Financial statements

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission

March 31, 2021

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission

Contents

	Page
Management's responsibility for financial reporting	1
Independent auditor's report	2 - 3
Statement of operations	4
Statement of financial position	5
Statement of changes in net financial assets (debt)	6
Statement of cash flows	7
Notes to the financial statements	8-12
Schedule 1 – General operating expenses	13
Schedule 2 – Program revenue and expenses	14
Schedule 3 – Retail operations	15

Management's responsibility for financial reporting

The accompanying financial statements of the Sherbrooke Restoration Commission are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Commission.

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards as recommended by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada and as such include amounts that are best estimates and judgements of management.

Management is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of these financial statements and for implementing and maintaining a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that reliable financial information is produced.

The Commission is responsible for ensuring that management fulfils its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements.

The Commission meet periodically with management, as well as with the external auditors, to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues, to satisfy themselves that each party is properly discharging their responsibilities, and to review the financial statements and the external independent auditor's report.

The external auditors, Grant Thornton LLP, conduct an independent examination, in accordance with Canadian auditing standards, and express their opinion on the financial statements. The external auditors have full and free access to financial management of the Sherbrooke Restoration Commission and meet when required. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the financial statements.

On behalf of the Sherbrooke Restoration Commission

Executive Director

June 30, 2021

Finance and Retail Manager



Independent auditor's report

Grant Thornton LLP Suite 270, Aberdeen Business Centre 610 East River Road, PO Box 427 New Glasgow, NS B2H 5E5

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To the members of Sherbrooke Restoration Commission

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sherbrooke Restoration Commission ("the Entity"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2021, and the statements of operations, change in net debt and cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sherbrooke Restoration Commission as at March 31, 2021, and its results of operations, its changes in its net debt, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

New Glasgow, Canada June 30, 2021 **Chartered Professional Accountants**

Grant Thornton LLP

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission Statement of operations

Year ended March 31			2021		2020
		Budget	<u>Actual</u>		<u>Actual</u>
Revenues					
Operating grants					
Board of Governors of the Nova Scotia		4 = 4= 4==			
Museum	\$	1,747,857	\$ 	\$	
Program revenue (Schedule 2) Other		80,308	118,680		321,400
Gate admissions		12,600	14,734		103,229
Government capital maintenance grants		1,000,000	982,136		68,186
Interest and other		8,573	1,111		4,785
Emergency support funding		_	100,000		-
Provincial grants			21,273	÷	11,714
Total revenues		2,849,338	2,911,566	_	2,257,171
Expenses					
General operating (Schedule 1)		1,208,923	1,144,974		1,228,023
Program (Schedule 2)		635,938	681,700		1,012,800
Capital maintenance		925,630	971,437	_	90,573
Total expenses		2,770,491	2,798,111	_	2,331,396
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$	78,847	\$ 113,455	\$	(74,225)
Accumulated (deficit) surplus, beginning of year	ar		\$ (43,195)	\$	31,030
Annual surplus (deficit)			113,455		(74,225)
Accumulated surplus (deficit), end of year			\$ 70,260	\$	(43,195)
Accumulated surplus (deficit), end of year			\$ 70,260	\$	(43,19

Sherbrooke Restoration C Statement of financial pos		n	,,,,,,	
March 31		2021		2020
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Inventory for resale Receivables, net of allowance	\$	36,402 31,659 85,944	\$	27,142 38,690
Total financial assets	\$_	154,005	\$	65,832
Financial liabilities				
Bank Indebtedness Payables Deferred revenue (Note 3)	\$	106,960 3,848	\$	12,415 107,421 3,848
Total financial liabilities	in no -i -	110,808	-	123,684
Net financial assets (debt)		43,197		(57,852)
Non-financial assets Inventory Prepaids	-	25,369 1,694		11,059 3,598
Accumulated surplus (deficit)	\$	27,063 70,260	\$	14,657 (43,195)

On behalf of the Board Commission

-Director (/

Director

nto

Com

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission Statement of changes in net financial assets (debt)

Year ended March 31	Budget	2021	2020
Annual (deficit) surplus	\$78,847	\$ <u>113,455</u> \$	(74,225)
Change in other non-financial assets: Inventory Prepaids	<u> </u>	(14,310) <u>1,904</u>	1,718 2,415
		(12,406)	4,133
	2	101,049	(70,092)
Net (debt) financial assets, beginning of year		(57,852)	12,240
Net financial assets (debt), end of year	\$ 78,847	\$ 43,197 \$	(57,852)

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission Statement of cash flows								
Year ended March 31		2021	2020					
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents								
Operating								
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$	113,455 \$	(74,225)					
Change in non-cash operating working capital Receivables		(47.254)	30.746					

Net change in cash and cash equivalents 48,817 (55,648)

Inventory

Prepaids

Payables

Deferred revenue

(18,827)

1,904

(461)

366

2,415

(10,833)

(4,117)

Cash and cash equivalents (bank indebtedness)

Beginning of year

(12,415)

43,233

End of year \$ 36,402 \$ (12,415)

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission Notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2021

1. Nature of operations

The Commission operates the Sherbrooke Restoration Project. It is accountable to the Board of Governors of the Nova Scotia Museum for all disbursements made out of monies received by the Commission.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of accounting

These financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of Chartered Professional Accountants (CPA) Canada.

Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Commission are as follows:

Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires the Commission's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Certain of these estimates require subjective or complex judgements that may be uncertain. Estimates include the valuation of inventory, allowances for uncollectible receivables and sick leave accrual. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and balances with banks and other financial institutions.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded as expenses. Capital expenses since 1974 have been made by the Commission on behalf of the Province of Nova Scotia, with the Province being the beneficial owner of the assets. As of March 31, 2021, the Commission spent \$468,951 (2020: \$Nil) on capital items.

Post-employment benefits

The costs of the multi-employer pension plan are the employer's contributions due to the plan in the period and are accounted for as a defined contribution plan.

Revenue recognition

Unrestricted contributions and government grants are recognized as revenue when received or receivable, if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Contributions and government grants that are externally restricted such that they must be used for a specific purpose are recognized as revenue in the period in which the resources are used for the purpose or purposes specified. Any externally restricted inflow received before the criterion has been met is reported as a liability until the resources are used for the purpose or purposes specified.

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission Notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2021

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue relates to grant revenue which will be recognized in the period in which the revenue has been earned. See Note 3.

Inventory for resale

The cost of inventory comprised all costs of purchase and other cost incurred in bringing inventory to their present location and condition. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business.

Government transfers

Government transfers received are recognized in the financial statements as revenue when the transfers are authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met except when there is a stipulation that gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. In that case, the transfer is recorded as a liability and recognized as revenue as the stipulations are met.

Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the annual surplus, provides the change in net (debt) financial assets for the year.

Budget figures

The budget figures contained in these financial statements were approved by the commission on August 26, 2020.

Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue related to operations is recognized as related expenses occur.

Contaminated sites

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability would be recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites would be recognized when the following criteria are met.

- i. An environmental standard exists;
- ii. Contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- iii. The commission is directly responsible, or accepts responsibility; and
- iv. A reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

As of March 31, 2021, there are no known contaminated sites identified.

Financial instruments

The Commission's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents (bank indebtedness), receivables, payables and deferred revenue and are carried at cost which approximates their fair value.

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission Notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2021

	2021		2020
	908 2,940	_	908 2,940
\$	3,848	\$_	3,848
\$	3,848	\$	7,965
	_	-	908
	3,848	-	8,873
	-		1,304
	-		2,307
	-	-	1,414
***************************************	-	_	<u>5,025</u>
\$	3,848	\$_	3,848
	\$ \$ \$	908 2,940 \$ 3,848 \$ 3,848 	908 2,940 \$ 3,848 \$

4. Pension Plan

Commission employees are members of the Nova Scotia Public Service Superannuation Plan ("PSSP") which is considered a multi-employer pension plan. The Commission accounts for this pension plan as a defined contribution plan whereby no accrued liability is recorded and contributions paid or payable are expensed in the year. During the current year the Commission recorded a pension expense of \$54,406 (2020 - \$56,878).

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission Notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2021

5. Sick Leave

The Commission recognized in these financial statements, the liability associated with accumulated sick leave earned by staff. The actuarial valuation for accumulating and non-vesting sick leave usage was completed as at March 31, 2021.

This evaluation has calculated the benefit obligation for the Commission to be \$16,010 at March 31, 2021.

	2021	2020
Accrued benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$ 1 7,199	\$ 22,720
Actuarial adjustments	-	(4,399)
Current service cost	2,622	2,558
Interest on obligation	402	430
Benefit payments	 (4,213)	 (4,110)
Accrued benefit obligation, end of year	\$ 16,010	 17,199

These actuarial valuations were based on assumptions about future events. The obligation was determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The economic assumptions used in these valuations are the Commission's best estimate of expected rates of:

<u> 2020</u>
2.45%
4.5%
9 – 70
1.9%
2

6. Financial instruments

Fair value of financial instruments

The book value of cash and cash equivalents (bank indebtedness), receivables, payables and deferred revenue approximate fair values at March 31, 2021 due to their short term maturity.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterpart's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Commission's credit risk is attributable to receivables. Management believes that the credit risk with respect to financial instruments included in receivables is low.

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission Notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2021

6. Financial instruments (continued)

Interest rate risk

The Commission does not have any debt outstanding at March 31, 2021. Accordingly, there is no exposure to interest rate risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Commission will be unable to meet its contractual obligations and financial liabilities. The Commission manages liquidity risk by monitoring its cash flows and ensuring that it has sufficient cash available to meets its obligations and liabilities.

7. Impact of COVID-19

On March 11, 2020, COVID-19 was declared a global pandemic. The spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many local economies around the globe. In many countries, including Canada, businesses are being forced to cease or limit operations for long or indefinite periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closures of non-essential services have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown. Global stock markets have also experienced great volatility and a significant weakening. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary and fiscal interventions to stabilize economic conditions.

As a result of public health directives issued in response to COVID-19, the Commission delayed the opening for the 2020 season and reduced the services offered at the Village. In addition to its regular annual funding, the Commission received emergency support funding as well as stimulus funding from the provincial government. This additional funding allowed the Commission to maintain staffing and create additional jobs for Village employees and businesses in the surrounding community.

The Commission has assessed its ability to continue as a going concern. There is no evidence that the annual grant funding will be discontinued and based on a reduced season and reduced services the Commission still expects to operate at a revised balanced budget. At the time of the financial statement date, there is no indications the Commission will have difficulty meeting cash flow needs.

The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses, remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as their impact on the financial position and results of the Commission for future periods.

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission			Sc	he	dule 1	
General operating expenses Year ended March 31				2021		2020
		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Actual
Advertising and promotions Exhibit centre expenses Furnishings and equipment Heat, light and power Insurance and taxes Interest and bank charges Maintenance supplies Miscellaneous Motor vehicles Office supplies and postage Professional fees Property maintenance and security salaries Pension plan and other benefits Receivable allowance Salaries and wages – administration Sewer and water Staff and commission training and travel	\$	10,000 3,000 1,143 92,689 1,000 6,000 59,735 21,200 7,000 13,200 35,000 246,190 116,992 	\$	27,809 1,448 23,983 75,799 1,650 4,640 54,005 22,834 4,642 19,746 22,055 242,571 100,511 32,558 372,333 37,637 7,314	\$	48,665 6,053 2,330 91,844 1,553 9,736 69,248 12,834 9,274 20,220 21,980 258,928 114,571 - 390,735 37,627 41,012
Visitor services Telephone Workers' compensation	\$1	58,123 23,000 15,000	\$_1	59,430 24,349 9,660	\$ <u>1</u>	53,383 24,120 13,910

Sherbrooke Restoration Commission Schedule 2 Program revenue and expenses Year ended March 31 2021 2020

real ended March 31				2021		2020
		Budget		<u>Actual</u>		<u>Actual</u>
Revenue						
Ambrotype studio	\$	-	\$	512	\$	14,999
Blacksmith shop		-		96		4,105
Hands on history		-		-		18,653
Company store (Schedule 3)		21,000		33,278		84,259
Interpreters		28,948		35,217		30,316
Restaurant (Schedule 3)		12,000		9,799		46,517
Sawmill operations		-				121
Special events		3,360		12,016		69,808
Turner shop		-		339		607
Woodworking shop	_	15,000	_	27,423	_	52,015
	_	80,308	_	118,680	_	321,400
Expenses						
Ambrotype studio		24,252		24,474		32,225
Blacksmith shop		20,264		22,477		28,992
Wardrobe shop		22,847		22,432		36,202
Weaving shop		43,381		39,185		40,408
Hands on history		39,179		42,196		76,944
Company store (Schedule 3)		43,971		46,257		91,555
Interpreters		182,686		216,564		329,758
Jordan barn		37,117		24,663		49,160
Pottery shop		-		-		16,447
Restaurant (Schedule 3)		36,544		39,721		84,181
Print shop		1,000		132		309
Sawmill operations		18,270		23,150		21,943
Special events		4,000		10,320		40,436
Turner shop		53,345		55,388		53,548
Woodworking shop	_	109,082	_	114,741	-	110,692
	_	635,938	_	681,700	-	1,012,800
Net expenses	\$_	(555,630)	\$_	<u>(563,020)</u>	\$.	(691,400)

Year ended March 31 2021 2020 Company Store Revenue \$ 33,278 \$ 84,259 Cost of goods sold Merchandise inventory, opening Purchases 23,573 22,943 22,943 Merchandise available for sale Less: Merchandise inventory, ending 42,565 75,425 75,425 Less: Merchandise inventory, ending 25,275 23,573 23,573 Cost of goods sold 17,290 51,852 51,852 Gross profit 15,988 32,407 32,407 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,265 39,703 39,703 Net loss \$ (11,277) \$ (7,296) Restaurant Revenue Sales \$ 9,799 \$ 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Sherbrooke Restoration Commission Retail operations			Schedule 3
Revenue Sales \$ 33,278 \$ 84,259 Cost of goods sold Merchandise inventory, opening Purchases 23,573 22,943 25,482 Merchandise available for sale Less: Merchandise inventory, ending 42,565 75,425 23,573 23,573 Cost of goods sold 17,290 51,852 Gross profit 15,988 32,407 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,265 39,703 Net loss \$ (11,277) \$ (7,296) Restaurant Revenue Sales \$ 9,799 \$ 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	• ·		2021	2020
Sales \$ 33,278 \$ 84,259 Cost of goods sold Merchandise inventory, opening Purchases 23,573 22,943 Purchases 18,992 52,482 Merchandise available for sale Less: Merchandise inventory, ending 42,565 75,425 Less: Merchandise inventory, ending 25,275 23,573 Cost of goods sold 17,290 51,852 Gross profit 15,988 32,407 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,265 39,703 Net loss \$ (11,277) \$ (7,296) Restaurant Revenue Sales \$ 9,799 \$ 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Company Store			
Cost of goods sold				
Merchandise inventory, opening Purchases 23,573 22,943 Purchases 18,992 52,482 Merchandise available for sale Less: Merchandise inventory, ending 42,565 75,425 Less: Merchandise inventory, ending 25,275 23,573 Cost of goods sold 17,290 51,852 Gross profit 15,988 32,407 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,265 39,703 Net loss (11,277) (7,296) Restaurant Revenue Sales 9,799 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Sales	\$	33,278	\$ 84,259
Merchandise inventory, opening Purchases 23,573 22,943 Purchases 18,992 52,482 Merchandise available for sale Less: Merchandise inventory, ending 42,565 75,425 Less: Merchandise inventory, ending 25,275 23,573 Cost of goods sold 17,290 51,852 Gross profit 15,988 32,407 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,265 39,703 Net loss (11,277) (7,296) Restaurant Revenue Sales 9,799 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Cost of goods sold			
Merchandise available for sale Less: Merchandise inventory, ending 42,565	Merchandise inventory, opening		23,573	22,943
Less: Merchandise inventory, ending 25,275 23,573 Cost of goods sold 17,290 51,852 Gross profit 15,988 32,407 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,265 39,703 Net loss \$ (11,277) \$ (7,296) Restaurant Revenue Sales \$ 9,799 \$ 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Purchases		18,992	52,482
Less: Merchandise inventory, ending 25,275 23,573 Cost of goods sold 17,290 51,852 Gross profit 15,988 32,407 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,265 39,703 Net loss (11,277) (7,296) Restaurant Revenue Sales 9,799 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Merchandise available for sale		42.565	75.425
Gross profit 15,988 32,407 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,265 39,703 Net loss \$ (11,277) \$ (7,296) Restaurant Revenue Sales \$ 9,799 \$ 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671			•	
Gross profit 15,988 32,407 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,265 39,703 Net loss \$ (11,277) \$ (7,296) Restaurant Revenue Sales \$ 9,799 \$ 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Cost of goods cold		47 000	54.050
Expenses Salaries and wages 27,265 39,703 Net loss \$ (11,277) \$ (7,296) Restaurant Revenue Sales \$ 9,799 \$ 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Cost of goods sold		17,290	51,852
Salaries and wages 27,265 39,703 Net loss \$ (11,277) \$ (7,296) Restaurant Revenue Sales \$ 9,799 \$ 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Gross profit		15,988	32,407
Net loss \$ (11,277) \$ (7,296) Restaurant Revenue Sales Sales \$ 9,799 \$ 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Expenses			
Restaurant Revenue \$ 9,799 \$ 46,517 Cost of goods sold 12,538 30,500 Purchases 12,739 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Salaries and wages		<u> 27,265</u>	39,703
Revenue Sales \$ 9,799 \$ 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Net loss	\$	(11,277)	\$(7,296)
Revenue Sales \$ 9,799 \$ 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671		•		
Sales \$ 9,799 \$ 46,517 Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Restaurant			
Cost of goods sold Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671				
Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Sales	\$	9,799	\$ <u>46,517</u>
Purchases 12,538 30,500 Gross profit (2,739) 16,017 Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Cost of goods sold			
Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671			12,538	30,500
Expenses Salaries and wages 27,183 53,671	Gross profit		(2 730)	16.017
Salaries and wages <u>27,183</u> 53,671	Cross profit		(Z,1 33)	10,017
	·			
Net loss \$ (29,922) \$ (37,664)	Salaries and wages		<u> 27,183</u>	<u>53,671</u>
	Net loss	\$	(29,922)	\$ (37,664)