

### Financial statements

## Pictou County Health Authority

March 31, 2014

## Contents

	Page
Statement of responsibility	
Independent auditor's report	2
Statement of financial position	4
Statement of operations	5
Statement of changes in net debt	6
Statement of cash flows	7
Notes to the financial statements	3
Schedule of tangible capital assets	10

### Management's responsibility for financial reporting

The accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of the management of Pictou County Health Authority (the "Authority") and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants.

In carrying out its responsibilities, management maintains appropriate systems of internal and administrative controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are executed in accordance with proper authorization, that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded, and that financial information produced is relevant and reliable.

The Board met with management and its external auditors to review a draft of the financial statements and to discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the finalized financial statements.

Grant Thornton LLP, as the Board's appointed external auditors, have audited the financial statements. The auditors' report is addressed to the Board of Directors and appears on the following page. Their opinion is based upon an examination conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, performing such tests and other procedures as they consider necessary to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement and present fairly the financial position and results of the Authority in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Chief Executive Officer



Grant Thornton LLP 733 Prince Street Truro, NS B2N 167 T (902) 893-1150 F (902) 893-9757 www.GrantThornton.ca

To the Board of the Pictou County Health Authority

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Pictou County Health Authority, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2014, the statement of operations, changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to an entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Pictou County Health Authority as at March 31, 2014, and results of its operations, changes in fund balances and cash flows the years ended March 31, 2014 in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Truro, Canada June 17, 2014

Chartered Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

# Pictou County Health Authority Statement of financial position

March 31, 2014

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Receivables (Note 4) Other receivables (Note 5) Compensated absences benefits (Note 10)	\$ 479,541 12,615,529 10,452,089 3,242,400 \$ 26,789,559	\$ 611,800 11,798,373 10,186,378 2,910,000 \$ 25,506,551
Liabilities		
Bank overdraft Payables and accruals (Note 6) Deferred revenue (Note 7) Post employment benefits (Note 9) Compensated absences benefits (Note 10)	\$ 1,771,790 13,821,428 356,298 8,358,568 3,242,400 27,550,484	\$ 3,829,784 11,704,922 168,687 8,092,857 2,910,000 26,706,250
Net debt	(760,925)	(1,199,699)
Non-financial assets Inventories Prepaid expenses Tangible capital assets (Page 19)	691,679 169,297 <u>41,361,810</u> <u>42,222,786</u>	610,358 501,979 42,700,306 43,812,643
Accumulated surplus	<u>\$ 41,461,861</u>	\$ 42,612,944

Commitments and contingencies (Notes 13 and 15)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# Pictou County Health Authority Statement of operations

Year ended March 31, 2014			
, and the second	Budget 2014	Actual 2014	Actual 2013
	2017	2014	2010
Revenues			
Nova Scotia Department of Health and Wellness	\$ 69,998,359	\$ 77,632,041	\$ 76,102,673
Charges to MSI	2,601,300	3,293,755	2,855,240
Department of Veterans Affairs	2,181,600	2,194,398	2,045,659
Preferred accommodations and uninsured patients	1,997,500	1,401,079	1,386,765
Rental income	554,400	739,881	732,962
Foundations	-	711,943	1,167,624
Investment income	25,000	23,392	26,327
Laboratory	115,000	98,150	62,523
Project funding		-	85,282
Other income	934,200	2,226,497	1,362,717
	78,407,359	<u>88,321,136</u>	85,827,772
Expenses			
In-patient services	27,005,478	31,287,742	27,598,254
Ambulatory services	13,509,997	14,876,139	14,003,891
Diagnostic and therapeutic services	11,559,938	11,405,012	11,468,743
Support services	15,717,103	17,986,492	17,890,302
Community health services	7,442,832	7,600,706	7,702,331
Rental expenses	824,733	1,133,196	1,070,774
Education and library	661,279	638,738	601,497
Amortization of tangible capital assets	-	3,195,469	2,805,704
Post employment benefits (Note 9)	1,000,000	1,016,325	1,378,919
Compensated absence benefits (Note 10)	300,000	332,400	293,000
	78,021,360	<u>89,472,219</u>	84,813,415
(Deficit) surplus	385,999	(1,151,083)	1,014,357
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	<u>\$ 42,612,944</u>	\$ 42,612,944	\$ <u>41,598,587</u>
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 42,998,943	\$ 41,461,861	\$ 42,612,944

## Pictou County Health Authority Statement of changes in net debt

Year ended March 31		2014	 2013
(Deficit) surplus	\$	(1,151,083)	\$ 1,014,357
Purchase of tangible capital assets, net of disposals Amortization of tangible capital assets		(1,856,973) 3,195,469	(3,808,139) 2,805,704
	B	187,413	 11,922
Changes in other-non financial assets Acquisition of prepaid expenses (net of usage) Acquisition of inventory (net of usage)		332,682 (81,321)	 6,918 (44,453)
	,	251,361	 (37,535)
Decrease (increase) in net debt		438,744	(25,613)
Net debt Beginning of year	_	(1,199,699)	 (1,174,086)
End of year	\$	(760,925)	\$ (1,199,699)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# Pictou County Health Authority Statement of cash flows

Year ended March 31	2014	2013
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		
Operating		
(Deficit) surplus	\$ (1,151,083)	\$ 1,014,357
Amortization of tangible capital assets	3,195,469	2,805,704
	2,044,386	3,820,061
Change in non-cash working capital		
Receivables	(817,156)	(5,423,497)
Inventories	(81,321)	(44,453)
Prepaid expenses	332,682	6,918
Compensated absences benefits	(332,400)	(293,000)
Other receivables	(265,711)	(744,293)
Payables and accruals	2,116,506	2,288,338
Compensated absences benefits	332,400	293,000
Post employment benefits accrual	265,711	744,293
Deferred revenue	<u> 187,611</u>	<u>81,205</u>
	3,782,708	728,572
•		
Financing	(0.000.00.4)	0.050.000
(Repayments) proceeds from bank borrowings	(2,057,994)	2,650,800
Capital		
Purchase of tangible capital assets, net of disposals	(1,856,973)	(3,808,139)
	//	(100 707)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(132,259)	(428,767)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	611,800	1,040,567
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 479,541	\$ 611,800
Cash and Cash equivalents, end of year	Ψ 770,041	Ψ 011,000
Cash and cash equivalents consists of:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 159,762	\$ 295,264
Restricted cash	319,779	<u>316,536</u>
	\$ 479,541	\$611,800
	4	T,000

March 31, 2014

### 1. Nature of operations

Pictou County Health Authority operates several health care facilities including Aberdeen Regional Hospital, Sutherlands Harris Memorial Hospital, and Addictions Services and also offers related community health and continuing care services.

Pictou County Health Authority was formed by the *Health Authorities Act* of the Province of Nova Scotia, as assented to on June 8, 2000. On January 1, 2001, Pictou County Health Authority acquired the assets and assumed the liabilities of the former Northern Regional Health Board related to the facilities and health services referred to above.

The Pictou County Health Authority is a registered charity under the *Income Tax Act* of Canada and therefore, is exempt from income tax.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

### Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants and reflect the following significant policies:

### Contributed services

Volunteers contribute numerous hours to assist the Health Authority in carrying out certain charitable aspects of its service delivery activities. The fair value of these contributed services is not readily determinable and, as such, is not reflected in these financial statements.

### Revenue recognition

Provincial government transfers for operating and capital purposes are recognized as revenue in the period in which all eligibility criteria and/or stipulations have been met and the amounts are authorized. Any funding received prior to satisfying these conditions is deferred until conditions have been met. When revenue is received without eligibility credits or stipulations, it is recognized when the transfer from the Province of Nova Scotia is authorized.

All non-government contribution or grant/revenues that are externally restricted such that they must be used for a specified purpose are recognized as revenue in the period in which the resources are used for the purpose or purposes specified. Any externally restricted inflow received before the criterion has not been met is reported as a liability until the resources are used for the purpose or purposes specified.

Laboratory income and preferred accommodations and uninsured service (which includes in-patient, out-patient, food services and parking revenue) are recognized as revenue when the related service is rendered or goods are provided. Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Investment income is recognized as revenue in the year in which it was earned.

March 31, 2014

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### Inventories

Inventories are recorded at the lower of average cost or replacement value. The Health Authority uses the weighted average cost method to determine stores inventory and the first-in first-out method to determine cost of pharmacy inventory.

### Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost. The cost is amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Buildings	50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Equipment under capital lease	5-20 years

Amortization on construction in progress is not recorded until the projects are completed.

When conditions indicate that a tangible capital asset no longer contributes to the Health Authority's ability to provide goods and services, or that the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital asset is less than its net book value, the cost of the tangible capital asset is reduced to reflect the decline in the asset's value. Write-downs are not reversed.

### Compensation accruals

The Health Authority follows the policy of recording in payables and accruals a liability for vacation pay, accumulated overtime, call back and statutory holiday.

### Retirement and post employment benefits and compensated allowances

The Health Authority provides defined retirement allowances and post-employment benefits and compensated absences to certain employee groups. These benefits include pension, health and dental, retirement allowances and non-vesting sick leave. The Health Authority has adopted the following policies with respect to accounting for these employee benefits:

- i) The costs of post-employment retirement allowances are actuarially determined using management's best estimate of employee retention, retirement ages of employees, salary escalation, other cost escalation, long term inflation and discount rates. Adjustments to these costs arising from changes in estimates and experience gains and losses are amortized to income over estimated average remaining service life of the employee groups on a straight line basis. Plan amendments, including past service costs are recognized as an expense in the period of the plan amendment.
- ii) The costs of post-employment future benefits are actuarially determined using management's best estimate of health care costs, disability recovery rates and discount rates. Adjustments to these costs arising from changes in estimates and experience gains and losses are amortized to income over the estimated average remaining service life of the employee groups on a straight line basis. Plan amendments, including past service costs are recognized as an expense in the period of the plan amendment.
- iii) The costs of multi-employer defined benefit pension are the employer's contributions due to the plan in the period and are accounted for as a defined contribution plan.

March 31, 2014

### Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.

## Retirement and post employment benefits and compensated allowances (continued)

iv) The cost of non-vesting sick leave benefits are actuarially determined using management's best estimate of salary escalation, employees' use of entitlement and discount rates. Adjustments to these costs arising from changes in actuarial assumption and/or experience are recognized over the estimated average remaining service life of the employees.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, balances with banks and short-term investments. Bank overdrafts and short-term borrowings for operating purposes are recorded as financing activities.

### Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting requires the Health Authority's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Certain of these estimates require subjective or complex judgements that may be uncertain. Some of these items include the retirement allowance and health benefit liabilities, sick leave benefits, amortization rates on tangible capital assets and allowances for uncollectible receivables. Actual results could differ from those reported.

### **Financial instruments**

The Health Authority classifies its financial instruments at amortized cost.

This category includes cash and cash equivalents, receivables, other receivables, bank overdraft and payables and accruals. They are initially recognized at cost and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses on financial assets.

Management assess each financial instrument to determine whether there is any impairment losses and if any, are reported in the statement of operations.

Transaction costs related to financial instruments in the amortized cost category are added to the carrying value of the instrument.

There are no unrealized gains or losses therefore the statement of remeasurement gains and losses has not been presented.

#### Restricted cash 3.

The Health Authority has included in its cash and cash equivalents restricted cash totalling \$319,779 (2013 -\$316,536). Restricted cash includes amounts held in trust on behalf of four employees' deferred salary arrangements. An offsetting liability is included in payables and accruals, and will be paid out in accordance with the terms and conditions of the arrangements. Restricted cash also includes cash held in trust under various endowment trusts.

Mai	rch	31	. 2014

Receivables		<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
	\$	206,642	\$ 482,752
Charges to MSI Foundation and auxiliary		213,315	787,710
Harmonized sales tax		450,075	559,482 96,876
Patients		82,038 179,808	176,173
Veterans Affairs Canada		2,139,185	1,104,775
Other		21,001,00	<u> </u>
	\$	3,271,063	\$ <u>3,207,768</u>
ova Scotia Department of Health and Wellness	\$	928,187	\$ 2,948,956
Construction and equipment Settlements and other		8,416,279	5,641,649
Settlements and outer		9,344,466	8,590,605
		40.045.500	\$ 11,798,373
Pledges from the Aberdeen Health Foundation of \$1,088,562 (a angible capital assets are not recorded as accounts receivable.	<u>\$_</u> 2013 - \$895	<b>12,615,529</b> 275) for future	
Pledges from the Aberdeen Health Foundation of \$1,088,562 (angible capital assets are not recorded as accounts receivable.  Other receivables	<u>-</u>		
5. Other receivables	2013 - \$895	275) for future	acquisition o
5. Other receivables  Nova Scotia Department of Health and Wellness  Vacation pay	<u>-</u>	275) for future  2014  2,093,521	201 \$ 2,093,52
Other receivables  Nova Scotia Department of Health and Wellness Vacation pay Retirement allowances	2013 - \$895	275) for future  2014  2,093,521 5,415,040	201 \$ 2,093,52 5,204,88
5. Other receivables  Nova Scotia Department of Health and Wellness  Vacation pay	2013 - \$895	275) for future 2014 2,093,521 5,415,040 2,943,528	201 \$ 2,093,52 5,204,88 2,887,96
Other receivables  Nova Scotia Department of Health and Wellness Vacation pay Retirement allowances	2013 - \$895	275) for future  2014  2,093,521 5,415,040	201 \$ 2,093,52 5,204,88
S. Other receivables  Nova Scotia Department of Health and Wellness Vacation pay Retirement allowances Post-retirement benefits	2013 - \$895	275) for future 2014 2,093,521 5,415,040 2,943,528	201 \$ 2,093,52 5,204,88 2,887,96
Other receivables  Nova Scotia Department of Health and Wellness Vacation pay Retirement allowances	2013 - \$895	2014 2,093,521 5,415,040 2,943,528 10,452,089	201 \$ 2,093,52 5,204,88 2,887,96 \$ 10,186,37
S. Other receivables  Nova Scotia Department of Health and Wellness Vacation pay Retirement allowances Post-retirement benefits  6. Payables and accruals	2013 - \$895	2014 2,093,521 5,415,040 2,943,528 10,452,089 2014 \$ 11,265,994	201 \$ 2,093,52 5,204,88 2,887,96 \$ 10,186,37
Other receivables  Nova Scotia Department of Health and Wellness Vacation pay Retirement allowances Post-retirement benefits	2013 - \$895	2014 2,093,521 5,415,040 2,943,528 10,452,089	201 \$ 2,093,52 5,204,88 2,887,96 \$ 10,186,37

March 31, 2014

7. Deferred revenue	<u>2014</u>	2013
Government grants Capital grants Other	\$ 24,816 315,626 15,856	\$ 24,816 121,873 21,998
	\$ 356,298	\$ 168,687

### 8. Pension plans

The Health Authority contributes to the following pension plans on behalf of its employees:

- (i) a multi-employer defined benefit plan, as administered by the Health Association of Nova Scotia, providing pension benefits to most of its employees. The most recent actuarial valuation was conducted as at April 1, 2012, which indicated a funding surplus.
- (ii) a defined benefit plan, administered by the Province of Nova Scotia. The most recent actuarial valuation was December 31, 2009 and extrapolated to March 31, 2014. At this time, there was an unfunded liability.

The Health Authority's pension expense for the year amounted to \$4,160,223 (2013 - \$4,077,963).

March 31, 2014

### 9. Post employment benefits

Retirement allowances amounts for employees and cost sharing for certain employees on health benefits following retirement are actuarially determined. The Province of Nova Scotia contracts a third party to perform an actuarial valuation for all government departments' agencies and boards. The last actuarial valuation for retiring allowances was conducted as at March 31, 2013. The last actuarial valuation for the health benefits was as at March 31, 2012. These actuarial liabilities as at March 31 were extrapolated based on the latest actuarial valuations.

The retirement allowance and post-retirement health benefit values are calculated by the Department of Finance for the Health Authority. It is calculated using the projected benefit method prorated on services as required under Section 3250 of the Public Sector Accounting Handbook. Experience gains and losses and assumption changes are amortized on a linear basis over the expected average remaining service life of 8-11 years. Annually, results along with values to record the liability and expenses are provided by the Department of Finance. The Department of Finance fully funds this liability, thus an offsetting receivable balance is recorded.

Information respecting the retirement allowances and retirement health benefits is as follows:

	<u>Hea</u>	<u>alth</u>	Retiremen	<u>!</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Accrued benefit plan obligation	\$ <u>(2,553,0</u>	<u>)06)</u> \$_	(6,552,591	) \$ <u>(9</u>	<u>,105,597</u> )	\$ <u>(8</u>	,789,704)
Plan deficit Unamortized actuarial loss (gain)	(2,553,0 (390,5		(6,552,591 _1,137,550	, , ,	,105,597) <u>747,029</u>	(8	3,789,704) 696,837
Total liability	\$ <u>(2,943,</u>	<u>527)</u> \$	(5,41 <u>5,041</u>	) \$ <u>(8</u>	<u>,358,568</u> )	<u>\$_(8</u>	3 <u>,092,857</u> )
The Health Authority's net expense for retireme				_			follows: 533,500
Current year benefit costs Interest on accrued benefit obligation Plan amendment	\$ 122, 100,	958	\$ 421,300 261,349	)	543,500 362,307	\$	394,700 284,200 166, <u>519</u>
Amortized actuarial losses	(51,	<u>509)</u>	162,027	<del>-</del>	<u>110,518</u>		100,319
Retirement and post employment benefits expense	\$ 171,	649	\$ 844,676	\$ <b>\$1</b>	,016,325	\$ <u> </u>	1,378,919

The following actuarial assumptions have been used in the determination of the accrued benefit obligation as at March 31, 2014:

,	Allowances	<u>Benefits</u>
Discount rate Rate of compensation increase Termination rates Rate of coverage increase	4.1% 0.15 – 2.65% 1.2 - 20% N/A	4.1% N/A 0 – 20% 4.5 – 7%

March 31, 2014

### 9. Post employment benefits (continued)

- (i) The actuary for the pension manager assumed that 75% of employees will retire on the date they are first eligible for an unreduced retirement pension, and the remainder will retire on their normal retirement date, which is their 65<sup>th</sup> birthday.
- (ii) The actuary for the health benefits plan manager assumed 75% would retire on the date they are first eligible for an unreduced retirement pension and the remainder will retire at the rate of 5% each at ages 52, 57, 60, 62 and 65. In calculating the post-retirement health benefits liability, it was further assumed that 60% of members will elect family coverage and that 95% of eligible employees will elect to participate.

### 10. Compensated absences

Qualifying employees are entitled to a prescribed number of sick leave days over their employment term. The Health Authority has recognized in these financial statements, the liability associated with accumulated sick leave earned by staff. The Health Authority has also recorded a corresponding receivable from the Province of Nova Scotia which has assumed responsibility for the liability up to March 31, 2014. Compensated absences for qualifying employees are actuarially determined. The Province of Nova Scotia contracts a third party to perform an actuarial valuation for all Health Authorities. The last actuarial valuation for non-vesting sick leave banks usage was as at March 31, 2011. These actuarial liabilities as at March 31 were extrapolated based on the latest actuarial valuation.

		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Accrued benefit plan obligation	\$ <u>(3</u>	3,242,400)	\$ <u>_(</u>	<u>2,924,000)</u>
Plan deficit Unamortized actuarial loss	\$ (3 —	3,317,000) 74,600	\$ (: —	2,924,000) 14,000
Total liability	\$ <u>(3</u>	3,242,400)	\$ <u>(</u> 2	<u>2,910,000)</u>
Current year benefit costs Interest on accrued benefit obligation Unamortized actuarial loss Amounts paid	\$ _	481,000 125,000 1,400 (275,000)	\$	467,000 105,000 14,000 (293,000)
Compensated absences benefit expense	\$_	332,400	\$	293,000

The following actuarial assumptions have been used in the determination of the accrued benefit obligation as at March 31, 2014:

Discount rate	4.1%
Rate of compensation increase	0.15 – 2.65%
Termination rates	0 - 20%

2044

March 31, 2013

### 11. Accumulated surplus

Accumulated surplus is comprised of endowment, internally restricted, general capital and unrestricted.

Endowment balances are restricted by the settlors of the funds. In most cases the original contribution must be maintained in perpetuity, with annual income available for specified operating purposes (primarily staff education). Annual income not spent within designated times becomes externally restricted as part of the fund principal.

The Health Authority board of directors has directed that all net income from the operation of public parking facilities owned by the Health Authority be internally restricted to be used for specific purposes at the direction of the board of directors. All net income from the operation of staff parking facilities owned by the Health Authority are internally restricted to be used for the acquisition of minor equipment as designated by the Health Authority's staff parking committee.

The capital surplus is comprised of amounts invested in capital assets and internally restricted amounts to be used as directed by the board.

		<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Endowment	\$	268,171	\$ 265,377
Capital Internally restricted General capital		32,761 41,361,810	(240,824) 42,700,306
Unrestricted	_	(200,881)	(111,915)
	<u>\$</u>	41,461,861	\$ 42,612,944

### 12. Credit facilities

The Health Authority has a financing arrangement with a financial institution which provides an available operating line of credit totalling \$1,000,000, of which \$Nil is unused at March 31, 2014.

### 13. Commitments

(i) The Health Authority is committed to the following operating and occupancy lease payments in each of the next five fiscal years ended March 31:

2015	\$ 1,124,601
2016	\$ 1,148,455
2017	\$ 1,181,509
2018	\$ 1,186,456
2019	\$ 1,193,329

March 31, 2014

### 14. Related entities

The Health Authority has responsibility for the operation of certain hospitals and health care centres as outlined in Note 1. There are in existence several hospital auxiliaries and foundations, which solicit funds in the name of these particular hospitals and health care centres. These funds are intended by the contributor to assist in the provision of health care and wellness services in the catchment area. The Health Authority is considered to have an economic interest in these foundations and auxiliaries whereby the assets of these organizations may accrue to the benefit of the Health Authority. The amount and nature of these assets at March 31, 2014 are available from the individual financial statements of the related entities.

### 15. Contingencies

- (a) The Health Authority has uncovered environmental contamination (most likely fuel oil) on the Sutherland Harris Memorial Hospital property and adjoining property owned by the Province of Nova Scotia. Cost of, and responsibility for, remediation including any oil underneath Sutherland Harris Memorial Hospital rests with the Province. The Province has committed to fund the monitoring costs for the Sutherland Harris Memorial Hospital property for fiscal 2015. Related risks include uninsured asset impairment, litigation costs and costs for remediation.
- (b) The Health Authority may, from time to time, be involved in legal proceedings, claims and litigation that arise in the normal course of business and which the Health Authority believes would not reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on its financial position.

March 31, 2014

### 16. Financial instrument risk management

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Health Authority if a debtor fails to make payments when due. The Health Authority is exposed to this risk relating to its receivables.

Receivables are ultimately due from the government, third party insurers, patients, foundations and auxiliaries and other health authorities. Credit risk is mitigated by management review of aging and collection of receivables and billings. The Health Authority recognizes a specific allowance for doubtful accounts when management considers the expected amounts to be recovered is lower than the actual receivable.

The Health Authority measures its exposure to credit risk based on how long the amounts have been outstanding. An impairment allowance is set up based on the Health Authority's historical experience regarding collections. The amounts outstanding at year end were as follows:

	Total	0-45 days	4	5-90 days	Š	90-135 days	135	-180 days		>180 days
Charges to MSI	\$ 206,642	\$ 204,602	\$	<b>9</b> 9					\$	1,941
Foundation and Auxiliary	213,315	213,315								
Harmonized sales tax	450,075	450,075								
Patients	282,974	16,272		15,101		11,015		5,062		235,524
Veterans Affairs Canada	179,808	90,418		37					1	89,353
Nova Scotia Department of Health and Wellness	23 038 954	8,963,226								14,075,728
Other receivables	2,233,292	1,328,082		109,459		92,066		68,076		635,609
Less: impairment allowances	(295,042)									(295,042)
Net receivables	\$ 26,310,018	\$ 11,265,990	\$	124,696	\$	103,081	\$	73,138	\$	14,743,113

Patient receivables not impaired are collectible based on the Health Authority's assessment and past experience regarding collection rates.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of market factors. Market factors include three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and equity risk. The Health Authority is not exposed to significant currency or equity risk as it does not transact materially in foreign currency or hold equity financial instruments.

### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the potential for financial loss caused by fluctuations in fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments because of changes in market interest rates.

March 31, 2014

### 16. Financial instrument risk management (continued)

The Health Authority is exposed to this risk through its variable interest bearing bank overdraft. However, management does not feel that this represents a material risk to the Health Authority as fluctuations in market interest rates would not materially impact future cash flows and operations relating to the bank overdraft.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Health Authority will not be able to meet all cash outflow obligations as they come due. The Health Authority mitigates this risk by monitoring cash activities and expected outflows through extensive budgeting and maintaining a bank overdraft credit facility if unexpected cash outflows arise. The following table sets out the contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

Payables and accruals		0-60 days		61-120 days		1-180 days	>181 days		
		13,773,513	\$	185,586	\$	20,896	\$	(158,567)	
Compensated employee absences		_		_		_		3,242,400	
Post employment benefits						**		8,358,568	
	\$	13,773,513	\$	185,586	\$	20,896	\$	11,442,400	

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

### 17. Subsequent event

The authority will remain as its own legal entity until April 1, 2015, the date the nine health authorities will be amalgamated and a new provincial board established.

# Pictou County Health Authority Schedule of tangible capital assets Year ended March 31, 2014

Cost	<u>Land</u>	<u>Land</u> improvements	Buildings and improvements	<u>Equipment</u>	Construction in progress	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Beginning of year	\$27,528	\$1,386,072	\$59,799,108	\$27,270,147	\$2,613,197	\$91,096,052	\$87,287,912
Additions Disposals	-	-	751,605 -	2,395,041 (105,959)	505,755 (1,795,428)	3,652,401 (1,901,387)	6,717,976 (2,909,836)
End of year	\$27,528	\$1,386,072	\$60,550,713	\$29,559,229	\$1,323,524	\$92,847,066	\$91,096,052
Accumulated amortization							
Beginning of year	\$ -	\$464,130	\$25,354,189	\$22,577,427	\$ -	\$48,395,746	\$45,590,042
Amortization Disposals	-	68,531	1,172,337	1,954,601 (105,959)	-	3,195,469 (105,959)	2,805,704
End of year	\$ -	\$532,661	\$26,526,526	\$24,426,069	\$ -	\$51,485,256	\$48,395,746
Net book value	\$27,528	\$853,411	\$34,024,187	\$5,133,160	\$1,323,524	\$41,361,810	\$42,700,306