



**Nova Scotia Primary Forest Products Marketing Board
Financial Statements (unaudited)
For the Year Ended March 31, 2023**

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Statement of Financial Position

For the year ended March 31	2023	2022
Assets		
Current		
Due from processors (Note 2)	\$ -	\$ -
Due from Province of Nova Scotia (Note 3)	217,140	207,636
	\$ 217,140	\$ 207,636
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ -
Due to bargaining agents (Note 5)	17,782	17,782
	\$ 17,782	\$ 17,782
Net Assets		
Unrestricted Fund	199,358	189,854
	\$ 217,140	\$ 207,636

The information presented herein has not been audited, reviewed or otherwise verified. Readers are cautioned that these statements may not be appropriate for their purposes. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

Nova Scotia Primary Forest Products Marketing Board
Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31	2023	2022
Revenue		
Processing levies	\$ -	\$ -
Interest on fund balance	9,504	4,237
	\$ 9,504	\$ 4,237
Expenses		
	\$ -	\$ -
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 9,504	\$ 4,237
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year	189,854	185,617
FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$ 199,358	\$ 189,854

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Nova Scotia Primary Forest Products Marketing Board
Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities		
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 9,504	\$ 4,237
Items not affecting cash:		
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Due from processors	-	132
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	-
Due from Province of Nova Scotia	(9,504)	(4,370)
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash	-	-
Cash, beginning of the year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash, end of the year	\$ -	\$ -

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Nova Scotia Primary Forest Products Marketing Board
Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2023

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Nature and Purpose of Organization	<p>The Nova Scotia Primary Forest Products Marketing Board "Board" was established in 1972 by the Primary Forest Products Marketing Act.</p> <p>The objectives of the Board are to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">i) to provide for the organization, funding and registration of bargaining agents;ii) to provide for the resolution of bargaining disputes;iii) to facilitate and support the continued development of the forest resources held by private woodlot owners; andiv) to enable private woodlot owners to have a fair share of the available market and receive a reasonable return for the sale of primary forest products.
Basis of Accounting	<p>The financial statements have been prepared using Canadian public sector accounting standards.</p>
Revenue Recognition	<p>The Board follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.</p> <p>Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.</p> <p>Unrestricted net investment income is recognized as revenue when earned. Restricted net investment income is recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.</p>
Income Taxes	<p>Income taxes are not recorded in the financial statements as the Board is a non-profit organization for income tax purposes and therefore its' operations are not taxable.</p>
Financial Instruments	<p>Financial Instruments are recorded at fair value at initial recognition.</p> <p>In subsequent periods, financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable.</p> <p>Financial assets are tested for impairment when indicators of impairment exist.</p> <p>Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items measured at fair value and charged to the financial instrument for those measured at amortized cost.</p>

Nova Scotia Primary Forest Products Marketing Board
Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2023

2. Due from processors

March 31	2023	2022
	\$ -	\$ -

3. Due from Province of Nova Scotia

The Nova Scotia Primary Forest Products Marketing Board is related to other departments, agencies, commissions and boards of the Province of Nova Scotia, and all expenditures are made out of the same account. Funds held by the Province on behalf of the Nova Scotia Primary Forest Products Marketing Board are presented as a receivable in the statement of financial position.

4. Economic Dependence

The Nova Scotia Primary Forest Products Marketing Board was economically dependent on levies from private woodlot owners. No annual processing fees were levied by the board for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023.

5. Due to Bargaining Agents

In 2011 the Nova Scotia Primary Forest Products Marketing Board received funds totalling \$17,782 on behalf of the NS Landowners and Forest Fibre Producers Association. As a result of the failure of the NS Landowners and Forest Fibre Producers Association to comply with the requirement to provide annual audited financial statements to the Board these funds are being held back.

March 31, 2023

6. Financial Instruments

General Objectives, policies, and processes

The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for the determination of the Board's risk management objectives and policies and, while retaining ultimate responsibility for them, it has delegated the authority for maintaining operating processes to representatives of the Province of Nova Scotia. The Board has been inactive, with no Board appointees, since February 26, 2018.

The Board's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks, including credit risk, interest rate risk, and liquidity risk. The Board currently has no financial instruments.

Operating processes continue to be maintained by representatives of the Province of Nova Scotia. Consequently, there have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk, policies or procedures used to manage financial instrument risks.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Board is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument defaults on their financial obligations. The Board's financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk relate primarily to its accounts and contributions receivable from processors.

There have not been any changes in the risk from the prior year.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Board will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk includes the risk that, as a result of operational liquidity requirements, the Board will not have sufficient funds to settle a transaction on the due date; will be forced to sell financial assets at a value, which is less than what they are worth; or may be unable to settle or recover a financial asset. The Board was exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable.

Due to its inactive status, the Board does not currently conduct a planning and budgeting process to help determine the funds required to support the Board's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Board's inactive status has resulted in no operating costs. Financial obligations are paid from the Due from Province of Nova Scotia account.

Liquidity risk has changed from high in prior years to low in the current and prior year as the Board experienced a surplus of revenue over expenditures in the 5 years ending March 31, 2023. The Board's inactive status has resulted in fixed costs being reduced to nil. The balance in the unrestricted fund is adequate to address any liquidity issues over the medium term.