in unrealized investment income.

(c) Investments

- (i) Investments are reported as of the trade date and are stated at market value. Market value is the amount of the consideration that would be agreed upon in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties who are under no compulsion to act.
- (ii) The derivative contracts held by the Fund are recorded at the estimated amounts that the Fund would receive or pay to terminate the contracts at the reporting date, with the resulting gains being recognized in unrealized investment income.
- (iii) Investments held in the Fund include debentures of the Province of Nova Scotia and the Nova Scotia Municipal Finance Corporation with total market value of \$88.0 million (3.9% of Total Assets) as at March 31, 1997.

3. Investments and Derivatives

investment objectives Plan The of the are to provide long-term security benefits pension to members and to minimize any increases in contributions required by members and the of employer. Α strategy investing in assets of and foreign equities, bonds, debentures, mortgages and money market securities is aimed at achieving these objectives.

(a) Market value of investments and related income before allocating the effect of derivative contracts.

_		1997					1996		
	Asset	%		Income*		Asset	%		Income*
				(in the	us	ands)			
Money market \$	220,830	9.8	\$	6,795	\$	143,434	7.4	\$	6,471
Fixed income	775,401	34.5		98,744		833,683	43.0		104,482
Equities - Canadian	826,680	36.7		169,965		581,136	29.9		89,774
- US	209,462	9.3		34,272		193,803	10.0		49,828
- Other									
foreign	227,237	10.1		27,824		185,086	9.5		26,563
Derivatives	(9,282)	(0.4)		21,481		3,132	0.2		12,193
Other				71	_				151
\$_	2,250,328	100	_\$_	359,152	\$_	1,940,274	100	_ \$_	289,462

^{*} Includes realized gains of \$93.6 million (\$86.1 - 1996) and unrealized gains of \$137.1 million (\$97.7 - 1996)

(b) Derivative contracts

Derivatives are financial contracts, the value of which is 'derived' from the value of underlying assets or interest or exchange rates. Derivatives provide flexibility in implementing investment strategy. Money market-to-equity swaps have been used during the year to adjust the asset mix. Foreign currency forwards have been used to manage the foreign currency exposure inherent in the foreign investments. Section (f) of this note provides a summary of these contracts as at March 31, 1997.

The following provides details of the derivative money market-to-equity swap contracts outstanding as at March 31, 1997. Notional amounts of derivative contracts represent the volume of outstanding transactions and do not represent the potential gain or loss associated with the market risk or credit risk of such transactions but serve as the basis upon which the return from and market value of, the contracts are determined. These contracts are denominated in Canadian dollars and are reset quarterly.

	otional rincipal	Original Term	Credit Rating of Counter- party	Equity Index (in thousands)	BA Index	Market Value
\$	37,095 30,751 36,503 12,429 21,240 21,065	2.0 yrs 2.0 yrs 2.0 yrs 3.0 yrs 3.0 yrs	AA(low) AA(low) AA(low) AA(low) AA(low)	TSE100 TSE100 TSE100 TSE100 TSE100 TSE100	CAD-BA-CDOR CAD-BA-CDOR CAD-BA-CDOR CAD-BA-CDOR CAD-BA-CDOR	\$ (2,694) (882) (2,336) (587) (1,470)
\$	159,083	3.0 yrs	AA(IOW)	132100	CAD-DA-CDON	\$ (1,312) (9,281)

(c)	Market	value	of	investments	and	related	income	after	allocating	the	effect	of	derivative
	contract	rs											

_		1997			1996	
	Assets	%	Income*	Asset	%	Income*
			(in thou	sands)		
Money market \$	108,754	4.8 \$	4,013	76,923	4.0 \$	4,421
Fixed income	727,901	32.4	96,465	786,183	40.5	102,448
Equities - Canadian	976,974	43.4	194,185	695,354	35.8	101,949
- US	209,462	9.3	35,433	195,266	10.1	51,879
- Other foreign .	227,237	10.1	28,985	186,548	9.6	28,614
Other			71			151
\$ _	2,250,328	\$_	359,152	1,940,274	100_ \$_	289,462

^{*} Includes realized gains of \$93.6 million (\$86.1 - 1996) and unrealized gains of \$137.1 million (\$97.7 - 1996).

(d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the fact that the Plan's financial position will change as market interest rates change. Interest rate risk is inherent in the nature of the pension plan business due to prolonged timing differences between cash flows related to the assets and liabilities of the Plan.

The value of the Plan's assets is affected by short-term changes in nominal interest rates and equity markets. Pension liabilities are exposed to the long-term expectation of rate of return on the investments as well as expectations of inflation and salary escalation. To meet these liabilities the plan has established a policy asset mix of approximately 60% equities and 40% fixed income securities. Long-term equity returns have historically shown high correlation with changes in inflation and salary escalation, while fixed income securities are sensitive to changes in nominal interest rates. At March 31, 1997 the \$775,401,000 fixed income securities had a modified duration of 5.5. years. This means a 1% decrease in nominal interest rates would increase their market value by approximately 5.5 %.

(e) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss in the event the counterparty to a transaction fails to discharge an obligation and causes the other party to incur a loss.

The Plan limits credit risk by purchasing fixed income securities with a credit rating of "BBB" and higher. In addition, the Plan limits derivative contract risk by dealing with counterparties that have a minimum "A" credit rating.

(f) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency exposure arises from the Plan's holding of foreign currency-denominated equities. From time to time some of this exposure will be hedged based on interest rates or other economic fundamentals.

The Plan's foreign currency exposure is summarized in the following table.

Currency	Gross Exposure	Net Foreign Currency Hedge (in thousands)	Net Exposure
Germany \$	19,713 \$	(5,211)\$	14,502
Japan	25,474	(5,620)	19,854
United Kingdom	15,200	(4,397)	10,803
United States	218,976	32,000	250,976
Other	174,499	(17,165)	157,334
Total	453,862 \$	(393)\$	453,469

4. Actuarial Asset Value Adjustment

The actuarial asset value adjustment of \$1,264,000 represents the present value of outstanding employee and employer contributions which are due as a result of service buy-backs.

5. Actuarial Valuation

Actuarial valuations of the Nova Scotia Public Service Superannuation Fund are carried out at least every three years and provide an estimate of the accrued pension benefits (fund liabilities) at the valuation date, calculated on the basis of various assumptions with respect to pension costs and rates of return on investments. The calculations are updated in intervaluation years. The last full valuation of the Public Service Superannuation Fund was carried out by the Plan's consulting actuary, Morneau, Coopers & Lybrand at March 31, 1995 and the last update, also completed by Morneau, Coopers & Lybrand, was taken to December 31, 1996.

The actuarial valuation projects liabilities for each member on the basis of service earned to date and the member's projected 5 year average salary at the expected date of retirement (including an assumption that 92% of eligible members will elect to retire early under the terms of the Early Retirement Incentive Program in effect until March 31, 1998). The major economic and demographic assumptions used in the last full valuation and the update were as follows:

Inflation	3.5% per annum
Average Salary Increase	0.5% real plus 1.0% merit increases
Real Rate of Return on Investment	4.5% per annum
Average Retirement Age	61 years (used in March 31, 1995 valuation) 60 years (used in December 31, 1996 update)

The last full valuation, as at March 31, 1995, indicated that the Plan had an unfunded liability of \$135 million. The update, projected to March 31, 1997 indicated a surplus of \$133 million. The main reason for the improvement in actuarial position is favourable experience relative to actuarial assumptions in rates of return on investments and indexing of pension benefits.

6. Operating Expenses

The Fund is charged with administrative and certain other expenses incurred on behalf of the Fund by the Department of Finance. The following is a summary of the operating expenses.

	1997	1996	
	(in thousands)		
Investment management fees \$	3,220 \$	2,397	
Professional services	81	75	
Salaries	471	397	
Supplies and services	62	19	
Travel	30	16	
Other	34	64	
\$	3,898 \$	2,968	

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister of Justice; and To the Public Trustee

I have audited the balance sheet of the Public Trustee as at March 31, 1997 and the statement of continuity of assets for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Public Trustee. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In common with many trust funds, it is not possible to verify by audit procedure that all the assets of any given trust actually came under the administration of the Public Trustee. Accordingly, my verification of trust assets was limited to those recorded in the records.

In my opinion, except for the effect of adjustments, if any, which I might have determined to be necessary had I been able to verify the completeness of the assets of the trust funds, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Public Trustee as at March 31, 1997 and the continuity of assets for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

E.R. Salmon, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia July 29, 1997

PUBLIC TRUSTEE

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
ASSETS		
Estates and Trusts		
Cash	297,231	\$ 404,454
Securities, real estate and other assets	13,942,076	12,438,855
Common Fund securities (Note 4)	935,000	904,042
	15,174,307	13,747,351
Special Reserve Fund (Note 5)		
Cash and securities	971,184	903,346
\$	16,145,491	\$ 14,650,697
LIABILITIES		
Estates and Trusts		
Estates and trusts balances	15,174,307	\$ 13,747,351
Special Reserve Fund (Note 5)		
Restricted funds	915,943	848,716
Funds transferable to Province of Nova Scotia	55,241	54,630
	971,184	903,346
\$	16,145,491	\$ 14,650,697

PUBLIC TRUSTEE

Statement of Continuity of Assets

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	Estates and Trusts	Special Reserve Fund	Fees Earned	1997 Total	1996 Total
Balance, beginning of year \$_	13,747,351 \$	903,346 \$	\$	14,650,697	\$13,650,311
Add:					
Assets acquired during					
the year	7,984,126			7,984,126	7,800,177
Income earned	710,625			710,625	841,943
Fees earned			326,404	326,404	333,565
Interest earned on Special Reserve					
Fund investments		55,241		55,241	54,630
Excess interest transferred from					
Common Fund		67,227		67,227	90,430
	8,694,751	122,468	326,404	9,143,623	9,120,745
_		,	, -		
Less:					
Distributions of estates					
and trusts	6,989,146			6,989,146	7,554,268
Transfers to the Province					
Fees			326,404	326,404	333,565
Undistributable					
estates and trusts					
(per Section 28)	278,649			278,649	185,867
Investment income					
earned on Special		E4 620		E4 630	46 650
Reserve Fund	7 267 705	54,630 54,630	326 404	54,630	46,659
Palance and of year	7,267,795	54,630 071,184 \$	326,404	7,648,829 16,145,491	8,120,359 \$ 14,650,697
Balance, end of year \$_	15,174,507	971,184 \$		0 10,145,491	φ14,030,097_

PUBLIC TRUSTEE

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

The Office of the Public Trustee was established pursuant to the Public Trustee Act. The Public Trustee is empowered to perform the duties of a guardian, custodian, trustee, and executor or administrator of an estate. All investments by the Public Trustee are to be made in accordance with the Trustee Act.

2. Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles modified by the following policies.

a) The Office of the Public Trustee uses a modified cash basis of accounting. These financial statements do not include accrued interest receivable on investments.

The Public Trustee is responsible for administering certain non-cash assets such as real estate, personal effects and chattels. These assets are valued and recorded in the financial records at an estimated market value at the date control is assumed. If market value is not readily ascertainable, they are each recorded at a nominal value of \$1.

- b) Administration expenses of the Office of the Public Trustee are provided for by the general administration vote of the Department of Justice. These expenses are not reflected in the statement of continuity of assets (see Note 3).
- c) Securities consist of bonds, debentures, stocks and deposit certificates. Securities purchased by the Public Trustee are valued at cost. Securities taken over by the Public Trustee are valued at face value or market value.

3. Operating Costs

Certain operating costs are absorbed by various government departments and are not reflected in the statement of continuity of assets. These costs of operating the Office of the Public Trustee are offset by fees charged for administering estates and by investment income.

	1997	1996
Department of Justice		
- Salaries and benefits	520,996 \$	513,662
- Other operating costs	36,504	77,143
Department of Transportation and Public Works		
- Rent	53,591	59,868
_	611,091	650,673
Less transfers to Province		
- Fees	326,404	333,565
- Special Reserve Fund income	54,630	46,659
_	381,034	380,224
Net cost to the Province	230,057 \$	270,449

4. Common Fund Securities

Section 30 of the Public Trustee Act permits the Public Trustee to invest monies, not subject to any express trust or direction for investment thereof, in a Common Fund. Investments of the Common Fund are valued at cost.

5. Special Reserve Fund

Section 32 of the Public Trustee Act provides for the establishment of a Special Reserve Fund. The purposes of the Fund are to provide for any deficiencies between income earned on investments of the Common Fund and interest required to be paid to estates comprising the Common Fund; and also to provide for any deficiency between the aggregate amount of sums invested and the realized value of investments of the Common Fund.

The Fund consists of investment income earned on Common Fund securities in excess of interest paid to Common Fund estates. Income earned on securities held in the Special Reserve Fund also forms part of the Fund.

Income earned on securities held in the Special Reserve Fund is eligible for transfer annually to the Province. The remainder of the Fund is restricted to the purposes described above.

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Queen Elizabeth II Health Sciences Centre

We have audited the statement of financial position - operating and capital fund of the Queen Elizabeth II Health Sciences Centre as at March 31, 1997 and the statements of fund balances, revenues and expenditures, and changes in financial position for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Centre's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by Centre management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Centre as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with stated accounting policies as set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE Chartered Accountants

Halifax, Nova Scotia July 28, 1997

QUEEN ELIZABETH II HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE

Statement of Financial Position - Operating and Capital Fund

as at March 31, 1997

				_
	Operating	Capital	Total	Total
	Fund	Fund	1997	1996
	ACCETO	(in thousan	as)	
Current	ASSETS			
	21 6	\$	24 ft	11 557
Cash and short-term investments \$	21 \$	Ф	21 \$	11,557
Investment held in trust (Note 3)	500		500 14,729	4,294 8,904
Due from Nova Scotia Department	14,729		14,729	0,904
of Health (Note 5)	4,357		4,357	5,166
Due to/from other funds	4,337 27,983	(27,983)	4,337	3,100
Inventory (Notes 2 and 6)	5,154	(27,903)	5,154	3,940
Prepaid expenses	1,914		1,914	1,883
Trepaid expenses	54,658	(27,983)	26,675	35,744
Restricted cash and short-term	34,030	(27,903)	20,073	55,744
investments (Notes 2 and 11)	7,228		7,228	7,053
investments (Notes 2 and 11)	61,886	(27,983)	33,903	42,797
Workers' Compensation Board	01,000	(27,000)	00,000	12,707
(Note 16)	3,967		3,967	3,986
Deferred charge (Note 8)	2,144		2,144	
Capital assets (Notes 2 and 7)	_, · · · ·	169,181	169,181	123,689
\$	67,997 \$	141,198 \$	209,195 \$	170,472
* =		<u> </u>		
	LIABILITIES			
Current				
Bank indebtedness \$	14,519 \$	\$	14,519 \$	
Accounts payable and accrued				
liabilities (Note 9)	52,411		52,411	32,510
Due to Nova Scotia Government				
Department of Finance	3,449		3,449	2,698
Deferred revenue (Note 10)	10,854		10,854	11,401
Current portion of long-term debt				
(Note 12)		97	97	220
	81,233	97	81,330	46,829
Restricted liabilities				
(Notes 2 and 11)	7,228		7,228	7,053
	88,461	97	88,558	53,882
Long-term debt (Note 12)		113	113	210
_	88,461	210	88,671	54,092

QUEEN ELIZABETH II HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE

Statement of Financial Position - Operating and Capital Fund (Cont'd)

as at March 31, 1997

	Operating Fund	Capital Fund (in thou	Total 1997 Isands)	Total 1996
	FUND BAL	ANCE		
Operating Deficiency	(21,898)		(21,898)	(9,369)
Surplus Retention	1,434		1,434	1,434
Investment in capital assets		140,988	140,988	124,315
	(20,464)	140,988	120,524	116,380
	\$67,997_\$	141,198	\$ 209,195	170,472

Contingencies and commitments (Notes 5, 14, 15, 17, 18 and 19)

QUEEN ELIZABETH II HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE

Statement of Fund Balances

ODER ATIMO FUND	1997	1996	
OPERATING FUND	(in th	ousands)	
Balance, beginning of year \$	(9,369) \$	(10,580)	
Net operating revenues over/(under) expenditures	(12,529)	1,211	
Balance, end of year	(21,898)	(9,369)	
SURPLUS RETENTION FUND Balance, beginning and end of year			
INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS			
Balance, beginning of year \$	124,315 \$	164,666	
Capital funding (Schedule C) Amortization (Schedule C) Depreciation Disposition of old Halifax Infirmary Balance, end of year \$		22,423 (6,178) (56,596) 124,315	
Total	120,524 \$	116,380	

QUEEN ELIZABETH II HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

Operating Fund

	1997	1996
	(in thou	usands)
Patient Care		
Revenues (Schedule A)	284,133 \$	289,772
Expenditures (Schedule B)	301,430	302,528
	(17,297)	(12,756)
_		
Affiliated programs		
Revenues (Schedule A)	14,676	15,163
Expenditures (Schedule B)	15,167	15,901
	(491)	(738)
Environmental		
Revenues (Schedule A)	2,804	2,900
Expenditures (Schedule B)	2,804	2,900
_		
Results from operating activities	(17,788)	(13,494)
Funding adjustments		14,000
	(17,788)	506
Research	0.000	0.050
Revenues (Schedule A)	6,928	8,656
Expenditures (Schedule B)	6,753	7,056
On anima halamaa	175	1,600
Opening balance		5,453
Ending funds available for research	7,228	7,053
Funds committed to future periods	7,228	7,053
_		
Other		
Revenues (Schedule A)	17,025	10,514
Expenditures (Schedule B)	11,766	9,687
Experialitates (octiedate b)	5,259	827
_		021
Previous year's final settlement adjustments		(122)
Net revenues over expenditures (expenditures over revenues)	(12,529) \$	1,211
	(· = , 5 = 5)	1,411

QUEEN ELIZABETH II HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE

Statement of Changes in Financial Position

	1997 (in thou	1996 isands)
Net inflow (outflow) of cash related to the following activities:		
Operating		
Net revenues over expenditures - operating	(12,529) \$	1,211
(Schedule D)	13,844	9,145
	1,315	10,356
Financing		
Capital funding (Schedule C)	21,167	22,423
Repayment of capital leases	(220)	(292)
Workers' Compensation Board	19	
	20,966	22,131
Investing Assets acquired (Schedule C) Disposal of capital assets	(52,604) 474 (52,130)	(22,523) 1,547 (20,976)
Restricted Funding	175	1,593
Net cash (outflow) inflow	(29,674)	13,104
Cash position, beginning of year	22,904	9,800
Cash position, end of year	(6,770) \$	22,904
Represented by: Cash and short-term investments	21 \$ (14,519) 500 7,228	11,557 4,294 7,053
\$	(6,770) \$	22,904

QUEEN ELIZABETH II HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE

Notes to the Financial Statements

year ended March 31, 1997

1. Queen Elizabeth II Health Sciences Centre

On July 8, 1994, the Province of Nova Scotia announced the formation of the Queen Elizabeth II Health Sciences Centre ("QEII"). An act of the Legislation of the Province of Nova Scotia, proclaiming the incorporation of the QEII, was passed on February 27, 1996.

The QEII is dedicated to the provision of exemplary health care through the integration of patient care, teaching and research within a compassionate and caring Centre community, in partnership with other providers. It is the principal centre for the provision of these services in the Maritime Provinces.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

a) Fund Accounting

The QEII maintains its financial statements on a fund accounting basis. Separate funds have been established to distinguish operating activity from capital activity.

b) Investments

Investments are stated at cost.

c) Inventories

Inventories are stated at cost, being the lower of cost and net realizable value.

d) Capital Assets

At March 31, 1997, the financial statements of the QEII reflect a mixture of accounting policies in respect to these assets, due to various practices of the four predecessor institutions.

All sites have projects that are carried out by the Nova Scotia Department of Transportation Public Works and these financial statements do not include the associated costs. Details of construction and other costs paid by the Nova Scotia Department of Transportation and Public Works during the year are included in Note 16.

- i) Certain land and buildings used by the Centre are not recorded in the financial statements as title is presently held in the name of the Province of Nova Scotia. The Centre has requested title transfer from the Province for the new Halifax Infirmary land and buildings, for which construction has been completed.
- Province of Nova Scotia has approved the design, construction equipping of Infirmary building. The capital construction new Halifax cost of the facility 1997 recorded new to March 31, at cost. To is facilitate construction. titles hospital building to the new complexes also are in the name of the Province of Nova Scotia.
- iii) Amortization of assets is provided in the accounts at the following rates using one half the rate in the year of acquisition:

IT Implementations
Equipment, major
Leasehold construction
Buildings

5 years straight line 10 years straight line 10 years straight line 2% declining balance

e) Restricted Assets and Liabilities

Restricted cash and short-term investments designated restricted are for purposes by independent funders, by regulation or by resolution of the QEII corresponding Board of Directors. The restricted liability represents the unexpended fund balance.

f) Pledges

No accrual is made for donation revenues pledged but not yet received.

g) Compensation Accruals

Retirement allowances, including Long Service awards, are not accrued in the financial statements.

3. Investments Held in Trust

During 1994/95, the Board of Directors of the **NSRC** approved the transfer of \$500,000 Scotia Rehabilitation Centre Foundation the Nova for investment The balance of the investment excluding accrued interest at March 31, 1997 is \$500,000 (1996 - \$4,294,181).

4 Accounts Receivable

Accounts Necelvable		
	1997	1996
	(in thou	sands)
Accounts receivable	15,350 \$	9,785
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(621)	(881)
\$	14,729 \$	8,904

5. Nova Scotia Department of Health

	1997	1996
	(ir	n thousands)
CTRF debt	\$ 3,449	\$
1995/96 claims	77	
1994/95 operating claims	3	3
1996/97 claims	37	
Move to NHI	3,278	
Environmental claims (Note 14)	7,174	4,407
Severance and early retirements	5,401	3,103
Long-term care (VAC)	2,749	1,467
High cost drugs	1,384	
Bone marrow transplants	161	443
Other claims		222
Medical education	409	
Capital grants	9,497	2,934
	33,619	12,579
Funding advance - March 1997	(9,958))
Wage Rollback Program	• • •	
New Halifax Infirmary	,	,
Funding Rollback Program		
	\$ 4,357	

All amounts due are subject to review and approval by the Nova Scotia Department of Health. The Centre's claim in respect of 1995/96 losses from shareable operations has been submitted (but not yet approval) to the Department of Health.

6. Inventories

	1997	1996
	(in	thousands)
Drugs	2,746	\$ 2,285
General supplies	782	832
Medical and surgical supplies	1,626	823
\$	5,154	\$3,940

7. Capital Assets (see Note 2)

			Ne	t Book Value
		Accumulated	1997	1996
	Cost	<u>Depreciation</u>	(in	thousands)
Land\$	324	\$	\$ 324	\$ 324
New Halifax Infirmary Bldg	108,742	1,087	107,655	103,934
Other buildings & additions	7,375	147	7,228	7,377
Building service equipment	3,477	2,270	1,207	1,479
Equipment	32,024	1,602	30,422	10,575
Leasehold improvements	15,781	789	14,992	
Information technology	8,170	817	7,353	
\$	175,893	\$6,712	\$169,181	\$123,689

8. **Deferred Charge**

During the year, \$2,144,000 in re-engineering costs were deferred. These costs which include external consulting fees and internal expenditures incurred on the project will be amortized in future periods as savings are realized.

9. **Accounts Payable**

	1997 (in thousa	1996 nds)
Trade payables/accrued liabilities \$	45,167 \$	26,960
Vacation pay accrual	5,472	5,060
VAC payable	1,772	490
\$	52,411 \$	32,510

Deferred Revenue 10.

This amount represents an advance payment to the Centre from the Nova Scotia Department of Health for funding for the 1997/98 fiscal year.

11. **Restricted Liabilities**

These assets and liabilities represent funds, the use of which is restricted by various conditions.

1997

1996

	(in thou	sands)
Abbie J. Lane Trust Fund	64 \$	64
Charitable funds	58	63
Centre for Clinical Research	7,202	6,486
Other	(96)	440
\$	7,228 \$	7,053

12.

Long-Term Debt		
	1997	1996
	(in thous	ands)
Obligation under Capital Lease		
Bank of Montreal Leasing Corporation, sixty monthly		
blended payments of \$18,232 to October 28, 1996,		
effective annual rate of interest of 10.5%	\$ \$	123
Equipment Purchase Agreement		
Versa Services Ltd., sixty monthly payments of		
principal only (non-interest bearing) to November 1999	 210	307
	210	430
Current portion	 (97)	(220)
	\$ <u> 113</u> \$	210

Minimum principal payments required in each of the next four years are:

(in thousands)

1997/98	. \$	97
1998/99	. 9	97
1999/2000		16
2000/2001		
	\$2	10

13. Pension Funds

a) Public Service Superannuation Fund

Most employees of the VGH and CTRF are eligible to join the Public Service Superannuation Act. The plan is funded by equal employee and employer contributions. The employer's contributions are included the Centre's The Public operating expenses. Service Superannuation Fund is administered by the Nova Scotia Department of Finance. The Centre is not responsible for any unfunded liability.

b) Nova Scotia Association of Health Organizations

The **NSRC** and **CHMC** participate the multi-employer administered in plan most recent by the Nova Scotia Association of Health Organizations. The Actuarial Valuation was conducted as at December 31, 1995 and showed a funding excess for the entire plan of over \$80,000,000.

14 Long-Term Disability Plan

Most employees of the VGH and the CTRF are eligible to join a Long-Term Disability Plan which is funded equally by employee and employer contributions. The employer's contributions are included in the Centre's operating expenses. The plan is currently administered by the Province unfunded Nova Scotia who has disclosed an liability of approximately responsibility \$16,000,000 for VGH and CTRF employees. The ultimate liability resolved the Province funding the has not been between Scotia and the QEII.

15. Environmental Expenditures

During the year, the Centre incurred approximately \$2,804,000 (1996costs associated with the environmental illness claims which have been recorded in these financial statements. Management believes that additional costs will be incurred during fiscal 1997/98 on environmental illness claims. Department of Health has agreed to fund all on-going environmental illness claims. No provision has been made for future claims as the amount of the claim is unknown and the Centre has not yet made formal commitments for these expenditures.

16. Due from Workers' Compensation Board of Nova Scotia

Outstanding claims with the Workers' Compensation Board Nova Scotia are of salary costs of employees determined to be \$3,967,000. claims are for These who have been ill and were unable to work due to an air quality problem in Medical amount eventually recovered buildings at the Camp Hill The Centre. from the Workers' Compensation will be dependent upon its final review Board of these outstanding claims. In the event that the Workers' Compensation Board of Nova Scotia does not honour the claim, the Centre will seek recovery from the Province of Nova Scotia.

17. Construction of New Halifax Infirmary Building

The construction of the new Halifax Infirmary building is substantially completed. An additional equipment grant of \$8,800,000 was also awarded. To March 31, 1997, the Centre has paid \$136,485,000 of the total costs. The Centre has entered into significant commitments to suppliers for the completion of the building.

The funding for the building was committed as follows:

Province of Nova Scotia (additional equipment grant)	\$ 8,800,000
Province of Nova Scotia	\$ 104,000,000
QE11 Health Sciences Centre	\$ 26,000,000

capital campaign undertaken the Camp Hill Medical Centre was by Foundation to support Camp Hill Medical Centre commitment. The the objective of the campaign is to raise \$10,000,0000 with term pledges from the private sector payable up to the year 2002. Should the pledges, for any reason, not be fully recovered, the QEII will be responsible for finding alternate funding for any shortfall.

18. Commitments

In June, 1996, the Centre entered into a contractual agreement for approximately \$8 million to purchase and implement a new patient care information system.

19 Lease commitments

The Centre has the following annual lease commitments:

1997/98	411,052
1998/99	411,052
1999/2000	235,291
2000/2001	32,628
2001/2002	32,628

20. Comparative Figures

Certain of the March 31, 1996 comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with current year financial statement presentation.

QUEEN ELIZABETH II HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE

Schedule of Revenues

Operating Fund

year ended March 31, 1997

	Patient	Affiliated	Environ-			1997	1996
	Care	Programs	mental	Research	Other	Total	Total
			(in thousa	ands)			
Inpatient							
Department of							
Health	200,645 \$	11,319 \$	2,804 \$	\$	7,222 \$	221,990 \$	225,742
Federal	917					917	536
VAC Chronic	13,464					13,464	13,700
Non-resident	1,213					1,213	1,437
Workers'							
Compensation							
Board	1,614					1,614	2,199
Other	91					91	
	217,944	11,319	2,804		7,222	239,289	243,614

Schedule A

QUEEN ELIZABETH II HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE

Schedule of Revenues

Operating Fund (Cont'd)

year ended March 31, 1997

	Patient	Affiliated	Environ-			1997	1996
	Care	Programs	mental	Research	Other	Total	Total
			(in thous	ands)			
Outpatient							
Department of							
Health	47,860					47,860	47,898
Federal	167					167	156
Non-resident	1,349					1,349	1,044
Workers'							
Compensation							
Board	378					378	386
Other	1,133					1,133	739
Laboratory	52					52	
Radiology	106					106	160
Ambulance	100					100	74
	51,145					51,145	50,457

Schedule A

QUEEN ELIZABETH II HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE

Schedule of Revenues

Operating Fund (Cont'd)

year ended March 31, 1997

	Patient Care	Affiliated Programs	Environ- mental (in thousa	Research	Other	1997 Total	1996 Total
Other							
Contract revenue \$	\$	\$	\$	6,469 \$	\$	6,469	8,335
Preferred							
accommodation	2,943				862	3,805	3,830
Medical							
Education	15	3,357				3,372	3,436
Laboratory	4,897					4,897	4,560
Dietary	61				3,776	3,837	3,684
Ortho/prosthetics	2,253					2,253	1,553
Donations					4,644	4,644	2,594
Psychiatry	2,041					2,041	1,392
Plant	1,160					1,160	1,175
Radiology	769					769	848
Interest					132	132	842
Other	320			459	329	1,108	(49)
Rentals	324				14	338	352
Parking	261				46	307	311
Pharmacy							71
	15,044	3,357		6,928	9,803	35,132	32,934
Total revenues	284,133 \$	14,676 \$	2,804 \$_	6,928 \$	17,025	325,566	327,005

Schedule B

QUEEN ELIZABETH II HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE

Schedule of Expenditures

Operating Fund

	Patient Care	Affiliated Programs	Environ- mental	Research	Other	1997 Total	1996 Total
			(in thousan	ids)			
Compensation	212,410 \$	14,650 \$	2,729 \$	3,492 \$	3,226 \$	236,507 \$	240,657
Medical and surgical							
supplies	24,384	16		12	2	24,414	24,311
Plant and maintenance							
supplies	17,734	45		246	133	18,158	19,876
Drugs	17,071	28		170		17,269	15,600
Purchased service	8,708	91	72	459	348	9,678	7,097
Other	5,718	6	2	897	57	6,680	10,632
Lab Supplies	4,196			58		4,254	4,551
Fees	3,372	169	1	291	2,696	6,529	6,419
Food supplies	3,113	2			1,854	4,969	3,761
Diagnostic imaging	2,518	63		8		2,589	2,627
Travel total	1,137	97		255	48	1,537	1,151
Insurance	1,069					1,069	716
Move					3,402	3,402	
Research overhead				865		865	674
Total expenditures	301,430 \$	15,167 \$	2,804 \$	6,753 \$	11,766 \$	337,920 \$	338,072

Schedule C

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

QUEEN ELIZABETH II HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE

Schedule of Changes in Capital Fund

	1997 Total		1996 Total
Operital Formations	(in th	nousai	nds)
Capital Funding			
Department of	40.000	Φ.	00.040
Health	19,629	\$	20,640
Foundations	1,538		
Other			1,783
\$	21,167	\$	22,423
Capital Expenditures New Halifax Infirmary Building\$ Leasehold	4,504	\$	8,953
improvements	15,781		
Merger	, 		1,779
Re-engineering	2,144		
Other equipment	22,005		10,341
IT equipment	8,170		1,450
\$ <u></u>	52,604	\$	22,523
Amortization of Capital fund		\$	6,178

Schedule D

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

QUEEN ELIZABETH II HEALTH SCIENCES CENTRE

Changes in Non-Cash Working Capital Items

	1997	1996	
	(in thousands)		
Decrease (increase) in			
Accounts receivable	(5,825) \$	(847)	
Due from Nova Scotia Department of Health	809	12,939	
Inventory	(1,214)	(566)	
Prepaid expenses	(31)	315	
Increase (decrease) in			
Accounts payable	23,350	(1,922)	
Due to Nova Scotia Government			
Department of Finance	(2,698)	(470)	
Deferred revenue	(547)	(304)	
Increase in non-cash working capital items	13,844 \$	9,145	

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Resource Recovery Fund Board Inc.

We have audited the statement of financial position of Resource Recovery Fund Board Inc. as at March 31, 1997 and the statement of operations, changes in net assets and changes in financial position for year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

Wе conducted our audit i n accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require plan that we and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the company as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations, changes in net assets and changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

DOANE RAYMOND
Chartered Accountants

Truro, Nova Scotia May 29, 1997

RESOURCE RECOVERY FUND BOARD INC.

Statement of Financial Position

as at March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash	\$ 3,534,079 \$	1,860,560
Trade	2,446,650	23,300
Accrued interest	7,334	8,551
Nova Scotia Resource Recovery Fund	·	511,175
Inventory	46,261	
Prepaids	6,536	2,269
	6,040,860	2,405,855
Property and equipment (Note 3)	754,890	565,224
Organizational costs	559,502	390,617
5	7,355,252 \$	3,361,696
Current Payables and accruals Trade Municipal solid waste diversion Unearned revenue	649,202 2,188,474	
	3,547,012	589,348
Invested in capital assets	1,314,392 1,816,507 677,341	955,841 1,816,507
	3,808,240	2,772,348
\$	5	3,361,696

Commitments (Note 6)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

RESOURCE RECOVERY FUND BOARD INC.

Statement of Operations

Year Ended March 31, 1997

Revenues

Deposits		
Gross revenues from deposits	\$	17,924,600
Less: Goods and Services Tax		(1,172,637)
Unearned revenue:	. <u> </u>	(2,188,474)
		14,563,489
Gross sales of recyclable materials		2,032,062
Stewardship		408,821
Total Revenues		17,004,372
Cost of Sales		
Enviro-depot costs		10,476,211
Local cartage		1,132,409
Regional processing	•	893,846
Used tires		166,246
		12,668,712
Less: Inventory, end of year		46,261
		12,622,451
Gross margin		4,381,921
Administrative and operating expenses (Page 9)		1,795,083
Operating Income		2,586,838
Interest and other income		70,117
Excess of Revenues over Expenses	. \$	2,656,955

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

RESOURCE RECOVERY FUND BOARD INC.

Statement of Changes in Financial Position

Year Ended March 31, 1997

Cash Derived From (Applied to)	1997	Two months ended 1996
Operating Excess of revenues over expenses	2,656,955 \$	
Amortization and depreciation		
	2,918,863	
Change in non-cash operating working capital		
Receivables	(1,910,958)	(543,026)
Inventory	(46,261)	
Prepaids	(4,267)	(2,269)
Payables and accruals	769,190	589,348
Unearned revenue	2,188,474	
	3,915,041	44,053
Investing		
Contribution of net assets from Nova Scotia Resource		
Recovery Fund (Note 5)		2,772,348
Purchase of		
Property and equipment	(362,180)	(565,224)
Organizational costs	(258,279)	(390,617)
	(620,459)	1,816,507
Allocation of net assets to:	(4.440.000)	
Municipal solid waste diversion	(1,149,202)	
Approved programs	(471,861)	
	(1,621,063)	
Net increase in cash	1,673,519	1,860,560
Cash, beginning of year	1,860,560	
Cash, end of year	3,534,079 \$	1,860,560

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

RESOURCE RECOVERY FUND BOARD INC.

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Nature of Operations

The Resource Recovery Fund Board Inc. is a not-for-profit-company established by the Nova Scotia government to manage a substantial portion of the Province's Solid Waste-Resource Management Regulations. In April 1996, the company introduced a beverage container deposit/refund system and in January 1997, a recycling program for used tires.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Depreciation

Rates and bases of depreciation applied to write-off the cost of property and equipment over their estimated lives are as follows:

Building	5%,	straight-line
Field equipment	20%,	straight-line
Office and warehouse equipment	20%,	straight-line
Computer hardware and software	20%,	straight-line
Containers	33 1/3%,	straight-line

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

Unearned revenue

Unearned revenue represents deposits received from distributors for beverage containers that have not been returned for redemption. The amount recorded by the company as unearned revenue consists of sixty (60) days of deposits received from the distributors reduced by an estimated recovery rate.

Organizational costs

Organizational costs for new programs are amortized on a straight-line basis over five years.

Income taxes

The company is exempt from income taxes under Section 149(I)(d) of the Canadian Income Tax Act.

Revenue recognition

Resource Recovery Fund Board Inc. follows the deferral method of accounting for revenue.

3. Property and Equipment

			1997	1996
		Accumulated	Net	Net
	Cost	Depreciation	Book Value	Book Value
Land \$	29,492 \$	\$	29,492 \$	29,492
Building	273,150	13,657	259,493	223,716
Field equipment.	94,824	18,965	75,859	87,470
Office and				
Warehouse				
Equipment	55,467	11,093	44,374	1,675
Containers	254,351	84,775	169,576	134,949
Computer hardware				
and software	220,120	44,024	176,096	87,922
\$_	927,404 \$	172,514 \$	754,890 \$	565,224

4. Bank Indebtedness

The company has a operating line of credit of \$2,500,000, of which all is unused at March 31, 1997.

5. Net Asset Contribution

On February 6, 1996, net assets totalling \$2,772,348, representing contributions from voluntary industry agreements under the Nova Scotia Resource Recovery Fund, were transferred to the Resource Recovery Fund Board Inc. The company invested \$955,841 in capital assets and restricted the remaining \$1,816,507 for future projects. An amount of \$181,860 was not transferred but withheld by the Province for education and awareness.

6. Commitments

The company has entered into agreements to lease a warehouse and vehicles for the next two years. Minimum rent payable for the warehouse and vehicles in aggregate for each of the next two years is as follows:

	,	Warehouse	Vehicles	Total
1998	\$	42,000 \$	16,476 \$	58,476
1999	\$	38,500 \$	6,043 \$	44,543

RESOURCE RECOVERY FUND BOARD INC.

Schedule of Administrative and Operating Expenses

Year Ended March 31, 1997

Board fees and expenses	40,178
Consulting	134,939
Delivery and courier fees	6,779
Depreciation and amortization	261,908
Equipment lease or rent	9,019
Freight	464,336
Insurance	3,446
Interest and bank charges	3,855
Meetings	2,816
Miscellaneous	2,985
Office expense	38,999
Professional fees	217,543
Property taxes	5,495
Public relations	96,079
Rent	28,612
Repairs and maintenance	13,229
Salaries and benefits	276,618
Shipping supplies	18,461
Telecommunications	62,759
Training	1,050
Travel expenses	57,330
Utilities	18,059
Vehicle expense	30,588
\$	1,795,083

RESOURCE RECOVERY FUND BOARD INC.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year Ended March 31, 1997

Net Assets	Invested in Capital Assets	Restricted for Future Projects	Restricted for Approved Programs	Net Revenues	1997	1996
Balance, beginning of year						
(Note 5)\$	955,841 \$	1,816,507 \$	\$	\$	2,772,348 \$	
Excess of revenues over expenses	(261,908)			2,918,863	2,656,955	
Investment in capital assets	620,459			(620,459)		955,841
	1,314,392	1,816,507		2,298,404	5,429,303	955,841
Internally imposed restrictions			1,149,202	(1,149,202)		1,816,507
Payments during the year						
Education and awareness			(334,361)		(334,361)	
Regional coordinators			(137,500)		(137,500)	
Allocation of Municipal solid waste diversion						
Advances				(500,000)	(500,000)	
Payable				(649,202)	(649,202)	
Balance, end of year \$		1,816,507 \$	677,341 \$	\$	3,808,240 \$	2,772,348

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the Sherbrooke Restoration Commission

We have audited the balance sheet of Sherbrooke Restoration Commission as at March 31, 1997 and the statements of revenue and expenditures, fund balances, and changes in financial position for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commission as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles set out in the notes to the financial statements.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE
Chartered Accountants

Halifax, Nova Scotia May 2, 1997

SHERBROOKE RESTORATION COMMISSION

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

		1997		1996
OPERATING FUND				
Assets				
Accounts receivable	. \$	9,484	\$	27,414
Inventory		84,502		72,855
Prepaid expenses		19,771		21,853
	\$	113,757	\$	122,122
Liabilities				
Bank indebtedness		60,858	\$	13,555
Accounts payable	·	40,106		22,439
		100,964		35,994
Fund balance		12,793		86,128
	\$	113,757	\$	122,122
INVESTMENT IN PROPERTY, BUILDINGS AND	FURN	ISHINGS FUND)	
Assets				
Property, buildings and furnishings	\$	3,895,010	\$	3,747,799
Fund balance	. \$	3,895,010	\$	3,747,799

SHERBROOKE RESTORATION COMMISSION

Statement of Revenue and Expenditures

	Budget 1997	Actual 1997	Actual 1996
Revenue			
Operating grants			
Board of Governors of the			
Nova Scotia Museum \$	766,300 \$	766,300 \$	766,300
Capital grants			
Department of Transportation and			
Public Works (Note 3)	100,000	135,718	133,972
Nova Scotia Museum		25,000	32,948
	100,000	160,718	166,920
			100,000
Program revenue (Schedule 2)	243,785	277,288	275,697
Other			
Gate admissions	110,000	92,752	102,597
Interest	13,500	6,320	16,162
Miscellaneous	7,120	3,231	8,353
	130,620	102,303	127,112
Total revenue	1,240,705	1,306,609	1,336,029
Everan differen			
Expenditures Constal operating (Schodule 1)	EG1 200	E07.406	E02 00E
General operating (Schedule 1)	561,300	587,406	583,885
Program (Schedule 2)	579,405	645,327	636,021
Capital	100,000	147,211	154,699
Total expenditures	1,240,705	1,379,944	1,374,605
Net (expenditure) revenue	\$	(73,335) \$	(38,576)

SHERBROOKE RESTORATION COMMISSION

Statement of Fund Balances

	1997	1996
OPERATING FUND		
Balance, beginning of year		124,704 (38,576) 86,128
INVESTMENT IN PROPERTY, BUILDINGS AND FURN Balance, beginning of year		3,593,100
Additions Furnishings and equipment		20,727
Public works	122,211 25,000 147,211	133,972 154,699
Balance, end of year		3,747,799

SHERBROOKE RESTORATION COMMISSION

Statement of Changes in Financial Position

	1997	1996
Net inflow (outflow) of cash related to the following activities:		
Operating		
Net expenditure	(73,335) \$	(38,576)
Add capital expenditures charged to operations	147,211	154,699
	73,876	116,123
Changes in non-cash operating capital items (Note 5)	26,032	(42,495)
	99,908	73,628
Investing		
Additions to property, buildings and furnishings	(147,211)	(154,699)
Net cash outflow	(47,303)	(81,071)
Cash position, beginning of year	(13,555)	67,516
Bank indebtedness, end of year	(60,858) \$	(13,555)

SHERBROOKE RESTORATION COMMISSION

Notes to the Financial Statements

year ended March 31, 1997

1. Description of Operations

The Commission operates the Sherbrooke Village Restoration Project. lt is accountable to the Board of Governors of the Nova Scotia Museum all for disbursements made out of monies received by the Commission.

2. Accounting Policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting policies considered appropriate for organizations of this type. The more significant of these accounting policies are summarized below:

a) Fund Accounting

The assets and liabilities of the Commission are segregated into two funds - Operating and Investment in Property, Buildings and Furnishings. The Operating Fund assets and liabilities are those which are used for the general operations of the Commission. The Investment in Property, Buildings and Furnishings Fund comprises assets of enduring benefit and any related debt.

b) **Depreciation**

Depreciation is not recorded on the property, buildings and furnishings.

c) Property, Buildings and Furnishings

Property, buildings and furnishings reflect all expenditures of the Commission from June 15, 1971 to March 31,1974 and all expenditures of a capital nature thereafter. These capital expenditures have been made by the Commission on behalf of the Province of Nova Scotia, with the Province being the beneficial owner of the assets.

d) Inventory

Inventories of finished goods for resale and raw materials are accounted for at the lower of cost and market (Note 6).

3. Capital Grants - Department of Transportation and Public Works

The Commission receives grants for capital projects from the Nova Scotia Department of Transportation and Public Works. The portion of these grants relating to reimbursement for Workers' Compensation applied directly is to reduce Workers' Compensation expense, rather than to revenue.

4 Pension Plan

The Commission has a defined benefit pension plan which covers all employees. The plan is contributory and provides retirement benefits based on length of service and average earnings as defined. The last actuarial was carried out in 1996, and covered the financial position of the plan as at December 31, 1995. At that time, the assets of the plan amounted to \$594,739 and the liabilities amounted to \$514,341, with the result that the plan had a surplus of \$80,398 at that date.

5. Changes in Non-cash Operating Working Capital Items

	1997	1996
Accounts receivable \$	17,930 \$	(19,150)
Accounts payable	17,667	1,044
Prepaid expenses	2,082	3,650
Deferred revenue		(27,804)
Inventory	(11,647)	(235)
\$	26,032 \$	(42,495)

6. Change in Accounting Policy

During the year ended March 31, 1996, the Commission changed its accounting policy regarding inventories. Inventories previously expensed are now recorded at the lower of cost or market. The effect of this change was to increase the fund balance in the operating fund by \$72,620, representing the inventory on hand at March 31, 1995.

7. Prior Period Adjustment

An error was included in the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 1996. This error caused inventory to be overstated by \$12,353, as well as program expenditures to be understated by the same amount. The 1996 financial statements presented have been restated to correct this error. The effect of this correction has been a decrease in the 1996 net revenue as well as a decrease in the 1996 inventory by the amount of the error.

Schedule 1

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

SHERBROOKE RESTORATION COMMISSION

Schedule of General Operating Expenditures

	Budget	Actual	Actual
	1997	1997	1996
Advertising and brochures \$	12,000	\$ 25,938	\$ 31,830
Bad debts		1,542	(672)
Freight	1,500	2,888	2,469
Heat, light and power	50,000	59,967	50,452
Insurance and taxes	4,800	4,652	3,068
Interest and bank charges	3,000	2,592	2,372
Maintenance supplies	12,000	12,950	15,612
Miscellaneous	4,030	7,850	8,226
Motor vehicles	3,000	3,076	4,504
Office supplies and postage	9,200	8,898	8,145
Sewer and water	39,000	36,452	40,086
Professional fees	4,500	5,233	4,675
Property maintenance and security salaries	114,840	112,912	127,092
Pension plan and other benefits	67,500	61,736	59,653
Salaries and wages - Administration	171,930	172,183	148,958
Staff and Commission training	25,000	13,041	27,062
Special projects wages		8,867	9,442
Telephone	12,000	16,449	14,710
Travel	7,000	13,434	11,191
Workers' compensation	20,000	16,746	15,010
\$_	561,300	\$ 587,406	\$ 583,885

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

SHERBROOKE RESTORATION COMMISSION

Schedule of Program Revenue and Expenditures

year ended March 31, 1997

	1997 Budget	1997 Net Expenditures	1996 Net Expenditures
Blacksmith shop \$	6,870 \$	12,529 \$	8,684
Boat shop	9,420	1,827	1,316
Costume shop	17,600	15,176	15,110
Craft shop	21,090	25,019	681
Emporium	(49,015)	(11,192)	(1,925)
Exhibit operations	16,510	15,712	15,380
Jordan barn	27,675	33,997	28,634
Pottery shop	23,100	23,189	22,607
Restaurant	(2,500)	(1,351)	(2,183)
Print shop	1,000	462	393
Sawmill operations	21,665	22,075	16,203
Ambrotype Studio	6,255	5,764	7,252
Turner shop	20,520	19,181	16,890
Woodworking shop	24,265	15,391	40,790
Education program	(7,500)	(12,760)	(3,941)
Guides	198,665	201,071	194,433
Riverfront project		1,949	
\$	335,620 \$	368,039 \$	360,324
Program expenditures	579,405 \$ 243,785 335,620 \$	645,327 \$ 277,288 368,039 \$	636,021 275,697 360,324

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDER

We have audited the balance sheet of Trade Centre Limited as at March 31, 1997 and the statements of operations and deficit and changes in financial position for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the company as at March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial the whole. The information statements of company taken as а supplementary included in Schedules 1 through 3 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and part of the basic financial statements. not a required Such supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

> KPMG Chartered Accountants

Halifax, Canada June 6, 1997

TRADE CENTRE LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

March 31, 1997, with comparative figures for 1996

ACCETC	1997	1996
ASSETS		
Current assets:	¢.	450 450
Cash	\$,
Short-term investments	3,713,869	3,226,112
Accounts receivable (Note 2)	936,526	724,613
Inventories	78,085	79,763
Prepaid expenses	39,859	41,856
	4,768,339	4,228,497
Portfolio investments	429,850	784,301
Property and equipment (Note 3):		
Land, building, furniture and equipment and		
Tenant leaseholds	33,089,880	33,106,457
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	15,082,695	14,039,209
	18,007,185	19,067,248
\$	23,205,374 \$	24,080,046
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUIT Current liabilities:	1	
	732,959 \$	420.026
Accounts payable		
	2,417,593	2,359,154
Event deposits	276,928	236,975
Deferred revenue	26,874 3,454,354	28,787 3,064,852
	3,434,334	3,004,032
Deferred capital assistance (Note 4)	429,850	784,301
Shareholder's equity: Capital stock:		
Authorized: 1,000,000 common shares without par value		
Issued and outstanding: 100 common shares	100	100
Contributed surplus (Note 5)	45,173,101	45,173,101
Deficit	(25,852,031)	(24,942,308)
	19,321,170	20,230,893
\$_	23,205,374 \$	24,080,046

TRADE CENTRE LIMITED

Statement of Operations and Deficit

Year ended March 31, 1997, with comparative figures for 1996

	1997	1996
Revenues:		
Convention centre (Schedule 1)	4,117,489 \$	4,127,398
Office tower (Schedule 2)	1,779,983	1,872,113
World Trade Centre (Schedule 3)		441,731
_	6,518,664	6,441,242
Expenses:		
Event expenses	2,311,424	2,321,414
Salaries, wages and benefits	1,567,806	1,488,765
Administration	388,950	503,930
Advertising and marketing	347,160	364,856
Maintenance	637,099	641,534
Energy	519,351	514,695
Taxes and Insurance	937,912	945,285
	6,709,702	6,780,479
Loss before amortization and depreciation	(191,038)	(339,237)
Gain on disposal of assets	(15,601)	
Depreciation and amortization	1,060,063	1,078,866
Loss before subsidies and interest income on		
short-term investments	(1,235,500)	(1,418,103)
Halifax Regional Muunicipality operating subsidy (Note 6)	442,763	430,290
Province of Nova Scotia operating surplus (Note 7)	(251,725)	(91,053)
Interest income on short-term investments	134,739	163,807
Loss for the year	(909,723)	(915,059)
Deficit, beginning of year	(24,942,308)	(24,027,249)
Deficit, end of year	(25,852,031) \$	(24,942,308)

TRADE CENTRE LIMITED

Statement of Changes in Financial Position

Year ended March 31, 1997, with comparative figures for 1996

	1997	1996
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operations:		
Loss for the year	(909,723) \$	(915,059)
Depreciation and amortization	1,060,063	1,078,866
Gain on disposal of assets	(15,601)	
Change in non-cash operating working capital	172,841	584,002
-	307,580	747,809
Financing:		
Increase in deferred capital assistance	1,085,000	975,000
Investments:		
Proceeds on disposal of furniture and equipment	15,601	
Disposal of portfolio investments	354,451	(605,966)
Deferred capital assistance used for capital projects	(1,439,451)	(369,034)
Repayment of note receivable	8,423	7,806
	(1,060,976)	(967,194)
Increase in cash	331,604	755,615
Cash, beginning of year	3,382,265	2,626,650
Cash, end of year	3,713,869 \$	3,382,265

Cash position is defined as cash plus short-term investments.

TRADE CENTRE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 1997

The Trade Centre Limited is incorporated under the laws of the Province of Nova Scotia and its principal business activities include the operation of a trade and convention centre and leasing of office and commercial space.

1. Significant accounting policies:

(a) Divisional operations:

The Trade Centre Limited consists of three divisions; the Convention Centre, the World Trade Centre and the Office Tower. Revenue and expenditures are recorded on the accrual basis.

(b) Short-term investments:

Short-term investments are recorded at the lower of cost and market.

(c) Inventories:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

(d) Portfolio investments:

Portfolio investments are recorded at the lower of cost and market.

(e) Property and equipment:

Property and equipment is stated at cost, net of government assistance. Depreciation and amortization is provided on the straight-line basis over the following terms:

Asset

Building 30 years
Furniture and equipment 5 years
Tenant leaseholds Lease term

2. Accounts receivable:

	1997	1996
Convention centre events	391.688 \$	372,225
•	, +	,
Office tower rents	97,325	149,531
Leasehold improvements receivable	260,660	
World Trade Club	59,864	80,960
Note receivable	8,935	17,358
Miscellaneous	161,778	243,646
	980,250	863,720
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(43,724)	(139,107)
\$	936,526 \$	724,613

3. Property and equipment:

		Accumulated Depreciation		
		and	1997	1996
	Cost	Amortization	Net	Net
Land \$	1 :	\$ \$	1	\$ 1
Building	30,259,664	12,342,747	17,916,917	18,925,571
equipment	1,939,123	1,934,061	5,062	13,127
Tenant leaseholds	891,092	805,887	85,205	128,549
\$	33,089,880	\$ 15,082,695 \$	18,007,185	\$ 19,067,248

4. Deferred capital assistance:

The Province of Nova Scotia has allowed the centre to use certain amounts of accrued savings from operations towards future capital projects. An amount of \$985,000 was approved during the year for scheduled projects.

The Halifax Regional Municipality provided a further contribution of \$100,000 toward certain of these scheduled capital projects.

During the year the centre expended an amount of \$1,439,451 of these funds on capital projects.

The remaining balance 31, 1997 \$429,850 at March been reflected deferred capital assistance these financial statements until used purposes intended.

5. Contributed surplus:

	1997	1996
Government of Canada	2,750,000 \$	2,750,000
Halifax Regional Municipality	1,500,000	1,500,000
Province of Nova Scotia	40,923,101	40,923,101
\$	45,173,101 \$	45,173,101

Contributed surplus consists of non-repayable grants from the three levels of government as set forth above to assist in the financing of the capital cost of the project. These grants have been treated as contributed surplus since they have been received by virtue of the Province of Nova Scotia's position as the sole shareholder of the Trade Centre Limited.

6. Operating subsidy from the Halifax Regional Municipality:

Pursuant to the Financing Agreement of May 14, 1982, the Halifax Regional Municipality makes an annual contribution to the operating deficit of the Convention Centre. In this respect, the Trade Centre Limited has recognized the contribution relating to the 1997 fiscal year in these financial statements.

7. Province of Nova Scotia operating surplus:

Province The of Nova Scotia operating surplus represents for the the income before vear depreciation and amortization and interest on short-term income investments.

8. Related party transactions:

The Trade Centre Limited rents significant office tower space to departments and agencies of the Province of Nova Scotia.

For the year ended March 31, 1997, rental revenue and tenant recoveries included \$1,410,113 (1996 -\$1,419,982) received from departments and agencies of the Province of Nova Scotia.

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

TRADE CENTRE LIMITED

Schedule of Revenue and Expenses - Convention Centre

Year ended March 31, 1997, with comparative figures for 1996

	1997	1996
Convention revenue	4,117,489 \$	4,127,398
Expenses:		
Event expenses	1,946,018	2,021,643
Salaries, wages and benefits	1,110,786	1,068,584
Administration	224,953	273,444
Advertising and marketing	334,405	354,992
Maintenance	398,669	366,175
Energy	320,713	316,833
Taxes and insurance	528,829	533,827
	4,864,373	4,935,498
Loss before subsidy	(746,884)	(808,100)
City of Halifax operating subsidy	442,763	430,290
Loss from operations	(304,121) \$	(377,810)

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

TRADE CENTRE LIMITED

Schedule of Revenue and Expenses - Office Tower

Year ended March 31, 1997, with comparative figures for 1996

	1997	1996
Revenue:		
Rental revenue	1,042,955	\$ 1,133,880
Recovery of operating expenses	737,028	738,233
_	1,779,983	1,872,113
Expenses:		
Event expenses	6,354	41,585
Salaries, wages and benefits	212,761	198,541
Administration	28,639	86,003
Maintenance	222,543	250,883
Energy	198,638	197,862
Taxes and insurance	398,939	400,855
	1,067,874	1,175,729
Transfer of operating costs to World Trade Centre	127,173	125,259
_	940,701	1,050,470
Income from operations	839,282	\$821,643

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

TRADE CENTRE LIMITED

Schedule of Revenue and Expenses - World Trade Centre

Year ended March 31, 1997, with comparative figures for 1996

	1997	1996
World Trade Centre revenues	621,192 \$_	441,731
Expenses:		
Event expenses	359,052	258,186
Salaries, wages and benefits	244,259	221,640
Administration	135,358	144,483
Marketing	12,755	9,864
Maintenance	15,887	24,476
Taxes	10,144	10,603
	777,455	669,252
Add transfer of operating costs - Office Tower	127,173	125,259
	904,628	794,511
Loss from operations	(283,436) \$	(352,780)

TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND

Continuity of Transportation Trust Fund

for the year ended March 31, 1997

1997		1996
	\$	 36,048,682.07
35,580,721.59		36,048,682.07
332,468.12		459,535.89
35,248,253.47		35,589,146.18
	\$	36,048,682.07
	35,580,721.59 35,580,721.59 332,468.12 35,248,253.47 35,580,721.59	35,580,721.59 35,580,721.59 332,468.12 35,248,253.47

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND

Transportation Trust Fund Expenditures

for the year ended March 31, 1997

Highway	1997	1996
101	133,479.43 \$	5,102,695.00
102	1,440,888.73	6,663,834.00
103	877,363.63	974,376.00
104	26,166,299.93	19,887,372.18
105	2,576,938.09	1,875,332.00
106	385,310.06	
107	2,102,749.44	
111	56,425.19	13,973.00
118	950,120.60	145,127.00
125	558,678.37	382,134.00
Trunk 4		544,303.00
Total Expenditure	35,248,253.47 \$	35,589,146.18

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder of the Upper Clements Family Theme Park Limited

I have audited the balance sheet of Upper Clements Family Theme Park Limited as at March 31, 1997 and the statement of income and deficit for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance standards require that I plan and whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, well as evaluating the overall as financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at March 31, 1997, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

E.R. SALMON, F.C.A. Auditor General

Halifax, Nova Scotia August 15, 1997

UPPER CLEMENTS FAMILY THEME PARK LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS	1997	7 1996
Current Cash	\$3,105	\$
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,142 8,388
Long-term Disability benefits (Note 2)	38,739	63,432
Equity Capital stock Contributed surplus Deficit	5,667,174) (5,739,362) (72,187)

Contingency (Note 4)

UPPER CLEMENTS FAMILY THEME PARK LIMITED

Statement of Income and Deficit

for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Revenue		
Contributions from the Province (Note 3)	11,142	\$10,000
Expenses		
Maintenance and repairs		1,700
Professional fees		1,492
WCB and LTD benefits (Note 2)	7,876	11,540
Dues and fees	85	365
Miscellaneous	60	82
	8,021	15,179
Less: Adjustment to disability benefits (Note 2)	(28,641)	(8,320)
_	(20,620)	6,859
Net Income.	31,762	3,141
_	31,702	
Deficit, beginning of year	(5,739,362)	(5,742,503)
Deficit, end of year	(5,707,600)	\$(5,739,362)

UPPER CLEMENTS FAMILY THEME PARK LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Authority

The Upper Clements Family Theme Park Limited was created by Order-in-Council #88-17 for the purpose of assisting in the establishment and operation of a family theme park. On April 6, 1994 the Company transferred all of its fixed assets to its shareholder, the Province of Nova Scotia.

The Province has subsequently entered into leasing arrangements with third parties to continue the operations of the park, the latest effective February 1, 1997 to January 31, 2007. Revenue and costs associated with the lease arrangements are included in the accounts of the Province.

The Company's affairs are being managed by staff of the Department of Economic Development and Tourism, and it is not actively involved in the operation of the family theme park.

2 WCB and LTD Benefits

The Company accounts for the estimated long-term liability with associated workers' compensation (WCB) and disability (LTD) long-term benefits of former An adjustment to disability benefits occurs when employees. changes are made to the assumptions used to estimate the long-term liability.

3 Contributions from the Province of Nova Scotia

The Company is economically dependent on contributions from the Province of Nova Scotia to continue operating. The extent to which this assistance will be received in the future has not been determined.

4 Contingent Liability

An action was commenced by an individual for injuries incurred at the park. The likelihood of a payment being made on this claim and the amount involved is unknown.

5 Comparative Figures

Certain prior year's figures have been reclassified to conform with the presentation adopted for the current year.

VICTIMS' ASSISTANCE FUND

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 1997

ASSETS

	1997		1996
Cash	371,002.97	\$	298,421.00
Investments	1,142,341.84	_	1,975,450.00
\$	1,513,344.81	\$_	2,273,871.00
LIABILITIES			
Fund	1,513,344.81	\$_	2,273,871.00

Continuity of Fund for the year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Balance, beginning of year	2,273,871.00 \$	2,108,341.97
Investment income	73,824.93	128,765.60
Bank interest	6,462.57	18,844.97
Fine surcharge revenue	765,160.33	824,225.08
	845,447.83	971,835.65
Disbursements	1,605,974.02	806,306.62
Balance, end of year	1,513,344.81 \$	2,273,871.00

VICTIMS' ASSISTANCE FUND

Note to the Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

Investments at March 31, 1997 consisted of the following:

\$505,000.00 Bank of Nova Scotia Bankers Acceptance	
3.0900% March 6, 1997 to June 4, 1997	501,182.20
\$54,000.00 Royal Bank Bankers Acceptance	
3.1200% Jan 9, 1997 to April 10, 1997	53,583.12
\$570,000.00 Bank of Nova Scotia Bankers Acceptance	
3.0300% March 6, 1997 to April 4, 1997	568,632.00
\$19,000.00 Royal Bank Bankers Acceptance	
3.0500% Feb. 27, 1997 to April 3, 1997	18,944.52
\$	1,142,341.84

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholder of Waterfront Development Corporation Limited

We have audited the balance sheet of Waterfront Development Corporation Limited as at March 31, 1997, and the statements of earnings and deficit and changes in financial position for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at March 31, 1997, and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

DOANE RAYMOND
Chartered Accountants

Halifax, Nova Scotia June 26, 1997

WATERFRONT DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

March 31, 1997

		1997	1996	
ASSETS				
Cash	•	16,828 \$ 82,769 	 49,249 42,018	
Notes receivable (Note 3)		204,959 42,954 18,546,758 15,419	7,073 121,130 17,975,566 	
	\$	18,909,687 \$	18,195,036	
LIABILITIES				
Bank indebtedness		\$ 234,267 5,900,000 6,134,267	59,801 358,187 5,400,000 5,817,988	
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Capital stock (Note 7)	· _	3 1,535,000 13,747,826 (2,507,409) 12,775,420	3 1,155,000 13,747,826 (2,525,781) 12,377,048	
	\$_	18,909,687 \$	18,195,036	

Commitment and contingent liability (Note 9)

WATERFRONT DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED

Statement of Earnings and Deficit

year ended March 31, 1997

B	1997	1996
Revenue	4 702 C70	4 704 074
Rents	1,793,679 \$	1,724,274
Recoveries	49,758	48,898
Interest income	10,934	22,615
Other income	46,177	4 705 707
Province Francisco	1,900,548	1,795,787
Property Expenses	405.004	440.574
Property taxes	105,691	112,571
Operating	318,772	309,683
Depreciation and amortization	255,325	185,197
	679,788	607,451
Income before other items	1,220,760	1,188,336
Corporate expenses		
Directors fees and expenses	41,724	41,758
Doubtful accounts	3,410	15,477
Office operations	46,826	39,720
Professional fees - audit.	6,875	6,875
- consultants	16,855	68,087
-legal	57,018	10,356
Salaries and benefits	266,163	222,409
Waterfront promotions and public relations	78,916	82,335
	517,787	487,017
Loan interest		.0.,0
Expense	316,353	423,626
Contributions from the Province of Nova Scotia	(344,000)	(351,235)
_	(27,647)	72,391
Depreciation on facilities for public access	72,802	89,558
	562,942	648,966
_	55_,51_	0.10,000
Net earnings from operations	657,818	539,370
Writedown in value of property (Note 11)	269,162	
Gain on sale of property	(9,716)	
	259,446	
Net earnings	398,372	539,370
Transfer to General Development Fund (Note 7)	380,000	525,000
Transfer to Deficit	18,372	14,370
Deficit, beginning of year	(2,525,781)	(2,540,151)
Deficit, end of year	(2,507,409) \$	(2,525,781)

WATERFRONT DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED

Statement of Changes in Financial Position

year ended March 31, 1997

	1997	1996
Cash derived from (applied to)		
Operating		
Net earnings	398,372 \$	539,370
Depreciation and amortization	328,127	274,755
Gain on sale of property	(9,716)	
Write down in value of property	269,162	
	985,945	814,125
Change in non-cash operating working capital (Note 10)	(52,665)	(87,783)
Change in her dadir operating working dapital (Note 10)	933,280	726,342
Financing (Increase) Decrease in other receivable	(197,886) 500,000 302,114	4,528 (450,000) 850,000 404,528
Investing		
Purchase of		
Equipment	(7,922)	(1,224)
Real estate and construction projects	. (1,230,843)	(1,526,582)
Proceeds from sale of property	80,000	
	(1,158,765)	(1,527,806)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	76,629	(396,936)
Cash, net of bank indebtedness		
Beginning of year	(59,801)	337,135
End of year	16,828	(59,801)

WATERFRONT DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 1997

1. Nature of Operations

The Corporation was declared a Provincial Crown Corporation by order of His Honour the Lieutenant Governor in Council No. 76-373 dated March 30, 1976.

The Corporation's mission is the stewardship, long-term development and revitalization of Halifax Dartmouth waterfronts, including the the and encouragement promotional activity attract public attention and of use of these areas.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Capitalization

All expenditures directly related to acquisition, renovation and development are included in the cost of real estate.

Government assistance

Government assistance for capital projects are accounted for as a reduction in the capital cost of the applicable project.

Income taxes

As a Provincial Crown Corporation, the Corporation is exempt from income taxes under the provisions of the Income Tax Act.

Depreciation

Building and equipment

Assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful life, but not greater than 50 years, at rates between 2% and 33.3% per annum.

Long-term lease

The cost of the lease referred to in Note 4 is amortized over its term.

Development costs

Costs for projects constructed on Corporation lands are capitalized and depreciated at 2% per annum.

3.	Notes receivable		1997	1996
	Notes receivable bearing interest at a variable rate, repayable in blended monthly payments of \$451, maturing August 1997		2,050 \$	7,073
	Note receivable bearing interest at 7%, repayable in blended monthly payments of \$1,185, maturing March 2002, secured by an assignment of land and building		60,000	
	Note receivable bearing interest at a variable rate calculated annually, repayable in blended monthly payments of \$1,712, maturing June 2006. \$75,000 of the principal amount has been		4.40.000	
	guaranteed by a third party	· · ·	142,909	
		\$	204,959	57,073

4. Real estate and development projects

			1997	1996
		Accumulated	Net Book	Net Book
	Cost	Depreciation	Value	Value
Real estate and development				
projects \$	22,670,882 \$	4,124,124 \$	18,546,758 \$	17,975,566

Included in the cost of real estate is a prepaid long-term lease from the Federal Department of Public Works for a term of 45 years from 1977, with three ten-year renewal options.

5. Credit facility

The Corporation has available a general operating line of credit to a maximum of \$1,000,000 bearing interest at prime. As of March 31,1997, the Corporation has no borrowings on this facility.

6. Loan payable

Demand loan bearing interest at approximately bank prime less one percent. The loan is secured by a guarantee of the Province of Nova Scotia.

7. Capital stock

	1997	1996
Authorized		
5,000 shares without nominal or par value		
Issued:		
3 shares	3 \$	3

The shares are held in trust by representatives of the Province for the Queen in Right of the Province of Nova Scotia.

8. General Development Fund

The Board of Directors has established a fund for future development and promotional projects. Expenditures from this fund will be at their discretion.

9. (i) Commitments

The Corporation has entered into a lease agreement for the Queen's Wharf. Minimum lease payments over the next five years, assuming renewal, are as follows:

1998	10,100
1999	6,500
2000	6,500
2001	6,500
2002	6.500

(ii) Contingent liability

The Corporation is party to a land dispute with respect to the South Battery Property. The amount of the claim is approximately \$340,000. It is expected that any settlement resulting from the dispute will be recovered from third parties. The outcome of the dispute is not determinable at this time.

10. Change in non-cash operating working capital

	1997	1996
Receivables	8,498 \$	(70,481)
Prepaids	78,176	(114,630)
Payables and accruals	(123,920)	100,859
Deferred revenue		(3,531)
Deferred asset	(15,419)	
\$	(52,665) \$	(87,783)

11. Subsequent events

In May 1997, the Corporation sold a property for \$600,000 which approximates net carrying value, after a write down in value of \$269,162 at March 31, 1997.

12. Financial instruments

The fair values cash receivables approximate of and their carrying amounts because of their short term to maturity. The fair value of loans receivable their variable approximate carrying amounts because of interest rates and an insignificant fluctuation in the interest rates for those with fixed rates.

payables The fair values and accruals and note payable approximate carrying amounts because of their short term to maturity and variable interest rate.

13. Employee pension plan

During the year, the Corporation joined a multi-employer pension plan, the Nova Scotia Public Sector Superannuation Plan. The cost of past service benefits was \$21,629 and is being amortized to earnings over the expected average remaining service life of the employee group.

The most recent actuarial valuation of this plan was completed as at March 31, 1995 and includes pension assets of \$1,718,558,000, and pension liabilities of \$1,853,333,000, resulting in a pension deficiency of \$134,775,000. This deficiency will be funded through an increase in participant contributions. The amount applicable to the Corporation is not determinable and should not be significant as its participation includes only three employees.