Financial statements

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission

March 31, 2018

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Independent auditor's report

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To the members of Sherbrooke Restoration Commission

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Sherbrooke Restoration Commission, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2018, and the statements of operations, changes in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Sherbrooke Restoration Commission as at March 31, 2018, and the results of its operations, changes in net debt and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Grant Thornton LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

New Glasgow, Canada June 26, 2018

Year ended March 31				2018		2017
		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		<u>Actual</u>
Revenues						
Operating grants						
Board of Governors of the Nova Scotia Museum	\$	1 747 857	\$	1,758,359	\$	1,747,857
Program revenue (Schedule 2)	Ψ	291,750	Ψ	230,713	Ψ	272,151
Other		,		,		,
Development Society		-		8,179		340
Gate admissions		115,000		129,220		106,444
Government capital maintenance grants Interest		50,000 1,000		56,289 1,056		59,455 538
Miscellaneous		2,000		571		435
Municipal grants		_,				50
Total revenues		2,207,607		2,184,387		2,187,270
Expenses						
General operating (Schedule 1)		1,037,863		834,098		993,026
Program (Schedule 2)		1,083,718		1,184,196		1,091,476
Capital maintenance		86,026		73,974		80,306
Total expenses		2,207,607		2,092,268		2,164,808
	•		•		•	00.400
Annual surplus	\$		\$	92,119	\$	22,462
Accumulated deficit, beginning of year			\$	(288,474)	\$	(310,936)
Annual surplus				92,119		22,462
Accumulated deficit, end of year			\$	(196,355)	\$	(288,474)

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission Statement of operations

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

March 31	2018	2017
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 363,887	\$ 84,930
Inventory for resale	20,458	30,837
Receivables	14,363	17,308
Pension asset (Note 6)	 42,697	
Total financial assets	\$ 441,405	\$ 133,075
Financial liabilities		
Payables	\$ 94,023	\$ 106,041
Deferred revenue (Note 3)	256,063	48,781
Accrued benefit liability (Note 4)	-	288,732
Pension transfer deficit liability (Note 4 and 6)	 <u>305,536</u>	 -
Total financial liabilities	 655,622	 443,554
Net debt	 (214,217)	 (310,479)
Non-financial assets		
Inventory	11,294	20,494
Prepaids	 6,568	 1,511
	 17,862	 22,005
Accumulated deficit	\$ (196,355)	\$ (288,474)

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission Statement of financial position

On behalf of the Board

_ Director _____ Director

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission Statement of changes in net debt

Year ended March 31	Budget	2018	2017
Annual surplus	\$\$	\$ <u> </u>	22,462
Change in other non-financial assets: Inventory Prepaids	-	9,200 (5,057)	6,314 249
	<u> </u>	4,143	6,563
	-	96,262	29,025
Net debt, beginning of year	<u> </u>	(310,479)	(339,504)
Net debt, end of year	\$\$	\$ <u>(214,217</u>) \$	(310,479)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Sherbrooke Restoration Comm Statement of cash flows	issio	n	
Year ended March 31		2018	2017
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			
Operating			
Annual surplus	\$	92,119 \$	22,462
Non-cash items Accrued benefit liability		(288,732)	(27,015)
Pension asset		(42,697)	(21,010)
Pension transfer deficit liability		305,536	<u> </u>
		66,226	(4,553)
Change in non-cash operating working capital		;	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Receivables		2,945	18,872
Inventory		19,579	8,557
Prepaids		(5,057)	249
Payables		(12,018)	(33,303)
Deferred revenue	_	207,282	7,248
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		278,957	(2,930)
Cash and cash equivalents			
Beginning of year		84,930	87,860
End of year	\$	363,887 \$	84,930

See accompanying Notes to the financial statements.

March 31, 2018

1. Nature of operations

The Commission operates the Sherbrooke Restoration Project. It is accountable to the Board of Governors of the Nova Scotia Museum for all disbursements made out of monies received by the Commission.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of accounting

These financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of Chartered Professional Accountants (CPA) Canada.

Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Commission are as follows:

Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires the Commission's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Certain of these estimates require subjective or complex judgements that may be uncertain. Estimates include the post-employment benefits, valuation of inventory and allowances for uncollectible receivables. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and balances with banks and other financial institutions.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded as expenses. Capital expenses since 1974 have been made by the Commission on behalf of the Province of Nova Scotia, with the Province being the beneficial owner of the assets. As of March 31, 2018, the Commission spent \$Nil (2017: \$Nil) on capital items.

Post-employment benefits

The costs of the multi-employer pension plan are the employer's contributions due to the plan in the period and are accounted for as a defined contribution plan.

Revenue recognition

Unrestricted contributions and government grants are recognized as revenue when received or receivable, if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Contributions and government grants that are externally restricted such that they must be used for a specific purpose are recognized as revenue in the period in which the resources are used for the purpose or purposes specified. Any externally restricted inflow received before the criterion has been met is reported as a liability until the resources are used for the purpose or purpose specified.

March 31, 2018

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Government transfers

Government transfers received are recognized in the financial statements as revenue when the transfers are authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met except when there is a stipulation that gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. In that case, the transfer is recorded as a liability and recognized as revenue as the stipulations are met.

Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the annual surplus, provides the change in net debt for the year.

Budget figures

The budget figures contained in these financial statements were approved by the commission on November 9, 2016.

Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue related to operations is recognized as related expenses occur.

Contaminated sites

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability would be recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites would be recognized when the following criteria are met.

- i. An environmental standard exists;
- ii. Contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- iii. The commission is directly responsible, or accepts responsibility; and
- iv. A reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

As of March 31, 2018, there are no known contaminated sites identified.

Financial instruments

The Commission's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables and deferred revenue and are carried at cost which approximates their fair value.

March 31, 2018

3. Deferred revenue		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
Sustainability grant Union negotiations grant Canada 150 celebrations grant Pension transfer deficit liability funding Chimney repairs Deposits for subsequent year programs	\$	- - 246,000 7,700 2,363	\$	30,885 6,634 8,179 - - 3,083
	\$	256,063	\$_	48,781
Deferred revenue reported on the Statement of financial position is made up of the following:				
Balance, beginning of year Contributions from	\$	48,781	\$	41,533
Canada 150 celebrations		-		10,000
Deposits on programs		2,363		3,083
Pension transfer deficit liability funding		246,000		-
Chimney repairs		7,700	-	-
Utilized for:		256,063	-	13,083
Union negotiations		6,634		267
Wardrobe		8,179		1,821
Deposits on programs		3,083		3,747
Sustainability grant	-	30,885	-	
		48,781	-	5,835
Balance, end of year	\$	256,063	\$	48,781

4. Pension Plan

In prior years, the Commission operated a defined benefit pension plan (Pension Plan for Employees of Sherbrooke Restoration Commission) for all permanent employees which provided benefits to employees upon retirement based on length of service and average earnings during employment as defined. The data and plan provisions used to determine the results of March 31, 2017 were the same as the December 31, 2013 funding valuations.

The actuary that provided the accrued benefit asset/liability calculation followed the guidelines outlined in PSAS 3250 for Employee Future Benefits, regarding adjustments to the accrued benefit asset/liability. These guidelines state that any adjustment to the accrued benefit asset/liability should reflect the actual employee contribution made during the fiscal year.

March 31, 2018

4. Pension Plan (continued)

Information regarding the Commission's March 31, 2017 pension plan is as follows:

		<u>2017</u>
Fair value of plan assets Accrued benefit obligation	. ,	0,547 <u>4,142</u>
Funded status – plan deficit	(52	3,595)
Unamortized actuarial loss Employer contributions January to March		7,104 7,759
Accrued benefit liability	\$(28	8,732)

Effective May 1, 2017, assets and liabilities from the Pension Plan for Employees of Sherbrooke Restoration Commission ("original plan") were transferred to the Nova Scotia Public Service Superannuation Plan ("PSSP"). Members of the original plan became members of the PSSP on that date.

Commencing on May 1, 2017, the Commission's only obligation with respect to the PSSP is to remit employer contributions when due. As such, in accordance with CPA PS 3250, the Commission will no longer be required to separately report a pension expense and accrued benefit liability relating to a defined benefit plan.

The asset and liability transfer resulted in a pension transfer deficit liability in the amount of \$305,536 which consisted of a \$246,100 transfer deficit, \$15,135 in interest at 6.15% and costs relating to the valuation of the pension plan upon transfer of \$44,301.

The PSSP is considered a multi-employer pension plan. The Commission accounts for this pension plan as a defined contribution plan whereby no accrued liability is recorded and contributions paid or payable are expensed in the year.

March 31, 2018

5. Financial instruments

Fair value of financial instruments

The book value of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables and deferred revenue approximate fair values at March 31, 2018 due to their short term maturity.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterpart's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Commission's credit risk is attributable to receivables. Management believes that the credit risk with respect to financial instruments included in receivables is low.

Interest rate risk

The Commission does not have any debt outstanding at March 31, 2018. Accordingly, there is no exposure to interest rate risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Commission will be unable to meet its contractual obligations and financial liabilities. The Commission manages liquidity risk by monitoring its cash flows and ensuring that it has sufficient cash available to meets its obligations and liabilities.

6. Subsequent event

Effective May 1, 2018, the pension transfer deficit liability associated with the transfer of the Pension Plan for Employees of Sherbrooke Restoration Commission ("original plan") to the Nova Scotia Public Service Superannuation Plan ("PSSP") was paid in the amount of \$305,536. The repayment consisted of \$246,000 in funding which was received from the Province of Nova Scotia on March 27, 2018, \$42,697 in remaining pension assets from the original plan and the remaining balance was paid using funds from operations.

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission General operating expenses

Schedule 1

Year ended March 31				2018		2017
		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		<u>Actual</u>
Advertising and promotions	\$	32,417	\$	44,711	\$	32,409
Exhibit centre expenses		3,000		851		-
Furnishings and equipment		200		1,800		139
Heat, light and power		69,000		81,637		67,460
Insurance and taxes		700		1,462		1,822
Interest and bank charges		8,500		9,748		9,871
Maintenance supplies		42,000		34,866		47,578
Miscellaneous		10,000		15,789		19,930
Motor vehicles		7,000		7,008		6,728
Office supplies and postage		6,700		14,370		6,726
Professional fees		16,000		19,378		21,956
Property maintenance and security salaries		238,210		259,995		240,812
Pension plan and other benefits		110,000		85,995		151,619
Salaries and wages – administration		317,928		182,913		252,481
Salaries and wages – retroactive		19,461		-		(2,420)
Sewer and water		36,000		37,060		37,060
Staff and commission training and travel		6,000		9,170		94
Visitor services		51,747		32,195		44,389
Telephone		15,000		17,143		15,964
Workers' compensation	-	48,000	-	<u>(21,993</u>)	_	38,408
	\$1	,037,863	\$	834,098	\$	993,026

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission			Schedule 2		
Program revenue and exp Year ended March 31	enses		2018		2017
		<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		<u>Actual</u>
Revenue					
Ambrotype studio	\$	15,000	\$ 9,571	\$	10,749
Blacksmith shop		2,500	1,303		2,871
Wardrobe shop		-	-		-
Weaving shop		500	-		92
Hands on history		30,000	21,845		27,013
Company store (Schedule 3)		92,000	95,477		94,280
Interpreters		14,500	13,907		17,974
Jordan barn		-	-		20
Pottery shop		-	-		-
Restaurant (Schedule 3)		65,000	54,350		58,423
Sawmill operations		250	191		283
Special events		35,000	21,006		29,817
Turner shop Woodworking shop		2,000 35,000	527 12 526		3,093
Woodworking shop	-	35,000	12,536	•	27,536
	-	<u>291,750</u>	230,713	-	272,151
xpenses					
Ambrotype studio		33,668	31,783		33,812
Blacksmith shop		26,847	20,365		13,977
Wardrobe shop		58,599	67,347		55,377
Weaving shop		41,947	42,149		39,257
Hands on history		92,611	114,910		87,677
Company store (Schedule 3)		113,592	117,124		110,417
Interpreters		339,323	387,118		354,468
Jordan barn		64,518	101,747		90,527
Pottery shop		14,395	-		12,594
Restaurant (Schedule 3)		96,289	100,228		90,604
Print shop		500	862		335
Sawmill operations		33,146 14,000	28,943 23,392		31,237
Special events Turner shop		57,842	23,392 49,601		16,253 55,674
Woodworking shop		96,441	98,627		99,267
Woodwonking shop	-	<u> </u>	30,021		00,201
	<u>.</u>	1,083,718	<u>1,184,196</u>		<u>1,091,476</u>
Net expenses	\$	791,968	\$ 953,483	\$	819,325

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission				nedule 3
Retail operations Year ended March 31		2018		2017
Company Store				
Revenue Sales	\$	95,477	¢	94,280
Sales	Ψ	<u> </u>	Ψ	34,200
Cost of goods sold				
Merchandise inventory, opening		17,651		19,109
Purchases		46,838		38,452
Merchandise available for sale		64,489		57,561
Less: Merchandise inventory, ending		17,211		17,651
Cost of goods sold		47,278		39,910
Gross profit		<u>48,199</u>		54,370
Expenses				70 507
Salaries and wages		<u>69,846</u>		70,507
Net loss	\$	(21,647)	\$	(16,137
Restaurant				
Revenue			•	/_ /
Sales	\$	54,350	\$	58,423
Cost of goods sold				
Restaurant inventory, opening		-		695
Purchases		<u>41,635</u>		34,928
Merchandise available for sale		41,635		35,623
Less: Restaurant inventory, ending		-		
Cost of goods cold		44 005		25 000
Cost of goods sold		<u>41,635</u>		35,623
Gross profit		<u>12,715</u>		22,800
Expenses				
Salaries and wages		<u>58,593</u>		54,981
Net loss	¢	(15 879)	¢	(32 191
let loss	\$	(45,878)	\$	(32,1